

頤海國際控股有限公司 YIHAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD.

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份代號 Stock Code: 1579

> 2022 Annual Report 年度報告



CONTENTS 目錄

釋義	2
公司資料	10
五年業績回顧	13
董事長報告書	14
管理層討論與分析	17
董事及高級管理層簡介	38
企業管治報告	45
董事會報告	82
環境、社會及管治(ESG)報 告	118
獨立核數師報告	190
綜合資產負債表	198
綜合損益及 其他全面收益表	200
綜合權益變動表	201
綜合現金流量表	202
綜合財務報表附註	203
	公司資料 五年業績回顧 董事長報告書 管理層計論與分析 董事及高級管理層簡介 企業管治報告 董事會報告 環境、社會及管治(ESG)報 告 獨立核數師報告 綜合資產負債表 綜合損他全 變動表 綜合現金流量表

"AGM"	the annual general meeting of the Company to be held in Ma'anshan City, Anhui Province on Thursday, 18 May 2023 at 2:00 p.m. or any adjournment thereof	「股東週年大會」	指	將於2023年5月18日 (星期四)下午二時正於 安徽省馬鞍山市舉行的 本公司股東週年大會或 其任何續會
"Articles of Association"	the articles of association of the Company, as amended from time to time	「組織章程細則」	指	本公司的組織章程細則 (經不時修訂)
"associate(s)"	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules	「聯繫人」	指	具有上市規則所賦予的 涵義
"Audit Committee"	the audit committee of the Board	「審計委員會」	指	董事會轄下的審計委員 會
"Board"	the board of Directors of the Company	「董事會」	指	本公司董事會
"Board Lot"	means the board lot in which the Shares are traded on the Stock Exchange from time to time	「買賣單位」	指	股份不時於聯交所買賣 之一手買賣單位
"Cayman Companies Act"	the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961) of the Cayman Islands, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time	「開曼公司法」	指	開曼群島法例第22章公司法(1961年第3號法例),經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改
"Chengdu Lease Agreement"	the lease agreement dated 7 December 2020 entered into between Chengdu Yueyihai and Sichuan Haidilao in connection with the lease of a parcel of land with the properties and fixtures thereon by Sichuan Haidilao to Chengdu Yueyihai	「成都租賃協議」	指	成都悦頤海與四川海底 撈於2020年12月7日訂 立的租賃協議,內容有 關四川海底撈向成都悦 頤海租賃一幅土地連同 其上的物業及裝置物
"Chengdu Yueyihai"	Chengdu Yueyihai Co., Ltd.* (成都悦頤海商貿有限公司), a limited liability company established in the PRC on 28 April 2014 and an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company	「成都悦頤海」	指	成都悦頤海商貿有限公司,一家於2014年4月 28日在中國成立的有限 責任公司,為本公司的 間接全資附屬公司
"China" or "PRC"	the People's Republic of China and, except where the context requires, references in this annual report to the PRC or China exclude Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan	「中國」	指	中華人民共和國,除非 文義另有所指外,否則 本年報對中國的提述不 包括香港、澳門及台灣

"Companies Ordinance"	the Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time	「公司條例」	指	香港法例第622章《公司條例》,經不時修訂、 補充或以其他方式修改
"Company"	YIHAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. (頤海國際 控股有限公司), an exempted company with limited liability incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 18 October 2013	「本公司」	指	頤海國際控股有限公司,一家於2013年10 月18日在開曼群島註冊 成立的獲豁免有限公司
"Controlling Shareholders"	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules, and unless the context otherwise requires, refers to Mr. Zhang Yong, the non-executive Director, Ms. Shu Ping, (an executive Director and the spouse of Mr. Zhang Yong), ZYSP YIHAI Ltd and SP YH Ltd	「控股股東」	指	具有上市規則所賦予的涵義,除非文義另有所指,否則指張勇先生(非執行董事)、舒萍女士(執行董事及張勇先生的配偶)、ZYSPYIHAI Ltd及SP YH Ltd
"Corporate Governance Code"	the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules	「企業管治守則」	指	上市規則附錄十四所載 《企業管治守則》
"Director(s)"	director(s) of the Company	「董事」	指	本公司董事
"Director(s)" "Financial Statements"	director(s) of the Company the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 as audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers	「財務報表」	指指	本公司董事 經羅兵咸永道會計師事 務所審核,本集團截至 2022年12月31日止年 度的綜合財務報表

"Group"	the Company and its subsidiaries	「本集團」	指	本公司及其附屬公司
"Haidilao"	Haidilao International Holding Ltd., the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 6862)	「海底撈」	指	海底捞国际控股有限公司,其股份於聯交所上市(股份代號:6862)
"Haidilao Customized Products"	the hot pot soup flavoring and Chinese-style compound condiment products manufactured by the Group using formulae owned by the Haidilao Group for use in hot pot restaurants of the Haidilao Group	「海底撈定制產品」	指	本集團使用海底撈集團 擁有的配方製成以在海 底撈集團火鍋餐廳使用 的火鍋底料及中式複合 調味品
"Haidilao Group"	Haidilao and its subsidiaries, the principal business of which is to operate hot pot restaurant chain in the PRC and overseas countries before the Super Hi Spin-off. Upon completion of the proposed Super Hi Spin-off, Super Hi and its subsidiaries ceased to be part of the Haidilao Group	「海底撈集團」	指	海底撈及其附屬公司, 主要業務在特海分拆以 前為在中國及海外國家 經營連鎖火鍋餐廳。在 擬議特海分拆完成後, 特海及其附屬公司不再 為海底撈集團的一部分
"Haidilao Master Sales Agreement"	the master sales agreement dated 7 December 2020, entered into between the Company and Haidilao, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, in relation to the supply of Haidilao Customized Products, Yihai Retail Products and convenient ready-to-eat food products by the Group to the Haidilao Group	「海底撈總銷售協 議」	指	本公司與海底撈(各自 為本身及代表其附屬 公司)訂立日期為2020 年12月7日的總銷售協 議,內容有關由本集團 向海底撈集團供應海底 撈定制產品、頤海零售 產品及方便速食品
"HK\$", "HKD" or "HK dollars" and "cents"	Hong Kong dollars and cents respectively, the lawful currency of Hong Kong	「港元」及「港仙」	分別指	· 香港法定貨幣港元及港 仙
"Hong Kong"	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC	「香港」	指	中國香港特別行政區
"Jingyuan Investment"	Jianyang City Jingyuan Investment Co., Ltd.* (簡陽市靜遠投資有限公司), a limited liability company established in the PRC on 13 March 2009, which is held as to 68% by Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping (the Controlling Shareholders), 32% by Mr. Sean Shi (an executive Director) and his wife	「靜遠投資」	指	簡陽市靜遠投資有限公司,一家於2009年3月 13日在中國成立的有限 責任公司,由張勇先生 及舒萍女士(均為控股 股東)持有68%,由施 永宏先生(執行董事)及 其妻子持有32%

"Joint Venture"	Fuhai (Shanghai) Food Technology Co., Ltd.* (馥海 (上海)食品科技有限公司), a company established in the PRC and a 60%-owned subsidiary of the Company	「合資公司」	指	馥海(上海)食品科技有限公司,一家中國成立的公司,為本公司擁有60%的附屬公司
"Latest Practicable Date"	14 April 2023, being the latest practicable date prior to the printing of this annual report for the purpose of ascertaining the information contained herein	「最後實際可行日 期」	指	2023年4月14日,即本年報付印前確定其中所載若干資料的最後實際可行日期
"Leda Haisheng"	Shanghai Leda Haisheng Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.* (上海樂達海生企業管理諮詢有限公司), a limited liability company established in the PRC on 23 May, 2017, which is held as to approximately 62.70% by Beijing Yihan Consulting Management Co., Ltd.* (北京宜涵諮詢管理有限公司), a company controlled by Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping and approximately 29.70% by Mr. Sean Shi and his wife	「樂達海生」	指	上海樂達海生企業管理 諮詢有限公司,一家於 2017年5月23日在中國 成立的有限責任公司, 分別由北京宜涵諮勇生 理有限公司(由張勇先 生及舒萍女士控制的公司)持有約62.70%及施 永宏先生及其妻子持有 約29.70%
"Listing Date"	the date on which the Shares were listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange, being 13 July 2016	「上市日期」	指	股份於聯交所主板上市 的日期,即2016年7月 13日
"Listing Rules"	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	「上市規則」	指	香港聯合交易所有限公 司證券上市規則
"Macau"	the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC	「澳門」	指	中國澳門特別行政區
"Model Code"	the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules	「標準守則」	指	上市規則附錄十所載 《上市發行人董事進行 證券交易的標準守則》
"Nomination Committee"	the nomination committee of the Board	「提名委員會」	指	董事會轄下的提名委員 會
"Non-competition Undertaking"	the non-competition undertaking entered into between the Company and the Controlling Shareholders on 25 June 2016	「不競爭承諾」	指	本公司與控股股東於 2016年6月25日訂立的 不競爭承諾

"Prospectus"	the prospectus issued by the Company on 30 June 2016	「招股章程」	指	本公司於2016年6月30 日刊發的招股章程
"Remuneration Committee"	the remuneration committee of the Board	「薪酬委員會」	指	董事會轄下的薪酬委員 會
"Renminbi" or "RMB"	Renminbi yuan, the lawful currency of the PRC	「人民幣」	指	中國法定貨幣人民幣元
"RSU"	the restricted share units granted to RSU participants pursuant to the RSU Scheme	「受限制股份單位」	指	根據受限制股份單位計 劃向受限制股份單位參 與者授出的受限制股份 單位
"RSU Scheme"	the RSU scheme approved and adopted by the Company on 24 February 2016 for the grant of RSUs to RSU participants, a summary of the principal terms of which is set out in "Directors' Report – The RSU Scheme" to this annual report	「受限制股份單位 計劃」	指	本公司就向受限制股份單位參與者授出受限制股份單位而於2016年2月24日批准及採納的受限制股份單位計劃,主要條款概要載於本年報「董事會報告書一受限制股份單位計劃」
"SFO"	the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time	「證券及期貨條例」	指	香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》,經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改
"Share(s)"	ordinary share(s) in the share capital of the Company with nominal value of US\$0.00001 each	「股份」	指	本公司股本中每股面值 0.00001美元的普通股
"Shareholder(s)"	shareholder(s) of the Company	「股東」	指	本公司股東
"Shuhai Purchase Agreement"	the purchase agreement dated 7 December 2020 entered into between the Company and Shuhai Supply Chain in relation to the sale of food ingredients by the Shuhai Supply Chain Group to the Group	「蜀海購買協議」	指	本公司與蜀海供應鏈之間訂立的日期為2020年 12月7日的購買協議, 內容有關蜀海供應鏈向 本集團供應食材

釋義

"Shuhai Sales Agreement" the sales agreement dated 7 December 2020 entered into between the Company and Shuhai Supply Chain in relation to the sale of hot pot soup flavoring products, hot pot dipping sauce products and other compound condiment products by the Group to Shuhai Supply Chain Group

「蜀海銷售協議」

本公司與蜀海供應鏈之 間訂立的日期為2020年 12月7日的銷售協議, 內容有關本集團向蜀海 供應鏈銷售火鍋底料產 品、火鍋蘸料產品及其 他複合調味品

"Shuhai Supply Chain"

Shuhai (Beijing) Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd.* (蜀海(北京)供應鏈管理有限責任公司), a limited liability company established in the PRC on 3 June 2014 and is held as to approximately 42.72% by Leda Haisheng, and 26.17% by Jianyang Jinghai Investment Co., Ltd. (簡陽市靜海投資有限公司), a company wholly owned by Jingyuan Investment

「蜀海供應鏈」

蜀海(北京)供應鏈管 理有限責任公司,一家 於2014年6月3日在中 國成立的有限責任公 司,由樂達海生持有約 42.72%及由簡陽市靜 海投資有限公司(靜遠 投資全資擁有的公司) 持有26.17%

"Shuhai Supply Chain Group" Shuhai Supply Chain and its subsidiaries

「蜀海供應鏈集團

指 蜀海供應鏈及其附屬公 司

"Shuhai Warehouse Agreement"

the warehouse storage service agreement dated 7 December 2020 entered into between the Storage Service Company and Shuhai Supply Chain in relation to the provision of warehousing facilities and related services by Shuhai Supply Chain Group to the Group

「蜀海倉儲服務協 議丨

本公司與蜀海供應鏈之 間訂立的日期為2020年 12月7日的倉儲服務協 議,內容有關蜀海供應 鏈集團向本集團提供倉 儲設施及相關服務

"Sichuan Haidilao"

Sichuan Haidilao Catering Co., Ltd. (四川海底撈 餐飲股份有限公司), previously known as Sichuan Jianyang Haidilao Catering Co., Ltd. (四川省簡陽 市海底撈餐飲有限責任公司) a limited company established in the PRC on April 16, 2001, which is owned as to 50% by Jingyuan Investment, 25.50% by Mr. Zhang Yong, 8% by Ms. Hailey Lee (李海燕), 8% by Ms. Shu Ping, 8% by Mr. Sean Shi (施永宏), 0.20% by Ms. Yang Lijuan (楊利娟), 0.10% by Mr. Yuan Huaqiang (袁華強), 0.10% by Mr. Gou Yiqun (苟軼群), 0.06% by Mr. Chen Yong (陳勇) and 0.04% by Mr. Yang Bin (楊賓), and its predecessor (as the case maybe)

「四川海底撈」

四川海底撈餐飲股份有 限公司以及其前身(視 情況而定)(前稱為四川 省簡陽市海底撈餐飲有 限責任公司),一家於 2001年4月16日在中國 成立的有限責任公司, 分別由靜遠投資、張勇 先生、李海燕女士、舒 萍女士、施永宏先生、 楊利娟女士、袁華強先 生、苟軼群先生、陳勇 先生及楊賓先生擁有 50% \ 25.50% \ 8% \ 8% \ 8% \ 0.20% \ 0.10% \ 0.10% \ 0.06%及0.04%

"Sichuan Haidilao Group"	Sichuan Haidilao and its subsidiaries	「四川海底撈集團」	指	四川海底撈及其附屬公司
"Small Hot Pot Products"	the self-serving small hot pot products manufactured and sold by the Joint Venture	「小火鍋產品」	指	合資公司將予生產及銷 售的自加熱小火鍋產品
"SP YH Ltd"	a business company with limited liability incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 30 June 2020, one of the Controlling Shareholders	「SP YH Ltd」	指	一家於2020年6月30 日在英屬處女群島註冊 成立的商業有限責任公 司,為控股股東之一
"Stock Exchange"	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	「聯交所」	指	香港聯合交易所有限公 司
"subsidiary" or "subsidiaries"	has the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules	「附屬公司」	指	具有上市規則所賦予的 涵義
"Super Hi"	SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. (特海国际控股有限公司), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 9658)	「特海」	指	S U P E R H I INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. (特海国际控股有限公司),其股份於聯交所上市(股份代號:9658)
"Super Hi Customized Products"	the hot pot condiment products supplied by the Group using formulae owned by the Super Hi Group for use in the hot pot restaurants of the Super Hi Group	「特海定制產品」	指	本集團使用特海集團擁 有的配方供應在特海集 團火鍋餐廳使用的火鍋 調味料產品
"Super Hi Group"	Super Hi and its subsidiaries	「特海集團」	指	特海及其附屬公司
"Super Hi Master Sales Agreement"	the master sales agreement dated on 12 December 2022 entered into between Super Hi and the Company each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries in relation to the supply of Super Hi Customized Products, Yihai Retail Products and convenient ready-to-eat food products by the Group to the Super Hi Group	「特海總銷售協議」	指	特海與本公司(各自為本身及代表其附屬公司)就本集團向特海集團供應特海定制產品、頤海零售產品及方便速食品訂立日期為2022年12月12日的總銷售協議
"Super Hi Spin-off"	the spin-off of Super Hi from Haidilao by distribution in specie and the separate listing of the shares of Super Hi on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange by way of introduction, which was completed on 30 December 2022	「特海分拆」	指	特海以實物分派方式自 海底撈分拆及以介紹上 市方式於聯交所主板將 特海股份獨立上市,已 於2022年12月30日完 成

"we", "us", "our"	the Company and where the context otherwise requires, the Group	「我們」	指	本公司及(如文義另有 所指)本集團
"Yihai Retail Products"	the retail hot pot soup flavoring, hot pot dipping sauce and Chinese-style compound condiment products manufactured by the Group using formulas the Group owns for display and sale to consumers in hot pot restaurants of the Haidilao Group and the Super Hi Group, which are the same products as those sold by the Group through independent third party distributors	「頤海零售產品」	指	由本集團使用自家擁有配方製成以在海底撈集團及特海集團的火鍋費等所及銷售予消費者的零售火奶式複合的大學。 一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個一個
"Yihai Shanghai"	Yihai (Shanghai) Food Co., Ltd. (頤海(上海)食品有限公司), a foreign investment enterprise established in the PRC on 1 December 2014 and an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company	「頤海上海」	指	順海(上海)食品有限公司,一家於2014年12月1日在中國註冊成立的外資企業,為本公司的間接全資附屬公司
"ZYSP YIHAI Ltd"	a business company with limited liability incorporated in the British Virgin Islands on 10 October 2013, one of the Controlling Shareholders	「ZYSP YIHAI Ltd」	指	一家於2013年10月10 日在英屬處女群島註冊 成立的商業有限責任公 司,為控股股東之一
"US dollars", "USD" or "US\$"	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States	「美元」	指	美國法定貨幣美元
"%"	percentage	「%」	指	百分比

Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Sean Shi (Chairman)

Mr. Guo Qiang (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Sun Shengfeng

Ms. Shu Ping

Mr. Zhao Xiaokai

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zhang Yong

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yau Ka Chi

Mr. Qian Mingxing

Ms. Ye Shujun

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Yau Ka Chi (Chairman)

Mr. Qian Mingxing

Ms. Ye Shujun

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Ye Shujun (Chairman)

Ms. Shu Ping

Mr. Qian Mingxing

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Sean Shi (Chairman)

Mr. Qian Mingxing

Ms. Ye Shujun

董事會

執行董事

施永宏先生(董事長) 郭強先生(首席執行官)

孫勝峰先生

舒萍女士

趙曉凱先生

非執行董事

張勇先生

獨立非執行董事

邱家賜先生

錢明星先生

葉蜀君女士

審計委員會

邱家賜先生(主席)

錢明星先生

葉蜀君女士

薪酬委員會

葉蜀君女士(主席)

舒萍女士

錢明星先生

提名委員會

施永宏先生(主席)

錢明星先生

葉蜀君女士

Corporate Information

公司資料

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Yue Dianhong Ms. Chan Yin Wah

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Sun Shengfeng Ms. Chan Yin Wah

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants and Registered PIE Auditor

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Kirkland & Ellis 26/F. Gloucester Tower The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman KY1 - 1205 Cayman Islands

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

Room 1810 No. 2500 Zhenbei Road Putuo District Shanghai, PRC

聯席公司秘書

岳典宏女士 陳燕華女士

授權代表

孫勝峰先生 陳燕華女士

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 註冊會計師及註冊公眾利益實體核數師

香港法律顧問

凱易律師事務所 香港 中環皇后大道中15號 置地廣場 告羅士打大廈26樓

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman KY1 - 1205 Cayman Islands

公司總部

中國 上海市 普陀區 真北路2500號 1810室

Corporate Information

公司資料

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586 Gardenia Court Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1 - 1100 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Email: tzzgx@yihchina.com

WEBSITE

www. yihchina.com

STOCK CODE

1579

開曼群島主要股份過户登記處和過户代 表

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586 Gardenia Court Camana Bay Grand Cayman, KY1 - 1100 Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

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香港證券登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712至1716號舖

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股份代號

1579

Five-Year Performance Review

五年業績回顧

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR

簡明綜合損益及其他全面收益表

LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(人民幣千元)

(RMB'000)

For the year ended 31 December 裁囚40月24日止年度

			似五	212月31日止年	F度	
		2022 2022年	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	2019 2019年	2018 2018年
	'					
Revenue	收入	6,147,011	5,942,617	5,360,021	4,282,488	2,681,373
Gross profit	毛利	1,853,882	1,923,953	2,090,110	1,641,400	1,038,897
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	1,142,147	1,170,161	1,352,183	1,093,620	730,501
Profit for the year	年內溢利	815,986	857,559	982,861	795,005	547,904
Profit attributable to:	以下人士應佔溢利:					
- Owners of the Company	- 本公司擁有人	741,987	766,201	885,222	718,634	517,793

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL

簡明綜合財務狀況表

POSITION

(人民幣千元)

(RMB'000)

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	<i>I</i> ≈ 12 / 31 fl					
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
		2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年
				,		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,439,808	2,610,121	1,457,298	957,764	580,875
Current assets	流動資產	3,111,485	2,394,957	2,830,036	2,353,987	1,881,164
Total Asset	資產總額	5,551,293	5,005,078	4,287,334	3,311,751	2,462,039
Capital and reserves attributable	本公司擁有人應佔					
to owners of the Company	資本及儲備	4,319,872	3,805,586	3,295,258	2,613,849	2,005,190
Total Equity	權益總額	4,537,021	4,108,736	3,513,587	2,728,147	2,039,721
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	154,439	163,040	68,103	26,742	_
Current liabilities	流動負債	859,833	733,302	705,644	556,862	422,318
Total liabilities	負債總額	1,014,272	896,342	773,747	583,604	422,318
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	5,551,293	5,005,078	4,287,334	3,311,751	2,462,039

Chairman's Statement

董事長報告書

In 2022, the COVID-19 pandemic had a significant impact on the global economy. However, with the optimization and implementation of domestic epidemic prevention and control policies, the consumption market gradually recovered and the economic environment became stable. We continued to carry out organizational innovation, effective methodological exploration and process optimization to solve various uncertainties and challenges we faced in 2022.

Firstly, product R&D has always been one of our important development strategies. In 2022, we further optimized our product R&D organization: our seven innovation committee members led 21 product teams to carry out domestic product R&D; meanwhile, in order to make the combination of production and R&D more effective, the innovation committee members also simultaneously managed the production plants corresponding to relevant product R&D. Looking back on the product R&D work in the past year, we still need to make improvements in the following two aspects:

- 1. Weaknesses are identified in the methodology of the product R&D: Our product quality does not fully satisfy consumers' requirements partly due to our product R&D personnel lacking sufficient capabilities in market research, formulations, production processing, equipment and other related skills. Our Company also needs to lead our product R&D teams to continuously summarize experience, keep learning, and continuously optimize Yihai's R&D methodology. This approach will be a long-term mechanism for our product R&D; and
- 2. Further improvement of the supply chain efficiency is required: In the past year, our five domestic industrial centers began to function well and our industrial chain was gradually extending, but some problems were discovered at the same time. The most prominent issue is how our factory managers can transform their role from production managers into operational managers. In addition, the data management capability of our supply centers also needs to be enhanced. At present, we still have a lot of room for improvement in terms of management and production technology, compared with other advanced factories.

2022年,疫情仍然對經濟造成了較大衝擊,但隨着疫情防控政策優化落實,消費場景逐漸恢復、經濟環境趨於穩定。面對2022年的不確定和挑戰,我們持續開展組織革新、有效的方法論探索及流程制度優化等嘗試,以解決面臨的各類問題。

首先,產品研發一直是我們重視的發展 策略之一。2022年我們對產品研發組織 做了進一步優化,國內由7個創新委員帶 領21個產品小組開展產品研發工作,同 時為了產研結合更加緊密有效,創新委 員也同步管理產品研發方向對應的生產 工廠。回顧過去一年的產品研發工作, 我們仍需在以下二點進行改善:

- 產品研發的方法論有缺失:產品研發人員在市場調研、配方、工藝、設備等相關方面的技能尚不足,直接導致我們的產品與消費者的需求還有很大差距。公司還需引領產品小組不斷總結經驗,持續學習,不斷完善頤海的研發方法論,這也將作為我們產品研發的一項長效機制;及
- 2、 供應鏈端效率還需進一步提升:過去一年內,我們國內的5個產業中心已初具規模,產業鏈延伸也在逐步進行,但同時也暴露出一些問題,其中工廠長如何從生產型廠是轉型這一問題最全體型廠長轉型這一問題最管理能力也需提升,目前看,我們與先進的工廠相比無論從管理還是生產技術上還有很大的進步空間。

Chairman's Statement

董事長報告書

Secondly, the sales system construction is the key to our business development. In 2022, our sales system continued to deepen the sales partner mechanism by adhering to the principle of "aligned interests and disciplined management" ("連住利益,鎖住管理"). At present, four channel managers are led by a sales director in China to carry out training and guidance for our partners. On the other hand, we also continued to pay attention to the data-based assessment of the sales system. Looking back on the sales work in the past year, we still have shortcomings in the establishment of systems, processes and sales methods, such as the processes of product launching and exits, the methods of selecting or acquiring distributors, and the methods of promoting new products. Our management mainly focuses on the three areas, namely the system, the process and the method, among which, the system establishment goes relatively well; the process involves efficiency issue which needs continuous optimization; and the method relies on the accumulation of experience and continuous learning. Currently, our sales management team is a group of young talents that have grown up within Yihai. Therefore, we need to exert more efforts to make up for our lack of experience. In particular, we need to continuously learn the advantages of outstanding players in the industry and digest and utilize them considering Yihai's unique features.

Finally, we have been accumulating strength for overseas expansion, and we have done the following related work:

- 1. We have set up seven product teams in Asia (outside mainland China) and one product team in the European and American markets, under the direct leadership of our marketing director. We hope that the products we develop can better cater the needs of overseas consumers. At present, the operation mechanism of the overseas product group is the same as that in China, and most of the products refer to the existing products in China, and the needs of overseas customers have not been truly explored and satisfied.
- 2. Due to various problems such as language and system proficiency of overseas distributors, the management system of overseas distributors has not reached a high-efficiency standard. At this stage, we are still improving our customer relationship management (CRM) system, which is expected to be completed in June 2023. By then, the system will provide help to our management of the overseas distributors; and

其次,銷售體系建設是我們業務發展的 關鍵。2022年,我們的銷售體系繼續 本着「連住利益,鎖住管理」的原則,繼 續深化銷售合夥人機制。目前,國內由 一個銷售總監帶領四名渠道經理,對合 夥人開展培訓、指導工作;同時,我們 也持續關註銷售體系的數據化考核。回 顧過去一年的銷售工作,我們在制度、 流程及銷售方法的建設上仍有缺欠,例 如:產品的上下市流程、經銷商開發的 方法、新品推廣的方法等,這些都存在 問題。我們的管理主要集中在「制度」、 「流程」和「方法」三部分,其中制度的建 設較為順利;流程涉及效率問題,是一 個需要長期優化的工作;而方法依托於 經驗的積累及不斷的學習,目前我們的 銷售管理團隊是頤海內部成長起來的年 輕一代,所以需要我們更加努力去彌補 經驗的不足,尤其需不斷學習行業內優 秀參與者的優點,並結合頤海自身的特 點加以消化、吸收和運用。

最後,我們一直為海外拓展積蓄力量, 相關的我們做了以下工作:

- 1、我們於亞洲(中國大陸外)設立了七個產品小組,於歐美設立了一個產品小組,由市場總監直接領導,希望研發的產品更能適應海外消費者的需求。目前,海外產品小組運作機制與國內一致,產品也多數參考國內現有產品,尚未真正挖掘和滿足海外客戶的需求;
- 2、海外的經銷商由於語言及使用系統的熟練程度等多方面原因,直接導致了海外經銷商管理體系效率不高。目前我們還在完善CRM系統,預計今年6月能初步完成,屆時會對海外經銷商的管理有所幫助;及

Chairman's Statement

董事長報告書

- 3. In terms of factory construction, the Thailand factory has commenced trial production, while the improvement of the corresponding supply chain system still takes time. The biggest challenge is the construction of the local management team, which requires us to constantly explore methods to integrate management teams under different cultural backgrounds. We have only taken the first step, and there is still a long way to go.
- Looking back on 2022, Yihai's operating results are not to our best satisfaction. This was caused by our inadequate estimation of difficulties and insufficient corresponding solutions to coping with the difficulties. The past would require us to continue to draw lessons from experience. Although the road ahead is full of challenges, we are still looking forward to the future with our dreams and passions, continuous exploration and assiduous learning!
- 3、 工廠建設方面,目前泰國工廠已經 開始試產,但對應的供應鏈體系完 善還需要時間,其中最大的挑戰是 本地管理團隊的建設,需要我們不 斷摸索不同文化背景下的管理團隊 磨合的方法。目前我們僅僅邁出了 第一步,未來的路還很長。

回望2022年, 頤海的經營業績並不能 使我們滿意,這是由於我們對困難的估 計不足,對應的預案也不是很充分造成 的,這要求我們還需不斷總結經驗教 訓。縱然未來的路充滿挑戰,但我們憑 借着夢想和激情,不斷探索、不斷學 習,對未來仍充滿期待!

管理層討論與分析

2022 PERFORMANCE REVIEW

In 2022, despite the pandemic having caused relatively material impact on economic operation, the catering and other contact-type services industries that were heavily affected in the early-pandemic period began to improve, along with the optimization and implementation of the latest pandemic prevention and control policies and the orderly recovery of consumption scenes in the fourth quarter. The overall development of the consumption market showed a positive recovering trend.

During the past year, the Group focused its main business on enhancing the building and management of channel expansion, optimizing the product research and development mechanism, continuously implementing the multi-brand strategy, while at the same time increasing its self-production capacity to optimize supply capability.

With respect of channel building, the Group further strengthened the refined and standardised channel management. On the basis of subchannel management, the Group matched corresponding management models as well as staff and equipment according to the needs of different channels, optimized the "partners" assessment system, and established informatization-based management and intelligent identification systems. At the same time, we adjusted the end prices of some products, gradually increased the coverage of the mass market, and continued to increase the number of sales point and the number of products available for sale. While enhancing the sales performance of the channels, the channel fees utilization efficiency has been improved to enhance the overall operation level.

2022年度業績回顧

2022年,儘管疫情對經濟運行產生了較 大衝擊,但隨着第四季度疫情防控政策 優化落實、消費場景有序恢復,前期受 疫情影響較大的餐飲等接觸型服務消費 開始有所改善,消費市場發展整體呈現 恢復向好趨勢。

2022年,本集團主要業務重點為加強 渠道拓展建設與管理,優化產品研發機 制,繼續落實多品牌戰略,同時新增自 有產能優化供應能力。

在渠道建設方面,本集團進一步加強渠 道精細化、標準化管理,在分渠道間 的基礎上,根據不同渠道需水 的管理模式及人員配備,優化「合夥社」 考核制度,建立信息化管理及智能識 系統等措施,同時調整部份產品, 整步提升下流場覆蓋在提升 集 動度 集 續的同時,提高渠道費用使用效 率,提升渠道整體運營水平。

管理層討論與分析

In terms of product research and development, the Group continued to optimize the "project-based products" system and break through the research and development restrictions and deadlock in category development. Meanwhile, during the research and development process under the guidance of the long-term accumulated and validated "theories of methodology", the key nodes of research and development were implemented, and the research and development team was guided to conduct in-depth research on categories and industries, focusing on the long-term planning of categories and products, enhancing the standards required for launching products to improve the success rate.

在產品研發方面,本集團繼續優化「產品項目制」,打破產品研發邊界限制,突破品類發展僵局。同時,在產品研發過程中,結合經過長期積累及驗證的「方法論」的指導,落實研發關鍵節點,引導研發團隊對品類及行業深度研究,注重品類與產品的長期規劃,強化產品上市標準,以期提高產品上市成功率。

In 2022, the Group continued to implement the multi-brand strategy. In the existing brand matrix, the Group continued the use of Magic Cook (筷手小廚) and Haidilao (海底撈) brands based on product attributes, with emphasis on the combination of brand and product, and further enhanced the brand awareness and realized the Group's multi-brand strategic planning through a variety of publicity and promotion methods, such as display of materials and interactions with consumers.

2022年,本集團繼續執行多品牌策略,在現有品牌矩陣中,根據產品屬性確定「筷手小廚」與「海底撈」品牌的使用,注重品牌與產品相結合,通過物料展示及與消費者互動等多種宣傳推廣方式,進一步提升消費者的對品牌的認知度,實現集團多品牌戰略規劃。

With regards to replenishing supply capability, we continued to expand our production capacity in 2022 according to the market and our own development needs. With the successive commencement of production lines for rice, vermicelli, dipping sauces and cooking packages, the Group gradually increased the proportion of self-production and further improved the control over the stability and safety of products. At the same time, the Group continued to improve the intelligent production capabilities in the factories and optimized the product quality and technical process, with a view to further increasing the overall management efficiency of the supply chain.

在供應能力補充方面,根據市場及自身發展需求,我們在2022年持續擴充產能,隨着米、粉絲、蘸料及料理包產線的陸續投產,逐步提升了集團自產比例,進一步提高了對產品穩定性與至性的把控。同時,本集團不斷提高與工性的把控。同時,本優化產品品質與工智能化生產水平,優化產品品質與工學,以期實現供應鏈整體管理效率進一步提升。

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group recorded a revenue of RMB6,147.0 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 3.4% and a net profit of RMB816.0 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 4.8%.

Sales Channels

The Group continued to be the supplier of hot pot condiment products for the Haidilao Group, the Super Hi Group and their respective subsidiaries, our related parties, while at the same time, we also provided cooking condiment solutions to Chinese family cooking customers, catering service providers and companies in the food industry. As at 31 December 2022, the major products of the Group included hot pot condiments, Chinese-style compound condiments and convenient ready-to-eat food products, and major channels for third-party sales included distributors, e-commerce and catering customers. The Group's business of sales to third-party distributors covered a total of 31 provincial regions in China and Hong Kong-Macau-Taiwan regions and 49 countries and regions overseas.

In 2022, the Group continued the construction and expansion of thirdparty sales channels as the main sales strategy. While adhering to the implementation of refined and standardised management of channels and distributors, the Group optimized the assessment mechanism of "partners" system and further clarified the standardized process of channel management through the combination of process assessment and performance evaluation. The overall operational efficiency was expected to improve with the establishment of an informatization-based management system to achieve accurate and efficient communication through channels. At the same time, by adjusting the prices of some products, the coverage of channels in the mass market was improved, the strengths of existing single products were compacted and the number of products for sale was increased, so as to improve the overall satisfaction of the channels. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the revenue from third-party sales was RMB4,657.4 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 16.2%.

In respect of the development of e-commerce channels, the Group continued to adopt the strategy of enhancing interactive experience of consumers, using the flagship store as the major interactive base for brands, enhancing communication among consumers, and providing more heart-touching shopping experience for consumers. In 2022, the Group formulated targeted marketing plans for different festivals and promotional campaigns as usual. As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 9 flagship stores on the e-commerce platforms including Tmall. com, JD.com and Pinduoduo. The sales revenue of the Group from e-commerce channels for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB332.1 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 3.4%.

業務回顧

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團收入為人民幣6,147.0百萬元,同比增長3.4%;淨利潤為人民幣816.0百萬元,同比降低4.8%。

銷售渠道

本集團持續作為關聯方海底撈集團、特 海集團及彼等各自的附屬公司的火 調味料產品供應商,同時亦為中國 烹飪客戶、餐飲服務供應商以及。 業公司提供烹飪調味料解決方案。 是 2022年12月31日,本集團的主要產品 含火鍋調味料,中式複一電調及 速食等品類,經銷商主要和飲 等為第三方網 的主業務共覆蓋了中國 第三方經銷商銷售業務共覆蓋了中國 第三方經銷商銷售業 例 數 數 和 數 個 省級地區與 港 澳 台 地區 外國 家 和 地區。

電商渠道發展方面,本集團持續以加強 消費者互動體驗為策略方向,以旗艦 店為主要品牌互動陣地,加強消費 通,為消費者提供更為貼心的購物 驗。2022年,本集團依舊根據不同時 時及促銷節點,制定具有針對性,本 方案。截至2022年12月31日止,本 在天貓、京東、拼多多等電商平台 9家旗艦店。本集團截至2022年12月31 日止年度電商渠道的銷售收入 332.1百萬元,同比增長3.4%。

管理層討論與分析

In respect of sales to related parties, the restaurants of the Haidilao Group had experienced suspension of business or dine-in services in some of the stores under the impact of multiple outbreaks of the pandemic and implementation of various preventive and control measures against the pandemic. In 2022, the sales revenue from the Group's related parties was RMB1,489.7 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 23.0%.

在關聯方銷售方面,受疫情多發及疫情防控政策等影響,海底撈集團旗下餐廳存在若干門店短期暫停營業或暫停堂食等情況,在2022年,本集團關聯方的銷售收入為人民幣1,489.7百萬元,同比減少23.0%。

Products

In 2022, the Group fully integrated internal resources. A product research and development system was established synergizing the innovation committee members responsible for overall planning with the product team leaders responsible for in-depth research as well as implementation. The Group coordinated the research and development team in a top-down manner, integrated research and development efforts, and explored new opportunities for product innovation. Through the combination of theory and practice, we continued to summarize and accumulate product development "methodology" to seek breakthroughs in new categories and new products, in order to develop more products that meet market demand and have long cyclical attributes, constantly enrich the product matrix and optimize products structure and enhance the market position of core products. Meanwhile, the Group continued to implement its multi-brand strategy, and gradually enhanced the brand awareness of "Magic Cook" through the joint promotion of the "Haidilao" and "Magic Cook" brands.

In 2022, the Group conducted product promotions with marketing activities in line with various seasonal themes and promotional nodes, and combined online communication and promotional activities to promote product sales persistently. In the first half of the year, we mainly promoted crayfish seasoning, sauerkraut fish seasoning, braised pork seasoning and self-serving rice series. In the second half of the year, we upgraded the flavors and quality of instant rice and self-serving rice, while combining with the use and needs of consumers for constantly enriching the specifications and flavors of hot pot soup flavouring.

In 2022, the Company had added a total of 11 hot pot condiment products, 16 Chinese-style compound condiment products, and 18 convenient ready-to-eat products. At the same time, by reflecting market feedback and shelf sales condition, the sales of some products were suspended and the specifications of some products were integrated. As at 31 December 2022, the Group sold a total of 50 hot pot condiment products, 41 Chinese-style compound condiment products, and 41 convenient ready-to-eat products.

產品

2022年,本集團配合各個季節主題和促銷節點,並結合線上傳播及促銷活動進行產品推廣,不斷提升產品銷量。上半年主推小龍蝦調味料,酸強調味料、紅燒肉調料以及自加熱米飲系列,下半年對乾拌飯及自熱米飯進行口味與品質的升級,同時,結合消費者使用場景與需求,持續豐富火鍋底料規格及口味。

在2022年,本公司共新增了11款火鍋調味料產品,16款中式複合調味料產品,18款方便速食產品,同時,結合產品的市場反饋及動銷情況,停止銷售部份產品並整合了部份產品規格。截至2022年12月31日止,本集團共銷售50款火鍋調味料產品,41款中式複合調味料產品,41款方便速食產品。

管理層討論與分析

The table below sets forth the data on the Group's revenue, sales volume and average selling price by product categories and distribution channels for the periods as indicated:

下表載列於所示期間本集團按產品類別 及經銷渠道劃分的收入、銷量及平均售 價數據:

				PA 1 / 1 C	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
			2022			2021	
			2022年			2021年	
				Average			Average
				selling			selling
				price			price
			Sales	per Kg		Sales	per Kg
		Revenue	volume	每公斤	Revenue	volume	每公斤
		收入	銷量	平均售價	收入	銷量	平均售價
		(RMB'000)	(Tonnes)	(RMB)	(RMB'000)	(Tonnes)	(RMB)
		(人民幣			(人民幣		
	,	千元)	(噸)	(人民幣元)	千元)	(噸)	(人民幣元)
Hot pot condiments (1)	火鍋調味料⑴						
Third parties	第三方	2,263,898	77,625	29.2	1,831,898	63,240	29.0
Related parties	關聯方	1,400,798	70,423	19.9	1,774,938	88,342	20.1
Subtotal	小計 ————————————————————————————————————	3,664,696	148,048	24.8	3,606,836	151,582	23.8
Chinese-style compound condiments (2)	中式複合調味料 ^⑵						
Third parties	第三方	558,449	21,878	25.5	482,683	19,514	24.7
Related parties	關聯方	10,414	401	26.0	47,765	1,879	25.4
Subtotal	小計	568,863	22,279	25.5	530,448	21,393	24.8
- Subitotal	.7 .81	300,003	22,219		330,440	21,000	
Convenient ready-to-eat	方便速食 ^⑶						
food products (3)							
Third parties	第三方	1,791,639	45,752	39.2	1,590,986	40,801	39.0
Related parties	關聯方	78,430	1,938	40.5	112,074	2,619	42.8
Subtotal	小計	1,870,069	47,690	39.2	1,703,060	43,420	39.2
	,						
Others (4)	其他⑷	43,383	12,930	3.4	102,273	32,248	3.2
	λda ≟ l	0.44= 0.45	000.07=		5.040.045	0.46.0.45	
Total	總計	6,147,011	230,947	26.6	5,942,617	248,643	23.9

管理層討論與分析

Notes:

- Mainly including the Group's sales of products such as hot pot soup (1) flavorings and hot pot dipping sauce
- (2)Mainly including the Group's sales of products such as Chinese-style compound condiments and ready-to-eat sauce
- Mainly including the Group's sales of products such as self-serving small hot pots, self-serving rice, brewed vermicelli, and instant rice
- Mainly including the Group's sales of products such as raw materials for (4) trade and packaged goods

The table below sets forth the revenue of the Company in absolute terms and the percentage of the revenue of the Company, by product categories, for the periods as indicated:

附註:

- (1) 主要包含本集團銷售的火鍋底料及火鍋 蘸料產品
- (2)主要包含本集團銷售的中式複合調味料 和即食醬產品
- 主要包含本集團銷售的自加熱小火鍋、 (3)自加熱米飯、沖泡粉及干拌飯產品
- 主要包含本集團銷售的貿易類原材料及 (4) 包裝物等

下表載列所示期間本公司按產品類別劃 分的收入的絕對值及佔本公司收入的百 分比:

		202 2022		202 2021		
			% of		% of	
		RMB'000	revenue 佔收入	RMB'000	revenue 佔收入	
		人民幣千元	百分比	人民幣千元	百分比	
					_	
Revenue from hot pot condiments Revenue from Chinese-style	火鍋調味料收入 中式複合調味料收入	3,664,696	59.6%	3,606,836	60.7%	
compound condiments		568,863	9.3%	530,448	8.9%	
Revenue from convenient	方便速食收入					
ready-to-eat food products		1,870,069	30.4%	1,703,060	28.7%	
Other revenue	其他收入	43,383	0.7%	102,273	1.7%	
Total revenue	總收入	6,147,011	100%	5,942,617	100%	

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The revenue of the Group increased by 3.4% from RMB5,942.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB6,147.0 million for the corresponding period in 2022.

Revenue by product

財務回顧

收入

本集團的收入由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣5,942.6百萬元增加3.4%至2022年同期的人民幣6,147.0百萬元。

按產品劃分的收入

		截全12月31日止年度				
		2022 2022年			2021 2021年	
			% of		% of	
			revenue		revenue	
			from		from	
		Revenue	hot pot	Revenue	hot pot	
		(RMB'000)	condiments	(RMB'000)	condiments	
			佔火鍋		佔火鍋	
		收入	調味料收入	收入	調味料收入	
		(人民幣千元)	百分比	(人民幣千元)	百分比	
Revenue from hot pot condiments products	火鍋調味料產品收入					
Revenue from third parties	來自第三方收入	2,263,898	61.8%	1,831,898	50.8%	
Revenue from related parties	來自關聯方收入	1,400,798	38.2%	1,774,938	49.2%	
Total revenue from hot pot condiment	s					
products	火鍋調味料產品總收入	3,664,696	100%	3,606,836	100%	

管理層討論與分析

Revenue from hot pot condiments products increased by 1.6% from RMB3,606.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB3,664.7 million for 2022, accounting for 59.6% of the revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022. Revenue from sales of hot pot condiment products to related parties decreased by 21.1% as compared to the previous year. The decrease was mainly due to the suspension of business or dine-in services and the reduction in customer flow of some restaurants of related parties in Mainland China as a result of the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic. Revenue from sales of hot pot condiments products to third parties increased by 23.6% as compared to the previous year. The increase was mainly due to the growth in sales volume of certain hot pot soup flavoring products following the adjustment of end-point selling prices.

火鍋調味料產品所得收入由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣3,606.8百萬元增加1.6%至2022年年度的人民幣3,664.7百萬元,佔截至2022年12月31日止年度收入的59.6%。其中,向關聯方銷售火鍋調味料產品收入同比減少21.1%,減少原因主要是新冠疫情暫停營業或暫停堂食及客流量減少所及入同比增長23.6%,增長原因主要是部份火鍋底料產品終端價格調整後銷量上升。

			似王 I Z 月 3 I 口止牛及			
		20	2022		2021	
		2022年		202	2021年 % of	
			% of			
		revenue from		revenue from		
			Chinese-style	Chinese-style		
		Revenue	compound	Revenue	compound	
		(RMB'000)	condiments	(RMB'000)	condiments	
			佔中式複合		佔中式複合	
		收入	調味料收入	收入	調味料收入	
		(人民幣千元)	百分比	(人民幣千元)	百分比	
Revenue from Chinese-style compound	中式複合調味料收入					
condiments	本方签一 →此 1	550 440	00.00/	400.000	04.00/	
Revenue from third parties	來自第三方收入	558,449	98.2%	482,683	91.0%	
Revenue from related parties	來自關聯方收入	10,414	1.8%	47,765	9.0%	
Total account from Objects and the	九十五人 知叶如杨小					
Total revenue from Chinese-style	中式複合調味料總收入					
compound condiments		568,863	100%	530,448	100%	

管理層討論與分析

Revenue from Chinese-style compound condiments increased by 7.2% from RMB530.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB568.9 million for 2022, accounting for 9.3% of the revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022. Revenue from sales of Chinese-style compound condiments to related parties decreased by 78.2%, the decrease was mainly due to the of COVID-19 pandemic, which resulted in a decrease in retail product sales of stores under the companies of related parties, and revenue from sales of Chinese-style compound condiments to third parties increased by 15.7%. The increase was mainly due to the upgrade of the condiment products and the launch of new products.

中式複合調味料所得收入由截至2021年 12月31日止年度的人民幣530.4百萬元 增加7.2%至2022年年度的人民幣568.9 百萬元,佔截至2022年12月31日止年度 收入的9.3%。其中,向關聯方銷售中式 複合調味品收入減少78.2%,減少原因 主要是新冠疫情影響關聯方公司門店零 售產品銷售減少所致;向第三方銷售中 式複合調味料收入增長15.7%,增長原 因主要是調味料產品升級及新品上市。

		赵王12月31日 正千皮				
		2022 2022年			2021 2021年	
		2022		202		
			% of		% of	
			revenue		revenue	
			from		from	
		convenient ready-to-			convenient	
					ready-to-	
		Revenue	eat food	Revenue	eat food	
		(RMB'000)	products	(RMB'000)	products	
		` ,	佔方便速食	,	佔方便速食	
		收入	產品收入	收入	產品收	
		(人民幣千元)	百分比	(人民幣千元)	入百分比	
Revenue from convenient ready-to-eat food products	方便速食產品收入					
Revenue from third parties	來自第三方收入	1,791,639	95.8%	1,590,986	93.4%	
Revenue from related parties	來自關聯方收入	78,430	4.2%	112,074	6.6%	
Total revenue from convenient	方便速食產品總收入					
ready-to-eat food products	刀 火心 尽 任 旧 高 人人	1,870,069	100%	1,703,060	100%	

管理層討論與分析

Revenue from convenient ready-to-eat food products increased by 9.8% from RMB1,703.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB1,870.1 million for 2022, accounting for 30.4% of the revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022. Revenue from sales of convenient ready-to-eat food products to related parties decreased by 30.0%, and revenue from sales of convenient ready-to-eat food products to third parties increased by 12.6%. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in demand for convenient ready-to-eat food products during the spread of COVID-19 pandemic.

Revenue by distribution network

方便速食產品所得收入由截至2021年12 月31日止年度的人民幣1,703.1百萬元增 加9.8%至2022年年度的人民幣1,870.1 百萬元, 佔截至2022年12月31日止年度 收入的30.4%。其中,向關聯方銷售方 便速食產品收入減少30.0%;向第三方 銷售方便速食產品收入增長12.6%,該 上升歸因於方便速食受新冠疫情爆發影 響需求增長。

按經銷網絡劃分的收入

		2022 2022年		2021 2021年	
			% of		% of
		Revenue	total	Revenue	total
		(RMB'000)	revenue	(RMB'000)	revenue
		收入	佔總收入	收入	佔總收入
		(人民幣千元)	百分比	(人民幣千元)	百分比
Related party customers	關聯方客户				
Haidilao Group, Super Hi	海底撈集團、				
International Group and	特海國際集團、				
Shuhai Supply Chain Group	蜀海供應鏈集團	1,489,651	24.2%	1,935,018	32.6%
Third party customers	第三方客户	1,409,031	24.2 /0	1,933,010	32.070
Distributors	デーガタケ 經銷商	4,300,513	70.0%	3,648,339	61.4%
E-commerce	電商	, ,	5.4%	321,291	5.4%
Others	其他	332,091	J. 4 70	321,291	5.470
		04.750	0.40/	07.000	0.00/
Third party catering enterprises	第三方餐飲企業	24,756	0.4%	37,360	0.6%
One-off sales activities	一次性銷售活動	-	0.0%	609	0.0%
Total revenue	總收入	6,147,011	100%	5,942,617	100%

管理層討論與分析

In 2022, under the impact of multi-outbreaks of COVID-19 pandemic together with the preventive and control policies against pandemic, some restaurants of the Haidilao Group, a related party of the Company, suspended business or suspended dining-in services in certain stores for a short period of time. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the sales revenue from sales to related parties was RMB1,489.7 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 23.0%.

2022年受疫情多發及疫情防控政策等影響,本公司關聯方海底撈集團旗下餐廳存在若干門店短期暫停營業或暫停堂食等情況,截至2022年12月31日止年度向關聯方銷售的銷售收入為人民幣1,489.7百萬元,同比減少23.0%。

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the sales revenue from sales to distributors was RMB4,300.5 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 17.9%; and the sales revenue from e-commerce channels was RMB332.1 million, representing a year-on-year increase of 3.4%.

截至2022年12月31日止年度向經銷商銷售的銷售收入為人民幣4,300.5百萬元,同比增長17.9%;電商渠道的銷售收入為人民幣332.1百萬元,同比增長3.4%。

Revenue by geographic region

按地域劃分的收入

The table below sets forth the revenue by geographic regions of the Group for the periods as indicated:

下表列示了本集團於所示期間以地域劃 分的收入:

For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

			2022 2022年 % of		
		20223			2021年 % of
		(RMB'000)	revenue 佔收入	(RMB'000)	revenue 佔收入
		(人民幣千元)	百分比	(人民幣千元)	百分比
Northern China (5)	華北⑸	2,707,534	44.1%	2,494,343	42.0%
Southern China (6)	華南6	3,088,220	50.2%	3,145,006	52.9%
Other markets	其他市場	351,257	5.7%	303,268	5.1%
Total	合共	6,147,011	100%	5,942,617	100%

Notes:

- (5) Including Heilongjiang, Jilin, Liaoning, Inner Mongolia, Beijing, Tianjin, Hebei, Shandong, Shanxi, Henan, Ningxia, Shaanxi, Gansu, Qinghai, Xinjiang and Tibet
- (6) Including Jiangsu, Shanghai, Zhejiang, Anhui, Jiangxi, Fujian, Hubei, Hunan, Guangdong, Chongqing, Guizhou, Guangxi, Sichuan, Yunnan and Hainan

附註:

- (5) 包括黑龍江、吉林、遼寧、內蒙古、北京、天津、河北、山東、山西、河南、寧夏、陝西、甘肅、青海、新疆及西藏
- (6) 包括江蘇、上海、浙江、安徽、江西、 福建、湖北、湖南、廣東、重慶、貴 州、廣西、四川、雲南及海南

管理層討論與分析

Cost of Sales

The Group's cost of sales, including raw materials, employee benefit expenses, depreciation and amortization and utilities, increased by 6.8% from RMB4,018.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB4,293.1 million for 2022. The increase in cost of sales was mainly due to the increase in the price of certain raw materials.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

銷售成本

本集團的銷售成本(包括原材料、僱員 福利開支、折舊及攤銷及公用事業)由 截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣 4.018.7百萬元增加6.8%至2022年度的 人民幣4,293.1百萬元,銷售成本的上升 主要是由於部分原材料價格上漲所致。

毛利及毛利率

		2022 2022年		2021 2021年	
		Gross			Gross
		Gross	profit	Gross	profit
		profit	margin	profit	margin
		毛利	毛利率	毛利	毛利率
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	%
Hot pot condiments	火鍋調味料	1,273,682	34.8%	1,304,891	36.2%
Third parties	第三方	1,092,304	48.2%	929,346	50.7%
Related parties	關聯方	181,378	12.9%	375,545	21.2%
Chinese-style compound condiments	中式複合調味料	183,381	32.2%	182,572	34.4%
Third parties	第三方	181,519	32.5%	173,178	35.9%
Related parties	關聯方	1,862	17.9%	9,394	19.7%
Convenient ready-to-eat food products	方便速食	396,019	21.2%	435,083	25.5%
Third parties	第三方	379,354	21.2%	403,056	25.3%
Related parties	關聯方	16,665	21.2%	32,027	28.6%
Others	其他	800	1.8%	1,407	1.4%
Total	總計	1,853,882	30.2%	1,923,953	32.4%

管理層討論與分析

The Group's gross profit decreased by 3.6% from RMB1,924.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB1,853.9 million for 2022, and the gross profit margin decreased from 32.4% for 2021 to 30.2% for 2022. The decrease in gross profit margin was mainly due to a rise in the prices of raw materials such as grease and beef pack, resulting in an increase in costs of sales and thus the decrease in gross profit margin.

本集團的毛利由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣1,924.0百萬元降低3.6%至2022年度的人民幣1,853.9百萬元,而毛利率由2021年度的32.4%降低至2022年度的30.2%。毛利率下降的原因主要是原材料中油脂類、牛肉包等價格上升導致銷售成本上漲,毛利率下降。

Distribution Expenses

The Group's distribution expenses decreased by 7.4% from RMB697.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB646.6 million for 2022. The Group's distribution expenses as a percentage of the Group's revenue decreased from 11.7% for 2021 to 10.5% for 2022. The decrease in distribution expenses was mainly due to the decrease in advertising and marketing expenses.

Administrative Expenses

The Group's administrative expenses decreased by 7.6% from RMB246.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB227.8 million for 2022. The Group's administrative expenses as a percentage of the Group's revenue decreased from 4.2% for 2021 to 3.7% for 2022. The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly attributable to the decrease in remuneration of the management.

Other Income and Gains - net

The Group's net amount of other income and gains – net decreased by 17.6% from RMB167.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB138.2 million for 2022, which was mainly due to the decrease in government grant received and gains on changes in fair values of financial assets.

經銷開支

本集團的經銷開支由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣697.9百萬元降低7.4%至2022年度的人民幣646.6百萬元。本集團經銷開支佔本集團收入的百分比由2021年度的11.7%減少至2022年度的10.5%。經銷開支減少的主要原因是廣告及營銷費用下降。

行政開支

本集團的行政開支由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣246.7百萬元降低7.6%至2022年度的人民幣227.8百萬元。本集團行政開支佔本集團收入的百分比由2021年度的4.2%下降至2022年度的3.7%。行政開支降低主要原因是管理人員薪酬下降。

其他收入及收益淨額

本集團的其他收入及收益淨額由截至 2021年12月31日止年度人民幣167.7百 萬元降低17.6%至2022年度的人民幣 138.2百萬元,主要是由於收到政府補助 收入及金融資產公允價值變動收益下降。

管理層討論與分析

Finance Income - net

The Group's net amount of finance income increased by 5.6% from RMB23.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB24.4 million for 2022, which was mainly due to the increase in interest income on term deposits.

Profit before Income Tax

As a result of the foregoing, the Group's profit before income tax decreased by 2.4% from RMB1,170.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB1,142.1 million for 2022.

Income Tax Expenses

The Group's income tax expenses increased by 4.3% from RMB312.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB326.2 million for 2022. The effective tax rate increased from 26.7% for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 28.6% for the year ended 31 December 2022, which was mainly due to the increase in withholding tax on the profits expected to be distributed by the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China to the Group's overseas subsidiaries.

Profit for the Year

As a result of the foregoing, profit of the Group decreased by 4.8% from RMB857.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB816.0 million for 2022. Basic earnings per share decreased from RMB78.2 cents for the year ended 31 December 2021 to RMB75.7 cents for 2022, and net profit margin decreased from 14.4% for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 13.3% for 2022, mainly due to the increase in the price of raw materials, the decrease in gross profit margin and the increase in income tax expenses.

Capital Liquidity and Financial Resources

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group's operations were mainly funded by the cash generated from its operation. The Group intended to utilize internal resources to provide funds for its business operations and expansion through organic growth and sustainable development.

融資收入淨額

本集團的融資收入淨額由截至2021年12 月31日止年度的人民幣23.1百萬元增加 5.6%至2022年度的人民幣24.4百萬元, 主要是由於定期存款利息收入增加所致。

除所得税前利潤

由於上文所述內容,本集團的除所得税前利潤由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣1,170.2百萬元降低2.4%至2022年度的人民幣1,142.1百萬元。

所得税開支

本集團的所得税開支由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣312.6百萬元增加4.3%至2022年度的人民幣326.2百萬元。有效税率由截至2021年12月31日止年度的26.7%增加至截至2022年12月31日止年度的28.6%,有效税率增加的主要原因是本集團中國內地附屬公司預計向本集團境外附屬公司所分派溢利的預扣税增加所致。

年內利潤

由於上文所述內容,本集團利潤由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣857.6 百萬元降低4.8%至2022年度的人民幣816.0百萬元。每股基本盈利由截至2021年12月31日止年度的人民幣78.2分降低至2022年度的人民幣75.7分,而淨利率由截至2021年12月31日止年度的14.4%下降至2022年度的13.3%,主要是由於原料價格上升、毛利率下降及所得稅開支增加導致。

資金流動性及財政資源

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團主要通過經營所得現金為營運提供資金。本集團擬動用內部資源、通過自然且可持續發展為其擴展及業務營運提供資金。

管理層討論與分析

Cash and Cash Equivalents

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's cash and cash equivalents were mainly composed of Renminbi, Hong Kong dollars and US dollars. Cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB1,880.5 million (31 December 2021: RMB1,573.6 million).

Asset-Liability Ratio

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's asset-liability ratio⁽⁷⁾ was 18.3% (31 December 2021: 17.9%). The Group did not have any bank borrowings.

Note:

(7) The asset-liability ratio is calculated by dividing total liabilities as at the end of each financial period by total assets.

Inventories

Inventories mainly include raw materials, work in progress and finished goods. As at 31 December 2022, the inventories amounted to approximately RMB387.5 million (31 December 2021: RMB395.3 million), and the turnover days of inventories decreased from 35.9 days for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 33.3 days for the year ended 31 December 2022. The decrease in turnover days of inventories was mainly due to the Group's enhanced efficiency in inventory control.

Trade Receivables

Trade receivables represent the amounts due from customers in respect of sales of goods in the ordinary course of business. As at 31 December 2022, the trade receivables amounted to approximately RMB155.6 million (31 December 2021: RMB236.5 million). The change was mainly due to the decrease in revenue from related parties. The turnover days of trade receivables decreased from 12.9 days for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 11.6 days for the year ended 31 December 2022.

現金及現金等價物

截至2022年12月31日,本集團的現金及 現金等價物主要是由人民幣、港元和美 元組成,現金及現金等價物約為人民幣 1,880.5百萬元(2021年12月31日:人民 幣1,573.6百萬元)。

資產負債比率

截至2022年12月31日,本集團的資產負債比率(7)為18.3%(2021年12月31日: 17.9%)。本集團並無任何銀行借款。

附註:

(7) 資產負債比率按財政期末的總負債除以 總資產計算。

存貨

存貨主要包括原材料、在製品與製成品。截至2022年12月31日存貨約為人民幣387.5百萬元(2021年12月31日:人民幣395.3百萬元),存貨周轉天數從截至2021年12月31日止年度的35.9天降低到截至2022年12月31日止年度的33.3天。存貨周轉天數減少的主要原因是本集團對庫存效率的把控得以提升。

貿易應收賬款

貿易應收賬款為日常業務過程中就銷售的商品而應收客戶的款項。截至2022年12月31日貿易應收賬款約為人民幣155.6百萬元(2021年12月31日:人民幣236.5百萬元),變動的主要原因是關聯方收入下降所致。貿易應收賬款周轉天數從截至2021年12月31日止年度的12.9天降低到截至2022年12月31日止年度的11.6天。

管理層討論與分析

Trade Payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Due to the cyclical effects of low and peak seasons for production and sales and the seasonal procurement cycle, trade payables amounted to approximately RMB396.3 million as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: RMB294.3 million). The turnover days of trade payables increased from 25.7 days for the year ended 31 December 2021 to 29.4 days for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2022, the Company did not have any material contingent liabilities.

Charge of Assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Company did not charge any fixed assets as securities for borrowings.

Borrowings

As at 31 December 2022, the Company did not have any bank borrowings.

Debt-to-Equity Ratio

As at 31 December 2022, the debt-to-equity ratio⁽⁸⁾ of the Company was 2.5% (2021: 3.4%).

Note:

(8) Debt-to-equity ratio is calculated by dividing total debt by total equity. Total debt is defined as including interest-bearing liabilities which are not incurred during the ordinary course of business

貿易應付賬款

貿易應付賬款為日常業務過程中向供應商購買商品或服務而應支付的款項。受產銷淡旺季及季節性採購週期的影響,截至2022年12月31日貿易應付賬款約為人民幣396.3百萬元(2021年12月31日:人民幣294.3百萬元)。貿易應付賬款周轉天數從截至2021年12月31日止年度的29.4天。

或然負債

截至2022年12月31日止,本公司並無任何重大或然負債。

資產押記

截至2022年12月31日止,本公司並無抵押任何固定資產作為借款擔保。

借貸

截至2022年12月31日止,本公司並無任何銀行借款。

資本負債比率

截至2022年12月31日止,本公司的資本 負債比率[®]為2.5%(2021年: 3.4%)。

附註:

(8) 資本負債比率按總債務除以總權益計算。總債務界定為包括並非於日常業務過程中產生的計息負債

管理層討論與分析

Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions denominated and settled in RMB. However, the Group has certain cash in hand denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars, and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk. The Group has not hedged against its foreign exchange risk. However, the Group will closely monitor the exposure and will take specific measures when necessary to make sure the foreign exchange risk is manageable and within control.

Employees and Remuneration Policy

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had a total of 2,720 employees (including temporary workers), comprising 2,093 employees in production, 502 employees in marketing and 125 employees in administration and management functions.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's total staff costs amounted to RMB545.4 million, including salaries, wages, allowances and benefits. The Group continued to optimize the incentive-based system in line with business development needs and implemented remuneration policies with competitiveness.

Material Acquisitions and Disposals

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

外匯風險及相關對沖

本集團主要在中國經營,大部份交易乃以人民幣列值及結算。然而,本集團持有若干以港元及美元列值的現金,面臨外匯風險。本集團並無對沖外匯風險。然而,本集團將密切監控有關情況並於必要時採取一定措施,確保外匯風險處於可控範圍。

僱員及薪酬政策

截至2022年12月31日本集團員工總人數 為2,720人(含臨時工),其中包括了生 產體系員工2,093人,營銷體系員工502 人,行政和管理相關職能體系員工125 人。

截至2022年12月31日,本集團的總員工成本為人民幣545.4百萬元,包括薪金、工資、津貼、福利。本集團緊貼業務發展需求,不斷優化激勵體系,實施具有競爭力的薪酬政策。

重大收購及出售事項

截至2022年12月31日,本集團暫無附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的重大收購及出售情況。

管理層討論與分析

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Industry and Business Outlook

In 2023 when pandemic prevention and control enters a new stage, normal and orderly production and living will be restored, expansion in offline consumption scenes will be accelerated, the consumption environment order will gradually improve, the residents' consumption ability and willingness will gradually increase, and the foundation for the stable recovery of the consumption market will be further enhanced. The consumer market is expected to recover with an upward trend.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to focus on product research and development, brand promotion, channel building and supply chain formation.

In respect of product development, the Group will continue to adhere to the optimized "project-based products" system. Through the combination of "theories of methodology" and practice, the Group will continuously enhance the research and development capabilities, break the deadlock in product innovation, and continue to introduce differentiated new products to improve product success rate and comprehensive competitiveness. The Company will continue to introduce new and replace obsolete product categories in hot pot soup flavourings, Chinese-style compound condiments, convenient readyto-eat food products and casual snacks, and meet consumers' multilevel and diversified consumption needs through product optimization and upgrading and structural innovation, and to further expand the business boundaries by studying the needs of customers of businessend catering services. At the same time, the Group will focus on the overseas market, give full play to the ability of research and development and market exploration, and enrich the product matrix in the overseas market with the unique local flavor and foreign customs as the orientation.

In respect of brand strategy, the Group will continue to implement the multi-brand strategy, through the publicity and promotions of brands such as "Haidilao", "Magic Cook" and "Wow", enhance consumers' confidence in brands and break the existing brand boundaries with enriched product categories and flavors to strengthen brand awareness.

未來前景

行業及業務展望

2023年,隨着疫情防控進入新階段, 正常生產生活秩序恢復,線下消費場 景加快拓展,消費環境、消費秩序逐步 改善,居民消費能力、消費意願逐步增 強,消費市場穩定恢復的基礎將更加牢 固,消費市場有望恢復向好。

展望未來,本集團仍將把產品研發、品 牌推廣、渠道建設及供應鏈建設作為公 司策略重點。

在品牌策略方面,本集團將繼續實施「多品牌」戰略,通過「海底撈」、「筷手小廚」及「哇哦」等品牌的宣傳和推廣工作,提升消費者的品牌信任感,打破現有品牌邊界,豐富產品種類和口味,提高品牌認知度。

管理層討論與分析

In respect of channel building, the Group will continue to improve channel operation efficiency by subdividing channels and standardizing process management, extending further coverage over the mass market, and continuously enhance the Group's market share and position in the industry. Through the flexible use of the informatization-based management system and intelligent identification system, the Company will further learn the status at the terminal points of sales and the changes in products, with a view to further improving the intelligent management level of the Group. At the same time, we will continue to improve the management system and personnel incentive policy, earnestly encourage internal sales personnel and external distributors, and increase the coverage density and the efficiency of standalone points of sale.

In respect of supply chain formation, the Group will continue to establish and improve domestic and foreign factories to supplement the global supply of products. Meanwhile, we will continue investing in lean production and equipment research and development, optimizing the division of supply technology categories, improving the level of automation in production lines, enhancing efficiency and optimizing the costs on supply-side. In addition, the Group has preliminarily completed the construction of the Southeast Asian supply center, and will gradually optimize and integrate procurement resources, reduce transportation and logistics costs, improve the efficiency of overseas supply chains, and gradually expand to other overseas regional markets by radial coverage over the Southeast Asian market.

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Material Investments and Prospects

In order to further supplement and optimize production capacity, the Group is expected to mainly take the following measures in 2023:

Firstly, the Bazhou Phase II project in Hebei Province commenced construction in June 2022, and is expected to commence operation in the third quarter of 2023, with a planned annual production capacity of 82,000 tonnes of convenient ready-to-eat food products, mainly for sales in northern and northeastern regions of China, which is helpful for the Group to better control logistics costs to relieve production capacity pressure during peak seasons.

Secondly, the main plant of the Ma'anshan Phase II new factory project in Auhui Province has been completed and commenced operation in February 2023, with a planned annual production capacity of 15,000 tonnes, and is equipped with condiment production equipment and quality testing instruments at domestic and foreign advanced technological standards, mainly for enriching the production lines for the products of prepared food packs and meat buns.

Thirdly, the Luohe production base in Henan Province officially commenced construction in March 2020, with a current total annual designed production capacity of 300,000 tonnes. The annual production capacity of the first phase is planned to be 150,000 tonnes, of which workshop No. 2 was mainly planned for production lines of dipping sauced and spices. In order to cater for the needs of the selfowned factory in central China region and the intended development of regional business-end customers, the aggregate planned production capacity will be 60,000 tonnes. Among that, the production lines for dipping sauce and spices commenced operation in September 2022, and the first quarter of 2023, respectively. The Luohe production base may increase its production capacity successively according to actual demand at a later stage.

重大投資的情況與前景

為進一步補充優化產能,本集團預計於 2023年主要採取以下措施:

其一,河北省霸州二期項目已於2022年 6月開始建設,預計於2023年三季度投產,規劃年產能為方便速食產品8.2萬噸,主要覆蓋華北及東北地區方便速食產品的銷售,有助於本集團更好地把控物流成本,緩解旺季產能壓力。

其二,安徽省馬鞍山二期主體廠房已經完工,已經於2023年2月投產,規劃年產能為1.5萬噸,配備具有國內外先進工藝技術水平的調味料生產設備及質量檢測儀器,主要為豐富料理包及肉包的產品生產線。

其三,河南省漯河生產基地於2020年3月正式開始建設,目前年設計總產能為30萬噸。一期年產能規劃15萬噸,其中2號車間主要規劃為蘸料與香辛料產線,為配套華中區域的自有工廠,以及擬開發的區域性B端客戶,規劃產能合計為6萬噸。其中蘸料產線已於2022年9月投產,香辛料產線於2023年一季度投產加產能。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論與分析

Fourthly, the production base of Jianyang in Sichuan Province mainly focuses on hot pot soup flavourings and compound condiment products, with a planned annual production capacity of 25,000 tonnes, which is expected to be put into operation by the end of 2023. It will mainly focus to satisfy the demand of soup flavourings and compound condiments in Southwest China, and will develop regional businessend customers.

其四,四川省簡陽生產基地主要以火鍋 底料及複合調味料產品為主,年規劃產 能2.5萬噸,預計於2023年底投產。將 重點覆蓋西南地區底料及複合調味料需 求,並開發區域性的B端客戶。

Fifthly, the Thai factory is located in Rojana Industrial Park of Ayutthaya in Thailand, mainly for the production of hot pot soup flavourings and compound condiment products. Phase I has a planned annual production capacity of 16,000 tonnes, which commenced construction at the end of February in 2021 and is expected to commence operation in April 2023; Phase II has a planned production capacity of 20,000 tonnes and is expected to commence operation in 2025. The Thai factory is currently mainly targeted at the Southeast Asian market, and it will gradually supply to other regional markets overseas in the future.

其五,泰國工廠位於泰國大城府洛加納工業園區,主要以火鍋底料及複合調味料產品為主,一期年規劃產能1.6萬噸,已於2021年2月底開始建設,預計於2023年4月投產;二期設計產能2萬噸,預計將於2025年投產。泰國工廠目前主要輻射東南亞市場,後期將逐步供應海外其他區域市場。

Future Plans for Material Investments

Future Plans for Material Investments

The Group will continue to look for potential strategic investment opportunities extensively, and will keep on seeking potential high-quality targets that can bring synergies to the Group in the aspects of among other things, product research and development, product portfolio, channel expansion and cost control.

未來重大投資計劃

本集團將繼續廣泛尋找潛在的策略性投 資機會,持續尋求可為本集團在產品研 發、產品組合、渠道擴張抑或成本控制 等方面,帶來協同效應的潛在優質標的。

董事及高級管理層簡介

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Sean Shi (施永宏), formerly known as Shi Yonghong, aged 53, an executive Director and the Chairman of the Company. He has been a Director of the Company since December 2015, primarily responsible for participating in making major decisions for the Company. He was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 7 March 2016 and the Chairman of the Company on 14 November 2017. He was re-designated as the executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 9 December 2018 and as the executive Director and Chairman of the Company on 25 March 2020. He is responsible for formulation and management of strategic decisions of the Company. Mr. Shi is one of the founders of the Haidilao Group and has over 20 years of food industry and management experience within the Haidilao Group. Mr. Shi has held various positions at Sichuan Haidilao since April 1994. Mr. Shi was the vice general manager at Sichuan Haidilao between April 1994 and March 2001, before assuming the role of supervisor at Sichuan Haidilao between April 2001 and June 2009. Mr. Shi served as a director at Sichuan Haidilao between July 2009 and October 2021. He was a director of Haidilao since July 2015 and was re-designated as an executive director of Haidilao in May 2018. In August 2021, Mr. Shi resigned as an executive director of Haidilao. Mr. Shi completed his study in mechanics at Sichuan Kongfen Group Technical School (四川空分技工學校) in June 1988.

Mr. Shi is also holding directorships at the following members of the Group:

Yihai (Singapore) Food Pte. Ltd. Yihai (US) Food Inc. Yihai (Canada) Food Inc. Fuhai (Singapore) Food Pte. Ltd.

董事會

執行董事

施永宏先生(英文前稱為 ShiYonghong),53歲,本公司執行董事 兼董事會主席。彼自2015年12月起擔任 本公司的董事,主要負責參與作出本公 司的重要決策。彼於2016年3月7日獲委 任為本公司非執行董事,並於2017年11 月14日獲委任為本公司董事會主席,其 後於2018年12月9日起獲調任為本公司 執行董事及首席執行官,並於2020年3 月25日調任為執行董事兼董事會主席, 負責本公司重大戰略決策的制定及管 理。施先生為海底撈集團的創辦人之一 並於海底撈集團積累逾20年食品行業及 管理經驗。施先生自1994年4月起於四 川海底撈擔任多個職位。施先生於1994 年4月至2001年3月擔任四川海底撈的副 總經理,之後於2001年4月至2009年6月 擔任四川海底撈的監事。施先生於2009 年7月至2021年10月擔任四川海底撈的 董事。彼自2015年7月起擔任海底撈的 董事並於2018年5月調任海底撈執行董 事。於2021年8月,施先生辭任海底撈 執行董事。施先生於1988年6月於四川 空分技工學校完成機械課程。

施先生亦於本集團以下成員公司擔任董 事職位:

頤海(新加坡)食品有限公司 頤海(美國)食品有限公司 頤海(加拿大)食品公司 馥海(新加坡)食品有限公司

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Guo Qiang (郭強), aged 54, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 26 March 2019 and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 25 March 2020. He is primarily responsible for implementation of Board's strategy and management of daily operation of the Group, Mr. Guo joined the Company since January 2016 and served as the head of sales management division of the Company and the Company's head of sales division in the southern region in August 2017. In December 2018, he was appointed as the head of marketing and sales of the Company, responsible for the branding, sales and marketing businesses so as to optimize the marketing system of the Company. Before joining the Company, Mr. Guo served as a mechanical engineer of a tractor factory in Shenyang from September 1992 to April 1997; a national sales director of Lotte (China) Investment Co., Ltd. from May 1997 to August 2010; a sales director of Henan Kedi Frozen Food Co., Ltd.* (河南科迪速凍食品有限 公司) from August 2010 to July 2013; and a sales director of national hypermarket division of Haixin Foods Co., Ltd. from April 2014 to December 2015. Mr. Guo graduated from Shenyang Agricultural University in 1992 with a bachelor's degree in mechanical design.

Mr. Guo is also holding directorships at the following members of the Group:

Yihai (UK) Food Ltd.
Yihai Natural Food Manufacture Sdn. Bhd
Yihai Beijing Trading Co., Ltd. (頤海(北京)商貿有限責任公司)
Yihai Shanghai

郭強先生,54歲,本公司執行董事兼首 席執行官。彼於2019年3月26日獲委任 為本公司執行董事,並於2020年3月25 日獲委任為本公司首席執行官,主要負 責執行董事會的戰略,並管理本集團日 常營運。郭先生於2016年1月加入公司 任職公司銷售管理部總監,並於2017年 8月擔任公司南區銷售部總監,之後於 2018年12月獲委任為公司營銷總監, 負責公司的品牌、銷售和市場業務,致 力於優化公司營銷體系的建設。加入本 公司之前,郭先生於1992年9月至1997 年4月在瀋陽拖拉機製造廠擔任機械工 程師,於1997年5月至2010年8月在樂 天(中國)投資有限公司擔任全國銷售總 監,於2010年8月至2013年7月在河南科 迪速凍食品有限公司擔任銷售總監,於 2014年4月至2015年12月在海欣食品股 份有限公司擔任全國商超部銷售總監。 郭先生於1992年畢業於瀋陽農業大學, 取得機械設計學士學位。

郭先生亦於本集團以下成員公司擔任董 事職位:

頤海(英國)食品有限公司 頤海天然食品製造有限公司 頤海(北京)商貿有限責任公司 頤海上海

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Sun Shengfeng (孫勝峰), aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director and the chief financial officer on 7 March 2016. He is primarily responsible for overseeing matters relating to the financial, investment and risk management of the Company, including budgeting, disclosure and reporting. Mr. Sun has also served as the chief financial officer of Yihai Shanghai since August 2015. Mr. Sun served as the head of finance in Xi'an Yingiao Biotechnology Co., Ltd. (西安銀橋生物科技有限 公司) from September 2003 to August 2007. He joined Sichuan Haidilao in September 2007 and has held various positions successively: he worked as assistant to the chief financial officer from September 2007 to November 2011, the chief accountant from November 2011 to December 2012, deputy head of the finance management department from December 2012 to August 2013, and deputy head of the asset management department from August 2013 to August 2015. Mr. Sun passed the self-taught higher education examination for undergraduate study in business administration with Xi'an University of Technology (西安理工大學) and obtained a graduation certificate in June 2009. He completed his graduate study in business administration at Tsinghua University in September 2010, and obtained a master's degree in business administration at China Europe International Business School in November 2019. He was accredited as an accountant by the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China (中華人民共和國財政部) in May 2005.

Mr. Sun is also holding directorships at the following members of the Group:

Yihai Ltd.

Yihai (China) Food Co., Ltd. (頤海 (中國) 食品有限公司) Yihai Food (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (頤海食品 (泰國) 有限公司)

Ms. Shu Ping (舒萍), aged 52, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 21 March 2018. She has been the director of Sichuan Haidilao since November 2014. She was a director of Haidilao from July 2015 and was re-designated as a non-executive director of Haidilao in May 2018. In August 2021, Ms Shu resigned as a non-executive director of Haidilao. Ms. Shu has completed the EMBA (China) programme and the FMBA programme run by Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business in November 2015 and completed the EMBA programme run jointly by Shanghai Jiao Tong University and Nanyang Technological University in Singapore in July 2016. Ms. Shu is the spouse of Mr. Zhang Yong, a non-executive director of the Company.

孫勝峰先生,43歲,於2016年3月7日 獲委任為執行董事兼財務總監。彼主要 負責監督與本公司的財務、投資及風險 管理相關事宜,包括財務預算、信息披 霧及報告。孫先生亦自2015年8月起擔 任頤海上海的財務總監。於2003年9月 至2007年8月,孫先生擔任西安銀橋生 物科技有限公司的財務主管。彼於2007 年9月加入四川海底撈並先後擔任多個職 務,包括於2007年9月至2011年11月擔 任財務總監助理,於2011年11月至2012 年12月擔任總會計師,於2012年12月 至2013年8月擔任財務管理部門的副部 長,及於2013年8月至2015年8月擔任資 產管理部門副部長。孫先生通過西安理 工大學工商企業管理本科高等教育自學 考試並於2009年6月取得畢業證書。彼 於2010年9月在清華大學完成工商管理 專業研究生課程,並於2019年11月獲得 中歐國際工商學院授予的工商管理碩士 學位。彼於2005年5月獲中華人民共和 國財政部認可為會計師。

孫先生亦於本集團以下成員公司擔任董 事職位:

Yihai Ltd. 頤海(中國)食品有限公司 頤海食品(泰國)有限公司

舒萍女士,52歲,於2018年3月21日獲委任為本公司執行董事。由2014年11月至今擔任四川海底撈的董事。彼自2015年7月擔任海底撈董事,並於2018年5月調任海底撈菲執行董事。於2021年8月,舒女士辭任海底撈非執行董事。於2021年8月,舒女士辭任海底撈非執行董學院之事。舒安士於2015年11月完成長江商學院世課程以及金融工商管理碩士課程,並於2016年7月完成上海交通大學與新加坡南洋理工大學合作舉辦的高級工商碩士課程。舒女士為本公司非執行董事張勇先生的配偶。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Zhao Xiaokai (趙曉凱), aged 47, was appointed as an executive Director of the Company on 25 August 2020. He is currently the director of the supply system of the Company. He is responsible for the management of the supply system of the Company. He is committed to optimizing and managing the production of factories, inventory logistics and technological research. He has extensive experience in risk management and control, cost optimization, quality control and supply chain management. Mr. Zhao joined the Company on 31 March 2017, and served as the special assistant of the general manager, and the director of the supply management department since 1 December 2017. Prior to this, Mr. Zhao served as the general manager in production of Douglas (Qingdao) Wines Co., Ltd (青島道格拉斯洋酒有限 公司) from May 2016 to March 2017, worked at Heinz (Qingdao) Food Co., Ltd. (亨氏 (青島) 食品有限公司) from April 2004 to April 2016 (and had been the operational director). He served as the quality auditor of Unilever Bestfood* (聯合利華百仕福) from October 2000 to April 2004 and the production officer of Weifang Yue Hwa Food Co., Ltd.* (維坊裕 華食品有限公司) from July 1998 to October 2000. Mr. Zhao graduated from Jimei University and obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering in 1998.

Mr. Zhao is also holding directorships at the following members of the Group:

Yihai Natural Food Manufacture Sdn. Bhd
Yihai (Australia) Food Proprietary Limited
Fuhai (Shanghai) Food Technology Co., Ltd.
(馥海(上海)食品科技有限公司)
Yihai Zhaoqing Food Co., Ltd. (頤海肇慶食品有限公司)
Fuhai Zhaoqing Food Co., Ltd. (馥海肇慶食品有限公司)
Sichuan Yihai Magic Cook Food Co., Ltd. (四川頤海筷手食品有限公司)
Yihai (Anhui) Food Technology Co., Ltd.
(頤海(安徽)食品科技有限公司)

趙曉凱先生,47歲,於2020年8月25日 獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼現為本公 司供應體系總監。其負責管理本公司供 應體系的工作,致力於優化及管控工廠 的生產、倉儲物流及技術研究等工作。 其於風險管理和控制、成本優化、質量 控制與供應鏈管理方面擁有豐富經驗。 趙先生於2017年3月31日加入本公司, 擔任總經理特別助理職位,並自2017年 12月1日起擔任供應管理部之總監。於此 之前, 趙先生於2016年5月至2017年3月 擔任青島道格拉斯洋酒有限公司製造總 經理一職,於2004年4月至2016年4月就 職於亨氏(青島)食品有限公司,曾擔任 運營總監職位,於2000年10月至2004年 4月擔任聯合利華百仕福質量審核員,於 1998年7月至2000年10月擔任濰坊裕華 食品有限公司生產主任。趙先生於1998 年畢業於集美大學,取得工程學士學位。

趙先生亦於本集團以下成員公司擔任董 事職位:

頤海天然食品製造有限公司 頤海(澳洲)食品專營有限公司 馥海(上海)食品科技有限公司

頤海肇慶食品有限公司 馥海肇慶食品有限公司 四川頤海筷手食品有限公司 頤海(安徽)食品科技有限公司

董事及高級管理層簡介

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Zhang Yong (張勇), aged 52, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 7 March 2016. Mr. Zhang is one of the founders of the Haidilao Group and has over 20 years of food industry and management experience within the Haidilao Group. He has been a Director since December 2015 and is primarily responsible for participating in making major decisions for the Company. Mr. Zhang served as the general manager of Sichuan Haidilao from April 1994 to March 2001. Between April 2001 and June 2009, Mr. Zhang served as both the executive director and the general manager of Sichuan Haidilao. Since July 2009, Mr. Zhang has served as the director and chairman of Sichuan Haidilao. Mr. Zhang also serves as a director and member of senior management of associates of the Company's Controlling Shareholders. He is currently an executive director of Haidilao. Mr. Zhang completed the executive master of business administration program and completed the finance master of business administration program from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business (長江商學院) in October 2011 and August 2012, respectively. Mr. Zhang is the spouse of Ms. Shu Ping, an executive director of the Company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yau Ka Chi (邱家賜), aged 65, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 20 June 2016. Mr. Yau has over 30 years of professional accounting services experience including 20 years in serving PRC-based enterprises. He had worked for Ernst & Young in its Hong Kong, Toronto and Beijing offices, with a primary focus in providing professional services in accounting and audit, initial public offering, and corporate restructuring, before retiring in September 2015. When he was with Ernst & Young, Mr. Yau was appointed, among others, as the professional practice director of Greater China and the assurance leader for China North Region. Mr. Yau was an independent non-executive director of China Menaniu Dairy Company Limited (中國蒙牛乳業有限公司) (Stock code: 2319) between October 2016 and December 2021, China Power International Development Limited (中國電力國際發展有限公司) (Stock code: 2380) since December 2016, BetterLife Holding Limited (百得利控股有限公司) (Stock code: 6909) since December 2020 and HBM Holdings Limited (和鉑醫藥控股有限公司) (Stock code: 2142) since June 2021, these four companies are all listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Yau holds a professional diploma in company secretaryship and administration from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) and is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Illinois Certified Public Accountants Society and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

非執行董事

張勇先生,52歳,於2016年3月7日獲委 任為本公司非執行董事。張先生為海底 撈集團的創辦人之一並於海底撈集團積 累逾20年食品行業及管理經驗。自2015 年12月起擔任本公司董事,主要負責 參與作出本公司的重要決策。張先生於 1994年4月至2001年3月擔任四川海底撈 的總經理。2001年4月至2009年6月, 張先生擔任四川海底撈的執行董事兼總 經理。自2009年7月起,張先生擔任四 川海底撈的董事兼董事長。張先生亦於 本公司控股股東聯繫人擔任董事及高級 管理層成員。彼目前為海底撈的執行董 事。張先生分別於2011年10月及2012年 8月分別完成長江商學院高級管理人員工 商管理碩士課程及長江商學院金融工商 管理碩士課程。張先生為本公司執行董 事舒萍女士的配偶。

獨立非執行董事

邱家賜先生,65歲,於2016年6月20 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。邱 先生擁有逾30年的專業會計服務經驗, 當中包括20年服務中國企業經驗。彼 於2015年9月自安永會計師事務所退休 前,先後於其香港、多倫多及北京辦公 室任職,主要從事會計與審計、首次公 開發售及公司重組專業服務。於安永會 計師事務所任職期間, 邱先生曾任大中 華區專業標準技術部主管和中國審計服 務主管(華北區)。邱先生自2016年10月 至2021年12月任中國蒙牛乳業有限公司 (股份代號:2319)的獨立非執行董事, 自2016年12月起任中國電力國際發展有 限公司(股份代號:2380)的獨立非執行 董事,自2020年12月起任百得利控股 有限公司(股份代號:6909)的獨立非執 行董事及自2021年6月起任和鉑醫藥控 股有限公司(股份代號:2142)的獨立非 執行董事,四家公司均在聯交所主板上 市。邱先生持有香港理工學院(現稱為香 港理工大學)公司秘書及行政管理專業文 憑,並為美國註冊會計師協會、伊利諾 州註冊會計師協會及香港會計師公會的 會員。

董事及高級管理層簡介

Ms. Ye Shujun (葉蜀君), aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 June 2016. She is primarily responsible for participating in making major decisions for the Company and advising on issues relating to corporate governance, remuneration of Directors and senior management, nomination of Directors and audit. Ms. Ye served as an independent director of Beijing New Universal Science and Technology Co., Ltd. (北京萬向新元科技股份有限公司) (stock code: 300472) from June 2011 to October 2021 and served as an independent director of Anhui Guozhen Environment Protection Technology Joint Stock Co., Limited (安徽國禎環保節能科技股份有限 公司) (stock code: 300388) from August 2016 to December 2020, both being companies listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (深圳證券交 易所). Ms. Ye has been serving as independent director of Anhui Telit Science and Technology Co., Ltd. (stock code: 831918), a company listed on National Equities Exchange and Quotation System, since July 2017, and served as independent director of Wuhu Fuchun Dye And Weave Co., Ltd. (stock code: 605189), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, from November 2017 to July 2022. Ms. Ye also served as lecturer, associate professor and professor successively at the economic management college of Beijing Jiaotong University (北京交通大學) since December 1994. Ms. Ye completed a program in international accounting and international tax at Xiamen University in January 1990. Ms. Ye then obtained a master's degree in economics from Tsinghua University in July 1994. She obtained a doctoral degree in management from Beijing Jiaotong University in July 2007.

Mr. Qian Mingxing (錢明星), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 June 2016. He is primarily responsible for participating in making major decisions for the Company and advising on issues relating to corporate governance, nomination of Directors and remuneration of Directors and senior management. Mr. Qian has been a professor at Peking University Law School (北京大學 法學院) since August 1999. He worked as a teaching assistant and a lecturer of the law department at Peking University from August 1986 to August 1988 and August 1988 to August 1993, respectively. From August 1993 to August 1999, Mr. Qian was an associate professor at Peking University Law School. Mr. Qian obtained a bachelor's degree in law and a master's degree in law from Peking University in July 1983 and July 1986, respectively. In June 2001, Mr. Qian obtained a doctoral degree of laws from Peking University.

葉蜀君女士,61歲,於2016年6月20日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼主 要負責參與作出本公司的重要決策以及 就公司管治、董事及高級管理層薪酬、 提名董事及審計有關事官提供意見。葉 女士於2011年6月至2021年10月擔任北 京萬向新元科技股份有限公司(股份代 號:300472)的獨立董事,並於2016年8 月至2020年12月擔任安徽國禎環保節能 科技股份有限公司(股份代碼:300388) 的獨立董事,兩家公司均為深圳證券交 易所上市公司。葉女士自2017年7月起 擔任在全國中小企業股份轉讓系統掛牌 上市的企業安徽天立泰科技股份有限公 司(股票代碼:831918)的獨立董事,於 2017年11月至2022年7月擔任上海證券 交易所上市公司蕪湖富春染織股份有限 公司(股票代碼:605189)的獨立董事。 葉女士亦自1994年12月起任教於北京交 通大學經濟管理學院,先後任職講師、 副教授及教授。葉女士於1990年1月在 廈門大學完成國際會計與國際稅收班課 程。葉女士其後於1994年7月取得清華 大學經濟學碩士學位。彼於2007年7月 取得北京交通大學管理工程學博士學位。

錢明星先生,60歲,於2016年6月20日 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼 要負責參與作出本公司別及 實實管治、提名董事以及 管理層薪酬有關中 直1999年8月起一直在北京大學至1988 年8月期間及1988年8月至1993年8月 體份別的在北京大學 管理局分別在北京大學 等 等 等 等 等 的 1983年8月至1993年8月 5 1993年8月至1999年8月 5 1993年8月至1999年8月 5 1993年8月 5 1994年 5 1995年 8 1995年 9 1995年 9 1995年 1995年

董事及高級管理層簡介

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Sean Shi (施永宏), an executive Director of the Company. See "-Board of Directors - Executive Directors" in this section for his biographical details.

Mr. Guo Qiang (郭強), an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. See "-Board of Directors-Executive Directors" in this section for his biographical details.

Mr. Sun Shengfeng (孫勝峰), an executive Director and the chief financial officer of the Company. See "-Board of Directors-Executive Directors" in this section for his biographical details.

Mr. Zhao Xiaokai (趙曉凱), an executive Director. See "-Board of Directors - Executive Directors" in this section for his biographical details.

高級管理層

施永宏先生,本公司執行董事。有關其 履歷詳情,請參閱本節[-董事會-執 行董事 |。

郭強先生,本公司執行董事及首席執行 官。有關其履歷詳情,請參閱本節「一董 事會 - 執行董事」。

孫勝峰先生, 本公司執行董事及財務總 監。有關其履歷詳情,請參閱本節「一董 事會 - 執行董事」。

趙曉凱先生,本公司執行董事。有關其 履歷詳情,請參閱本節「一董事會一執 行董事 |。

企業管治報告

The Board of the Company presents this corporate governance report in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

本公司董事會提呈本集團截至2022年12 月31日止年度的年報內所載的本企業管 治報告。

COMPANY'S CULTURE

The Board believes that corporate culture underpins the long-term business, economic success and sustainable growth of the Group. A strong culture enables the Company to deliver long-term sustainable performance and fulfill its role as a responsible corporate citizen. The Company is committed to developing a positive and progressive culture that is built on its purpose, values and strategy.

During 2022, the Company continued to strengthen its cultural framework by focusing on the following:

Mission: Easy & Tasty

Values: To change your destiny with your own hands

The Board sets and promotes corporate culture, expects and requires all employees to reinforce and instills and continually reinforces across the concept of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly. All of new employees are required to attend orientation and training programs so that they may better understand the corporate culture, structure and policies of the Group, learn relevant laws and regulations, and raise their food quality and safety awareness. In addition, from time to time, the Company will invite external experts to provide training to our management personnel to improve their relevant knowledge and management skills.

The Group encourages employees to actively take responsibility and to be innovative. The value of "to change your destiny with your own hands" has penetrated into the hearts of every employee of the Company. We encourage employees to innovate continuously by establishing clear and fair internal promotion channels, attractive remuneration plans, and distinctive incentive mechanisms, thereby creating greater value for the Company and individuals.

The Board considers that the corporate culture and the mission, vision, values and strategy of the Group are aligned.

企業文化

董事會認為,企業文化乃本集團的發展基石,有利於本集團作長遠的業務發展及取得經濟成就,亦有助持續的增長之深厚的企業文化令本公司能夠保持基的。 長青,同時成為一名負責任、有擔略的企業公民。基於其目標、價值和戰的企業文化。

2022年,本公司通過聚焦以下幾方面的努力,繼續加強文化建設:

• 使命:讓美味變輕鬆

• 價值觀:雙手改變命運

本集團鼓勵員工積極承擔責任並勇於創新,「雙手改變命運」的價值觀已深入每一位本公司員工內心。我們透過設立清晰與公平的內部晉升渠道、具有吸引力的薪酬方案及特色的激勵機制以鼓勵員工不斷創新,進而為公司及個人創造更大的價值。

董事會認為,本集團的企業文化與其目標、價值和戰略一致。

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES OF THE COMPANY

The Group is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value, accountability and transparency.

The Company has applied the principles as set out in part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code as contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

Part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code sets out the principles of good corporate governance and two levels of corporate governance practices, as follows:

- (a) code provisions, which listed issuers are expected to comply with or to give considered reasons for deviation; and
- (b) recommended best practices for guidance only, which listed issuers are encouraged to comply with.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions as set out in part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code.

The Company regularly reviews its compliance with part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code and the Company was in compliance with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report for details.

本公司的企業管治常規

本集團致力達致高水準的企業管治,務 求保障股東權益及提高企業價值、問責 性及透明度。

本公司已應用上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則第二部分的原則。

企業管治守則第二部分訂明的良好企業 管治原則及兩個層面的企業管治常規如 下:

- (a) 守則條文,期望上市發行人遵守或 就偏離行為提供審慎考慮的理由; 及
- (b) 建議最佳常規,僅屬指引,鼓勵上 市發行人遵守。

本公司的企業管治常規乃以企業管治守則第二部分所載原則及守則條文為依據。

本公司定期審閱遵守企業管治守則第二部分的情況且本公司於截至2022年12月31日止年度內已遵守企業管治守則的守則條文。

有關詳情,請參閱本年報企業管治報告。

企業管治報告

A. THE BOARD

1. Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and is responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board also reviews the policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The Board has established Board committees and has delegated to these Board committees' various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference which are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

All of the Directors have carried out their duties in good faith and in compliance with the standards of applicable laws and regulations, and have acted objectively in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

2. Delegation of Management Function

The Board is responsible for making all major decisions of the Company including: the approval and monitoring of all major policies of the Group and overall strategies, risk management and internal control systems, notifiable transactions, connected transactions and continuous connected transactions, nomination of the Directors and joint company secretaries, and other significant financial and operational matters.

All of the Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the joint company secretaries of the Company, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Each Director is entitled to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense to enable himself/herself to perform his/her responsibilities for the Company.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board before any significant transaction is entered into.

A. 董事會

1. 責任

全體董事已真誠地依據適用法 律及規例的標準履行職責,並 客觀地為本公司及其股東的最 佳利益行事。

2. 管理層職能授權

董事會負責制定本公司所有重大決策,包括:批准及監督本集團所有主要政策和整體、、風險管理及內部控制之統、須予公佈的交易、關連交易、持續關連交易、董事及聯席公司秘書的提名以及其他重要財務及營運事項。

全體董事均可全面及適時地獲 取所有相關資料以及獲得本公 司聯席公司秘書的意見與服 務,以確保董事會程序及所有 適用規則及規例均獲遵從。 董事有權於適當情況下尋獨行 立專業意見以協助他們履行其 對本公司的責任,有關開支由 本公司承擔。

本公司的日常管理、行政及營 運均已委派予高級管理層。其 獲授權的職能會定期予以檢 討。訂立任何重大交易前必須 取得董事會批准。

企業管治報告

3. Board Composition

The Board comprised the following Directors throughout 2022:

Executive Directors Mr. Sean Shi (Chairman)

Mr. Guo Qiang
Mr. Sun Shengfeng
Ms. Shu Ping
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai

Non-executive Director Mr. Zhang Yong

Independent non-executive Mr. Yau Ka Chi
Directors Mr. Qian Mingxing

Ms. Ye Shujun

The list of the Directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company from time to time pursuant to the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive Directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed in this annual report, to the best knowledge of the Company, there are no financial, business, family, or other material/relevant relationships among members of the Board.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board and at least one independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his or her independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence requirements set out in the Listing Rules.

3. 董事會組成

在2022年董事會由以下董事組成:

執行董事 施永宏先生(主席)

郭強先生 孫勝峰先生 舒萍女士 趙曉凱先生

非執行董事 張勇先生

獨立非執行董事 邱家賜先生

錢明星先生 葉蜀君女士

董事名單(按分類)亦根據上 市規則於本公司不時公佈的所 有公司通訊內予以披露。獨立 非執行董事根據上市規則於所 有公司通訊內明確列出。

除本年報所披露者外,據本公司所知,董事會成員之間概無 財務、業務、家庭或其他重 大/相關關係。

於截至2022年12月31日止年 度內,董事會一直遵守上市規 則有關規定,委任至少三名獨 立非執行董事,佔董事會成員 人數至少三分之一,以及其中 至少一名獨立非執行董事須擁 有適當專業資格或會計或相關 財務管理專長。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則的規定發出確認本身獨立性的年度確認函。本公司認為,根據上市規則所載的獨立性規定,所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

企業管治報告

4. Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of the Directors are laid down in the Articles of Association. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, but are not limited to, reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment of the Directors.

Each of the executive Directors and non-executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company pursuant to which each of them has agreed to act as an executive Director or a non-executive Director (as the case may be), subject to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association, until it is terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the service contract or by either party giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with the Company and has been appointed for a term of three years. The appointment may be terminated by either party giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and the Board has power from time to time and at any time to appoint any new Director to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

4. 董事的委任、重選及免職

董事的委任、重選及免職程序。 及過程已載於組織章程細則。 提名委員會的主要職責包括但 不限於檢討董事會架構、規模 及組成、評估獨立非執行董事 的獨立性及就有關委任董事的 事宜向董事會提出建議。

企業管治報告

5. Induction and Continuing Development for Directors

Each newly appointed Director receives formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he or she understands the business and operations of the Company and that he or she is fully aware of his or her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and other relevant regulatory requirements.

The Directors are continually provided with information relating to the developments in the legal and regulatory regime and the business and market environments to facilitate the execution of their responsibilities. Continuing briefings and professional development for the Directors were arranged by the Company and its professional advisers.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, each Director has received the training sessions organized by the Stock Exchange, external professional advisers and the Company regarding, among others, continuing obligations of the listed issuers, updated rules and regulations of the Stock Exchange and anti-corruption policies.

According to records provided by the Directors, a summary of training received by the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

enforcement of the Stock Exchange and the inspection report issued by the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council in

5. 董事的就任導引及持續發展

本公司於每名新委任董事首次 獲委任時向其作出正式、全面 及特設的就任導引,以確保其 了解本公司的業務及運作,並 完全知悉其於上市規則及其他 有關監管規例下的職責及責 任。

董事持續獲提供有關法律及規 管制度以及業務及市場環境最 新發展的資料,以協助彼等履 行職責。本公司及其專業顧問 已為董事安排持續性簡介及專 業知識介紹。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,每名董事均已接受聯交所、外部專業顧問及本公司組織的培訓課程,該等課程內容有關(其中包括)上市發行人的持續責任、聯交所最新規則及規例以及反貪污政策。

根據董事提供的記錄,董事於 截至2022年12月31日止年度 獲得的培訓概要如下:

關聯交所監管最新消息

及執行方式的刊物中相 關資料,以及會計及財

務匯報局發佈的調查報

告。

Name of Director	董事姓名	Training ^(Note) 培訓 ^(附註)
Mr. Sean Shi	施永宏先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Guo Qiang	郭強先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Sun Shengfeng	孫勝峰先生	$\sqrt{}$
Ms. Shu Ping	舒萍女士	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai	趙曉凱先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Zhang Yong	張勇先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Yau Ka Chi	邱家賜先生	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Qian Mingxing	錢明星先生	$\sqrt{}$
Ms. Ye Shujun	葉蜀君女士	$\sqrt{}$
read and learnt relevant inf	ning sessions, each Director has ormation in the publications issued egarding regulatory updates and	附註: 除以上培訓課程外,各 董事均已閱讀及學習 2022年聯交所發佈有

2022.

企業管治報告

6. Attendance Record of Board Meetings

a. Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance

Code provision C.5.1 of part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code prescribes that at least four regular Board meetings should be held in each year at approximately quarterly intervals with active participation of majority of directors, either in person or through electronic means of communication.

The Board met five times during the year ended 31 December 2022 for reviewing and approving the audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2021, unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2022, proposal for distribution of a final dividend, amendments to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, reviewing and approving entering into a continuing connected transaction, and determination of environmental targets and relevant matters.

The chairman of the Company held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 without the presence of other Directors.

The Company held an annual general meeting on 20 May 2022 during the year ended 31 December 2022. All proposed Shareholders' resolutions put to the above annual general meeting were resolved by poll vote and were duly passed. The vote tally of each such resolution was set out in the Company's announcement released on the day of the annual general meeting.

6. 董事會會議出席記錄

a. 會議次數及董事出席率

企業管治守則第二部字則第二部字則條文C.5.1條規定召開 每年至少召開 至東京 中國 一次 的 一次 的 一次 的 一次 的 大會 电子 一次 的 大會 电子 一次 的 大會 电子 一次 的 大會 电子 一次 的 大會 通過 電子 通過 電子 通過 信方式)。

於截至2022年12月31日月31日月3日月3日月3日月3日月3日月3日月1日月3日日月3日年2021年12月31日中期股職有至2021年在2022年,議2022年,議2022年,議2022年,議2022年,議2022年,議2022年,議2022年,後圍連2022年,議新審易開2022年,該2022年,後圍2022年,20

於截至2022年12月31日 止年度,本公司主席與 獨立非執行董事進行一 次會議,而其他董事未 有出席是次會議。

企業管治報告

The attendance records of each Director at the Board meetings and general meetings of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out below:

於截至2022年12月31日 止年度內,各董事出席 董事會會議和本公司的 股東大會的記錄載列如 下:

Name of Director	董事姓名	Attendance/ Number of Board Meetings 出席次數/ 董事會會議次數	Attendance/ Number of General Meeting(s) 出席次數/ 股東大會次數
Mr. Sean Shi	施永宏先生	5/5	1/1
Mr. Guo Qiang	郭強先生	5/5	1/1
Mr. Sun Shengfeng	孫勝峰先生	5/5	1/1
Ms. Shu Ping	舒萍女士	5/5	1/1
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai	趙曉凱先生	5/5	1/1
Mr. Zhang Yong	張勇先生	5/5	1/1
Mr. Yau Ka Chi	邱家賜先生	5/5	1/1
Mr. Qian Mingxing	錢明星先生	5/5	1/1
Ms. Ye Shujun	葉蜀君女士	5/5	1/1

Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are made available to the Directors in advance, to ensure that each Director has the opportunity to raise matters to be discussed and included in the agenda of the Board meetings.

Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all of the Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notices were generally given.

會議常規及指引 b.

年度會議時間表及每次 董事會會議的草擬議程 會在會議舉行前事先向 董事提供,以確保全體 董事皆有機會提出商討 事項列入董事會會議議 程。

定期董事會會議通知均 至少於會議前14日送交 所有董事。就其他董事 會及委員會會議而言, 在一般情況下將給予合 理通知。

企業管治報告

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information were sent to all of the Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions.

Each Director also had separate and independent access to the senior management of the Company whenever necessary.

The senior management of the Company attend all regular Board meetings and where necessary, other Board and committee meetings, to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory and regulatory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Company.

The joint company secretaries are responsible for taking and keeping minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to the Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for the Directors' inspection.

The Articles of Association contain provisions requiring the Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest. 於需要時,各董事亦可 單獨及獨立地聯絡本公 司高級管理層。

組織章程細則載有規定,要求有關董事於批 准彼等或其任何聯繫人 擁有重大利益的交易時 放棄投票且不計入會議 法定人數。

企業管治報告

B. CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Code provision C.2.1 of part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, Mr. Sean Shi has served as the Chairman of the Board, while Mr. Guo Qiang has served as the chief executive officer of the Company who is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Company. The division of responsibilities between the Chairperson of the Board and the chief executive has been clearly established and set out in writing.

C. BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All of these three committees are established with defined written terms of reference which are available at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The majority of the members of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors.

The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

B. 主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則第二部分守則條文 C.2.1條訂明,主席及行政總裁的職 位應有區分,並不應由同一人兼任。

於截至2022年12月31日止年度, 施永宏先生擔任董事會主席,而郭 強先生則擔任本公司首席執行官, 負責本公司日常管理。董事會主席 及首席執行管的職責區分已予明確 書面訂立。

C. 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審計 委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會,以監察本公司特定事務。三個 委員會均訂有明確書面職權範圍, 且該等職權範圍於聯交所及本公司 網站上可供查閱。

審計委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會的成員大多數為獨立非執行董 事。

董事委員會擁有充足資源履行彼等 職責,並可於提出合理要求時在適 當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用 由本公司承擔。

企業管治報告

1. Audit Committee

We have established the Audit Committee with terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules as well as paragraph D.3 of part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code. The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Yau Ka Chi, Mr. Qian Mingxing and Ms. Ye Shujun. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. Yau, who has the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee meets at least twice a year. The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, but are not limited to, assisting the Board by (i) reviewing and monitoring the relationship of the external auditor and the Group. particularly the independence, objectivity and effectiveness of the external auditor; (ii) providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, compliance, risk management and internal control systems of the Group; (iii) overseeing the audit process and performing other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board; (iv) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and requirements under the Listing Rules; (v) reviewing the financial information of the Company and ensuring compliance with accounting standards and reviewing significant adjustments resulting from audit; and (vi) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to the Company's employees and Directors.

1. 審計委員會

我們已按照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治守則第二部分第D.3段成立具職權範圍的審計委員會。審計委員會由三名家財力董事組成,即即公司,以其一人主,。 先生、錢明星先生及葉獨君公士。審計委員會的主席為則 生,彼具備根據上市規則 3.10(2)及3.21條項下規定的適當專業資格。

審計委員會每年進行至少兩次 會議。審計委員會的主要職責 包括(但不限於)在以下方面 協助董事會:(i)檢討及監控外 聘核數師與本集團之間的關 係,尤其是外聘核數師的獨立 性、客觀性及有效性;(ii)就本 集團的財務報告過程、合規、 風險管理及內部控制制度的有 效性提供獨立意見;(iii)監察 審核過程以及履行董事會指派 的其他職務與職責;(iv)制訂 及檢討本公司的企業管治政策 及常規,以及法律和法規要求 及上市規則要求的合規情況; (v)審閱本公司財務資料,確 保遵守會計標準及檢討因核數 而出現的重大調整;及(vi)制 訂、檢討及監控適用於本公司 僱員及董事的行為守則。

企業管治報告

The Audit Committee held three meetings during the year ended 31 December 2022 and its main work involved the following:

- reviewing the audited annual results and financial report for the year ended 31 December 2021;
- reviewing the unaudited interim results and financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2022;
- reviewing the financial reporting and the compliance procedures;
- reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance;
- reviewing the compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and the disclosure requirement in the corporate governance report as contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules;
- reviewing the code of conduct and the compliance manuals for employees and the Directors, the financial, operational and compliance monitoring;
- reviewing the risk management and internal control systems;
- reviewing the internal audit work of the risk management and internal audit department; and
- reviewing the work of the external auditor.

The Audit Committee met with the external auditor of the Company in the absence of management of the Company once in relation to the provision of audit service to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,審計委員會已舉行三次會議,其主要工作涉及以下各項:

- 審閱截至2021年12月31 日止年度的經審核年度 業績及財務報告;
- 審閱截至2022年6月30 日止六個月的未經審核 中期業績及財務報告;
- 審閲財務申報及合規程序;
- 審閱企業管治政策及常規;
- 審閱遵守上市規則附錄 十四所載企業管治守則 及企業管治報告的披露 規定;
- 審閱僱員及董事操守準則及合規手冊、財務、 運作及合規監控;
- 審閱風險管理及內部控制系統;
- 審閱風險管理及內部審計部的內部審計工作;及
- 審閱外聘核數師的工作。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,審計委員會曾與本公司外聘核數師進行一次有關為本公司提供核數服務的會議,而本公司管理層未有出席是次會議。

企業管治報告

Attendance/

The attendance records of the meetings of Audit Committee are set out below:

審計委員會會議的出席記錄載 列如下:

本公司截至2022年12月31

日止年度的年度業績已由審

計委員會於2023年3月25日

審閱。審計委員會認為截至

2022年12月31日止年度的年度財務業績符合有關會計標

準、規則及規定,並已正式作

Name of Committee Member	委員會成員姓名	Number of Meeting(s) 出席次數/會議次數
Mr. Yau Ka Chi	邱家賜先生	3/3
Mr. Qian Mingxing	錢明星先生	3/3
Ms. Ye Shujun	葉蜀君女士	2/3

The Company's annual results for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee on 25 March 2023. The Audit Committee considers that the annual financial results for the year ended 31 December 2022 are in compliance with the relevant accounting standards, rules and regulations and appropriate disclosures have been duly made.

2. 薪酬委員會

出適當披露。

2. Remuneration Committee

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee with terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules as well as paragraph E.1 of part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code. The Remuneration Committee consists of three Directors, namely, the executive Director Ms. Shu Ping and the independent non-executive Directors Ms. Ye Shujun and Mr. Qian Mingxing. Ms. Ye Shujun serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for remuneration of all the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (ii) reviewing and approving senior management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board corporate goals and objectives; (iii) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management and (iv) reviewing and approving matters relating to share schemes in accordance with Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

本公司已按照上市規則第3.25 條及企業管治守則第二部分第 E.1段成立具職權範圍的薪酬 委員會。薪酬委員會由三名董 事組成,即執行董事舒萍女士 及獨立非執行董事葉蜀君女士 及錢明星先生。葉蜀君女士擔 任薪酬委員會的主席。

企業管治報告

On 16 December 2022, the Company made amendments to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee regarding reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules as to comply with the Listing Rules as amended. For details, please refer to the amended terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee published at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 December 2022 to review the remuneration policy and structure of the Company, and consider and make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management of the Company. No RSU was granted under the RSU Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The attendance records of the meeting of Remuneration Committee are set out below:

Name of Committee Member

Ms. Ye Shujun Ms. Shu Ping Mr. Qian Mingxing 於2022年12月16日,本公司 對薪酬委員會職權範圍內關於 審閱及/或批准上市規則第 十七章所述的有關股份計劃事 宜的內容作出修訂,以遵守, 修訂上市規則。有關詳情, 參閱刊載於聯交所及本公司 站的薪酬委員會經修訂職權範 圍。

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會已舉行一次會議,以檢討本公司的薪酬政策及架構,以及考慮本公司董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇並就此向董事會提出建議。於截至2022年12月31日止年度,無根據受限制股份單位計劃授出受限制股份單位。

薪酬委員會會議的出席記錄載 列如下:

Attendance/

委員會成員姓名	Number of Meeting(s) 出席次數/會議次數
葉蜀君女士 舒萍女士	1/1 1/1
錢明星先生	1/1

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the senior management of the Company are set out in note 36 to the Financial Statements. 本公司董事及高級管理層的酬金詳情載於財務報表附註36。

企業管治報告

The remuneration of the members of senior management (comprising four Directors) by band for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out below:

截至2022年12月31日止年度 按範圍劃分的高級管理層成員 (包括四名董事)酬金載列如下:

Remuneration bands (RMB) 酬金範圍(人民幣元)		No. of person 人數	
3,000,001-7,000,000		3	
500,001-3,000,000		_	
0-500,000		1	
Total	總計	4	

3. Nomination Committee

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.27A of the Listing Rules and paragraph B.3 of part 2 of the Corporate Governance Code. The Nomination Committee consists of three Directors, namely, the executive Director Mr. Sean Shi and the independent non-executive Directors Mr. Qian Mingxing and Ms. Ye Shujun. Mr. Sean Shi serves as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The Nomination Committee meets at least once a year. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, but are not limited to, (i) reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board; (ii) assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; (iii) making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment of Directors; and (iv) reviewing the diversity policy and nomination policy of the Board.

3. 提名委員會

本公司已按照上市規則第3.27A條及企業管治守則第二部分第B.3段成立具職權範的提名委員會。提名委員會由三名董事組成,即執行董事的表宏先生以及獨立非執行董。 發明星先生及葉蜀君女士。施永宏先生擔任提名委員會的主席。

提名委員會每年進行至少一次 會議。提名委員會的主要職責 包括(但不限於)(i)檢討董事會 架構、規模及組成;(ii)評估獨 立非執行董事的獨立性;(iii) 就有關委任董事的事宜向董事 會提出建議;及(iv)審閱董事 會多元化政策及提名政策。

企業管治報告

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 December 2022 to review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including the skills, knowledge, experience, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience and length of service) of the Board and make recommendations to the Board relating to the appointment and re-election of Directors to ensure that the Board has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company; to review the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management; and to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The attendance records of the meeting of Nomination Committee are set out below:

提名委員會會議的出席記錄載 列如下:

> Attendance/ Number of Meeting(s) 空次數 / 會議次數

Name of Committee Member委員會成員姓名出席次數/會議次數Mr. Sean Shi施永宏先生1/1Mr. Qian Mingxing錢明星先生1/1Ms. Ye Shujun葉蜀君女士1/1

Where vacancies on the Board arise, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations.

倘董事會出現空缺,提名委員 會將參照提名人選的技能、經 驗、專業知識、個人誠信及時 間付出,本公司的需要及其他 相關法定規定及規例,啟動甄 選程序。

企業管治報告

On 26 March 2019, the Nomination Policy was adopted to enable the Nomination Committee to nominate suitable candidates to the Board for its consideration and recommendation to Shareholders for election as Directors of the Company at the Shareholders' annual general meeting or to fill casual vacancies of the Directors for the appointment by the Board. A summary of the Nomination Policy is set out below:

Purpose:

The Nomination Policy aims to set out the approach to enable the Nomination Committee to nominate suitable candidates to the Board.

Selection Criteria:

Evaluation of candidates will be based on a range of factors, including but not limited to their reputation in the industry, achievements and experiences in the food and beverage industry, time commitments and board diversity, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

於2019年3月26日,本公司採 納了提名政策,以使提名委員 會能夠向董事會提名合適的候 選人供其考慮及推薦予股東以 於股東调年大會上選任本公司 董事或填補臨時空缺以待董事 會委任。提名政策的概要載列 如下:

目的:

提名政策旨在訂明 使提名委員會能夠 向董事會提名合適 候選人的方法。

甄選標準: 對候選人的評估將 基於多項因素進 行,包括但不限於 彼等在業內的聲 譽、在食品及飲料 行業的成就及經 驗、時間付出以及 董事會多元化(包括 但不限於性別、年 齡、文化及教育背 景、種族、專業經 驗、技能、知識以 及服務任期)。

企業管治報告

Nomination Procedures:

The Nomination Committee shall hold special meeting and invite the Board members to recommend candidates (if suitable candidates available) for consideration before the meeting. The Nomination Committee may also nominate the candidates who are not recommended by the Board members.

In the case of filling the casual vacancies, the Nomination Committee shall recommend candidates and the Board for its consideration and approval. If candidates are recommended to be elected at the Shareholders' annual general meeting, the Nomination Committee shall nominate to the Board for its consideration and recommendation for their election.

The nominated person should not be presumed to be recommended by the Board for election at the Shareholders' annual general meeting until the publication of the circular to the Shareholders.

The information of candidates nominated by the Board shall be set out in the circular for the Shareholders' annual general meeting.

The candidates may withdraw from election by serving written notice to the Board at any time before holding the Shareholders' annual general meeting.

提名程序: 提名委員會須舉行 特別會議並邀請董 事會成員推薦候選 人(如有合適的候選 人)在會議上審議。 提名委員會亦可提 名並非由董事會成 員推薦的候選人。

> 如為填補臨時空 缺,提名委員會須 將候撰人推薦予董 事會供其審批。倘 推薦候選人在股東 调年大會上選任, 提名委員會須向董 事會提名供其考慮 及推薦選任。

> 在向股東刊發通函 前,不得假設獲提 名人士由董事會推 薦在股東週年大會 上選任。

董事會所提名候選 人的資料須載入股 東週年大會通函內。

候選人可於股東週 年大會舉行前任何 時間向董事會發出 書面通知退出選舉。

企業管治報告

The Board has absolute final discretion as to all matters in relation to the candidates to be recommended by it for their election at the Shareholders' annual general meeting, and the appointment of candidates is subject to final approval at the Shareholders' annual general meeting.

Confidentiality:

Unless otherwise required by law or any regulatory authorities, under no circumstances shall a member of the Nomination Committee or a staff member of the Company disclose any information to the public or entertain any enquiries from the public, as the case may be, with regard to any nomination or candidate before the publication of the circular to Shareholders.

Board Diversity Policy

The composition and diversity of the Board were considered by adopting the Board Diversity Policy including the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business development of the Company and for effective leadership. All the executive and non-executive Directors possess extensive and diversified experience in management and broad industrial experience. The three independent non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge in management, finance, accountancy and legal, respectively with broad and extensive experience in business advisory and management, respectively. A summary of the Board Diversity Policy is set out below:

Purpose:

The Board Diversity Policy aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity of the members of the Board and enable the Board to comply with the Corporate Governance Code.

保密性:

董事會成員多元化政策

目的:

董事會成員多元化 政策旨在訂明實現 董事會成員多元化 的方法,及使董 會符合企業管治守 則。

企業管治報告

Board Diversity Policy statement: The Company considers increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

董事會 成員 多元化 政策 聲明:

本公司視董事會層 面的日益多元化為 支持其達到策略目 標及可持續發展的 必要元素。於設計 董事會之組成時, 本公司已從多方面 (包括但不限於性 別、年齡、文化及 教育背景、種族、 專業經驗、技能、 知識以及服務任 期)考慮董事會成 員多元化。所有董 事會成員之任命將 按精英制度而定, 而候選人將按照 目標準則,並適當 顧及董事會成員多 元化的裨益予以考 慮。

企業管治報告

Measurable
Objectives:

Our Board has a balanced mix of knowledge and skills, including knowledge and experience in the areas of food industry and management, and sales and marketing. They obtained degrees in various majors including mechanics, business administration. engineering, finance, accountancy, economics and law. Furthermore, our Board has a wide range of age, ranging from 43 years old to 65 years old. Currently, the Board has two female Directors, Ms. Shu Ping, one executive Director and Ms Ye Shujun, one independent non-executive Director. The Nomination Committee is of the view that the diversity level of the Board is appropriate in terms of knowledge. experience and skills of the directors. After evaluating various factors, given that the Board has two female directors, representing 22.2% of the Board, which is slightly higher than the industry average, the Nomination Committee considered that Board gender diversity is achieved and will maintain the gender diversity at such level. The Nomination Committee will continue to observe the Board Diversity Policy and consider potential candidates against the objective criteria set out in the Board Diversity Policy in order to achieve increasing diversity at the Board level. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

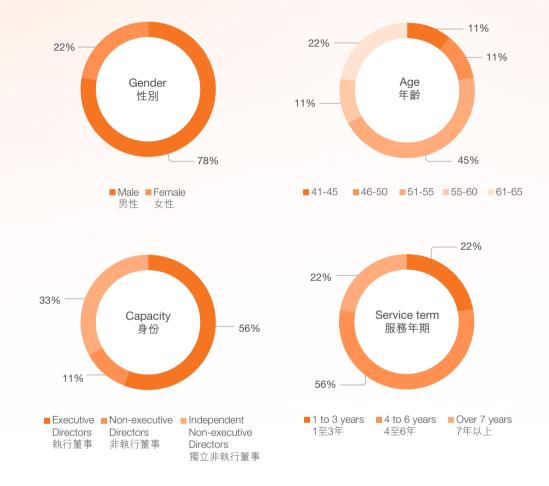
可計量 目標:

董事會擁有均衡的 知識及技能組合, 包括食品行業與管 理及銷售與營銷領 域的知識和經驗。 彼等獲得多個不 同專業的學位,包 括機械學、工商 管理、工程學、 金融學、會計學、 經濟學及法學。此 外,董事會成員的 年齡分佈很廣, 介於43歲至65歲 不等。目前,董事 會擁有兩名女性董 事,即執行董事舒 萍女士及獨立非執 行董事葉蜀君女 士。提名委員會認 為,董事會成員的 多元化水平就董事 的知識、經驗和技 能而言乃屬合適。 經評估多項因素, 鑒於董事會包含兩 名女性董事(佔董 事會22.2%席位, 略高於行業平均水 平),提名委員會 認為董事會的性別 多元化已達到一定 水平並將保持這一 水平。提名委員會 將繼續遵循董事會 多元化政策,並按 董事會多元化政策 所載的目標準則物 色潛在候選人,以 令董事會成員日益 多元化。候選人的 篩選將基於多個方 面(包括但不限於 性別、年齡、文化 及教育背景、種 族、專業經驗、技 能、知識以及服務 任期)。最終決定 將基於獲撰的候撰 人可為董事會帶來 的價值及貢獻而 定。

企業管治報告

In reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board, the Nomination Committee has taken into account the measurable objectives as set out in the Board Diversity Policy.

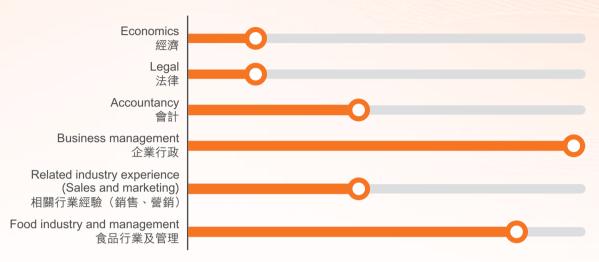
於檢討董事會的架構、人數、 組成及多元化時,提名委員會 已考慮董事會成員多元化政策 所載的可計量目標。



企業管治報告

Board Experience

董事會專長及經驗



Diversity at Work Force

The Company strives to provide a platform with equal opportunities for all our employees as we value the experience and knowledge of our senior staff as well as the passion and adaptability of the younger staff. To build a healthy talent pipeline in preparing for the Group's continuous business expansion, we emphasize the importance for our new hires to be selected through robust, fair and transparent recruitment process, based on their merits and their potential.

員工多元化

本公司重視資深員工的經驗及 知識,亦重視年輕員工的經驗及 履過應能力,因此致力為會體 僱員提供一個機會平等的人 管道,以為本集團不斷拓過 管道,以為本集團不斷 務做好準備,我們強調透序 健、公平和透明的招聘程力 挑選 根據求職者的優點和潛力挑選 新員工。

企業管治報告

Our employment profile^(Note) as at 31 December 2022 is as follows:

我們於2022年12月31日的員工概況^(註)如下:

Workforce (including senior management) as at 31 December 2022	於 2022 年 12月31 日的 工作團隊 (包括高級管理層)	No. of Headcount 人數	Percentage of Total Headcount 佔總人數的百分比
By Gender	按性别劃分		
Male	男	1,515	55.7%
Female	女	1,205	44.3%
By Age Group	按年齡組别劃分		
<30 years old	<30歲	990	36.4%
30-40 (exclusive) years old	30至40歲(不含)	975	35.8%
40-50 (exclusive) years old	40至50歲(不含)	578	21.3%
>=50 years old	>=50歲	177	6.5%

Note: Key performance indicators for employment of the Company are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of this annual report.

The Company is committed to providing all the job applicants and staff with equal opportunities for employment, without tolerance of any discrimination over gender, age, ethnicity, nationality and disability. The Group recruits workforce in strict compliance with local laws and regulations. Moreover, we emphasize the protection of females' rights and interests as part of our management principle and also provide more comfortable and flexible employment arrangements and holiday benefits for our female staff. We expect the diversity at workforce could reach a more balanced level in 2023.

註: 本公司員工關鍵績效指標載 於本年報的環境、社會及管 治報告。

企業管治報告

D. REMUNERATION OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The senior management of the Company comprises Mr. Sean Shi, Mr. Guo Qiang, Mr. Sun Shengfeng and Mr. Zhao Xiaokai, all of whom are executive Directors. Details of the remuneration of the above senior management are set out in note 36 to the Financial Statements.

E. MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code. Specific enquiries have been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Company's relevant employees, who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company, have also been subject to the Model Code for securities transactions. The Company was not aware of any incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the Company's relevant employees during the year ended 31 December 2022.

F. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other financial disclosures required by the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The senior management of the Company has provided such explanation and information to the Board as necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Company in order to put forward such information to the Board for approval.

D. 高級管理層的薪酬

本公司高級管理層包括施永宏先生、郭強先生、孫勝峰先生及趙曉 凱先生,各人均為執行董事。上述 高級管理層的酬金詳情載於財務報 表附註36。

E. 證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則。本公司已 向所有董事作出特定查詢,董事均 已確認彼等已於截至2022年12月 31日止年度內一直遵守標準守則。

可能掌握本公司內幕消息的本公司 相關僱員亦已遵守證券交易的標準 守則。截至2022年12月31日止年 度,本公司並不知悉本公司相關僱 員有任何不遵守標準守則的事件。

F. 董事進行財務申報的責任

董事確認彼等編製本公司截至2022 年12月31日止年度財務報表的責 任。

董事會負責對年度及中期報告、內 幕消息公佈及按上市規則及其他監 管要求規定的其他財務披露作出平 衡、清晰而可理解的評估。

本公司高級管理層已在需要時向董事會提供該等解釋及資料,以便董事會對本公司財務資料及狀況作出知情評估,以提呈該等資料予董事會批准。

企業管治報告

G. EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND AUDITOR REMUNERATION

Pursuant to the resolution of the 2022 annual general meeting, PricewaterhouseCoopers was re-appointed by the Company as the external auditor of financial statements prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards.

The statement of the external auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities for the financial statements is set out under the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

The external auditor of the Company is invited to attend the annual general meeting to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report and auditor's independence.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the remuneration paid/payable to the external auditor of the Company for the provision of audit services for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to RMB3.33 million. The audit services include statutory audits and reviews of the Group and certain subsidiaries.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the remuneration paid/payable to the external auditor of the Company in respect of non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to RMB0.84 million. The nature of such non-audit services is to provide advisory services. The non-audit services conducted by the external auditor mainly include tax compliance and other advisory services.

G. 外聘核數師及核數師酬金

根據2022年的股東週年大會決議案,本公司已重新委聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所作為根據國際財務報告準則編製財務報表的外聘核數師。

本公司外聘核數師就財務報表的申報責任作出的聲明載於本年報「獨立核數師報告」一節。

本公司邀請外聘核數師出席股東週年大會,回答有關審核工作、核數師報告的編製及內容以及核數師的獨立性等問題。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司就截至2022年12月31日止年度獲提供的審核服務向本公司外聘核數師支付/應支付的酬金為人民幣3.33百萬元。審核服務包括本集團及若干附屬公司的法定審計及審閱。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,就截至2022年12月31日止年度的非審核服務向本公司外聘核數師支付/應支付的酬金為人民幣0.84百萬元。該等非審核服務的性質為提供諮詢服務。由外聘核數師進行的非審核服務主要包括税務合規性及其他諮詢服務。

企業管治報告

H. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board of Directors is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of sound and effective risk management and internal control systems that are in line with the strategic objective of the Group. The Group established risk management and internal control systems to protect the interests of the Group and Shareholders, ensure the Group is in compliance with relevant laws and regulations, effectively identify and manage significant risks in achieving its strategic objectives, protect the safety of the Group's assets, and ensure the maintenance of proper compliance accounting records and financial reports.

The Board of Directors is responsible for evaluating the nature and extent of the risks the Group is willing to take in achieving strategic objectives and ensuring that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems as well as overseeing management of the Group in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Board periodically receives (at least once a year) reports from the Group's management regarding financial, operational and compliance controls, as well as the establishment, review and assessment of the risk management and internal control functions of the Group. All significant risks (including ESG risks) are reported to the Board. The Board will also evaluate the corresponding risks and the response plan. The Group would review, among other things, adequacy of resources, staff's qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of our accounting, internal control and financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to our ESG performance and reporting.

The Group's management is authorized by the Board to be in charge of the organization and implementation of the risk management and internal control of the Group and be responsible for establishing the risk management and internal control systems, standardizing the organization, authorization, responsibilities, procedures and methods of the risk management and internal control systems and also responsible for ongoing monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, and makes periodic reports to the Board regarding the status of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

H. 風險管理及內部控制

董事會負責建立和維持與本集團戰略目標相匹配的、健全有效集團風內配整控系統系,以實理及內部監控系統系。與實理及內財東利益,有效強團建在團遭守相關法律法規,有效設面重大課。 理影響公司戰略目標實現的重大課 理影響。公司戰略可發致的重大課 實際,保護本集團資產的安報告。 恰當合規的會計記錄和財務報告。

董事會負責評估本集團達成戰略目標時所願意接納的風險性質及程度,並確保本集團設立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統,同時,負責監督本集團管理層對風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施與監察。

企業管治報告

The risk management and internal audit department of the Group assists the Board and the Audit Committee in their analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The risk management and internal audit department of the Group adopts an audit approach based on risk and control. The annual work plan of the risk management and internal audit department of the Group covers the major activities and processes of the Group's operations, businesses and service units. Special reviews are also performed at the management's request. The results of these audit activities are reported to the Audit Committee. The risk management and internal audit department of the Group provides independent assurance to the Board, the Audit Committee and the management of the Company as to whether the Group's internal controls are adequate and effective.

With respect to risk management, the Group has chosen and adopted the risk management framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in the United States of America ("COSO"), and established a risk management system covering design, implementation, monitoring, assessment and continuous improvement based on the ISO 31000: 2009 and ISO 31000: 2018 "Risk Management - Guidelines". The Group's management established the overall targets and policies of the risk management system which are in line with the strategic objectives, and identified, analysed and assessed the overall risk of the Company, especially the risks in making major decisions, important events and key business processes. The Group's management is also responsible for reviewing and approving the response plans to material risks (including ESG risks), as well as following-up and periodically reviewing the implementation of such response plans of risks identified, in order to make sure that sufficient attention, monitor and responses will be paid to all material risks (including ESG risks) of the Company. The risk management reports are submitted to the Board periodically.

With respect to internal control, the Group has chosen and adopted the internal control framework issued by COSO, established an internal control system and mechanism over financial, operational and compliance controls and conducted continuing review and evaluation of the internal control system of the Group to ensure the timeliness, accuracy and completeness of all information reported.

本集團風控和內審部門協助董事會 及審計委員會,對本集團的風險管 理與內部監控系統是否足夠以及其 有效性進行分析及獨立評估。本集 **專**風控和內審部門採用以風險及控 制為本的審核方法。本集團風控和 內審部門的全年工作計劃,涵蓋本 集團營運、業務及服務單位各項主 要工作及過程,並按照管理層的要 求進行特別檢討,而審核工作的結 果會向審計委員會作出匯報。本集 團風控和內審部門就本集團內部監 控是否足夠及有效向董事會、審計 委員會及本公司管理層提供獨立保

在風險管理方面,本集團選用 美國Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission(「COSO」)制定 的企業風險管理框架,並以ISO 31000:2009及ISO 31000:2018 標準《風險管理指南》作為重要參 考,形成一套設計、實施、監控、 評審和持續改進的風險管理體系。 本集團管理層根據戰略制定風險管 理總體目標和策略,識別、分析及 評估本公司綜合風險,重點是重大 決策、重大事件和重要業務流程方 面,亦負責審查和批准對重大風險 (包括ESG風險)的應對方案,同時 跟蹤與定期回顧已識別風險的應對 方案實施情況,以確保本公司各類 重大風險(包括ESG風險)能得到足 夠的關注、監控與應對。風險管理 報告定期向董事會呈交。

在內部監控方面,本集團選用 COSO制定的內部監控框架,建立 有關財務監控、營運監控和合規監 控的內部監控系統及機制,對本 集團的內部監控進行持續審視與評 估,以確保各項報告信息的及時、 準確和完整。

企業管治報告

- The management has evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control regarding the financial report as of 31 December 2022, did not identify any material weakness as a result of the evaluation, was not aware of any areas of concern that would have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations, and considered the management's ongoing monitoring of risks (including risks relating to the environmental, social and governance, the details of which are set out in the environmental, social and governance report in this annual report) and of the internal control systems to be generally adequate and effective, including with respect to the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the accounting, and internal audit and financial reporting functions. On the basis of such evaluation, the Board considers that as of 31 December 2022, risk management and internal control systems of the Group were effective and adequate.
- At the same time, the Group has established a mechanism for remediating internal control deficiency under which the person in charge of each unit is assigned clear responsibilities relating to remediating internal control deficiency of the unit.
- The Group has formulated an inside information policy and regularly reminds its Directors and employees to comply with all inside information policies.

- 管理層已經對本公司截至 2022年12月31日財務報告內 部監控的設計和運行有效性進 行了評估,通過評估未發現任 何實質性漏洞,未發現任何將 對本公司的財務狀況或經營業 績造成重大影響而需多加關注 的事項,亦認為管理層對風 險(包括與環境、社會及管治 有關的風險,詳情載於本年報 的環境、社會及管治報告)及 內部監控系統整體而言充足並 具成效,包括具備充足資源、 適當的員工資歷及經驗和員工 培訓課程,並在會計、內部審 計及財務匯報職能方面有足夠 的預算。在此評估基礎上,董 事會認為截至2022年12月31 日,本集團風險管理及內部監 控系統是有效及充足的。
- 同時,本集團建立了一套內部 監控缺陷整改機制,各單位的 負責人對本單位的內部監控缺 陷負有明確的整改責任。
- 本集團已制定了內幕消息政策,並定期提醒董事及僱員妥善善遵守所有有關內幕消息的政策。

企業管治報告

The Group established an open channel to handle and discuss internal and external whistle-blowing regarding financial irregularities, internal control deficiencies and fraud, and to ensure that every accusation receives sufficient attention. Significant internal control deficiencies or accusations will be reported directly to the Audit Committee.

The risk management and internal control systems of the Group are designed to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

For details of the nature and extent of the principal risks faced by the Group, please refer to the section headed "e. Principal Risk and Uncertainties" in the Directors' Report of this annual report.

I. BOARD'S INDEPENDENT VIEWS AND INPUTS MECHANISMS

The Board established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, including, among others, (i) independent non-executive Directors are encouraged to actively participate in the Board meetings; (ii) the number of independent non-executive Directors must comply with the requirement under the Listing Rules; (iii) sufficient resources shall be provided to the Board if it thinks necessary to seek independent professional advice from independent third parties; and (iv) the independent non-executive Directors shall devote sufficient time to discharge their duties as a Director.

The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms on an annual basis, which have been reviewed and considered effective by the Board for the year ended 31 December 2022.

本集團設立了公開的渠道以處 理及討論關於財務違規、內部 監控缺陷和舞弊等方面的內部 和外部舉報,並確保各項舉報 得到足夠的關注,重大內部監 控缺陷或舉報可直達審計委員 會。

本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統 旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目 標的風險,而且只能就重大失實陳 述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

有關本集團面對主要風險的性質及程度,請參閱本年報董事會報告 「e.主要風險及不確定性 | 一節。

. 董事會獨立的觀點及意見機制

董事會會每年檢討有關機制的執行 及有效性,而董事會已對截至2022 年12月31日止年度有關機制的執行 及有效性進行檢討並認為有效。

企業管治報告

J. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND J. 與股東及投資者的溝通 INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of transparency and timely disclosure of corporate information, which will enable the Shareholders and investors to make the best investment decisions

The general meetings of the Company have provided a forum for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, and the Nomination Committee and, in their absence, other members of the respective committees and, where applicable, the chairman of the independent Board committee, will be available to answer questions at the general meetings. The chairman of a general meeting will provide the detailed procedures for conducting a poll and answer any questions from the Shareholders on voting by poll.

The Company has adopted the shareholders communication policy, which sets out the framework the Company has put in place to promote effective communication with Shareholders so as to enable them to engage actively with the Company and exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. To promote effective communication, we have established several channels to communicate with the Shareholders as follows, among others:

- corporate communications such as annual reports, interim reports and circulars are issued in printed form and are available on the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk and our Company's website at www.yihchina.com, where information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access;
- corporate information is made available on our Company's website; and

本公司認為,與股東有效溝通對於 促進投資者關係及投資者了解本集 團業務表現及策略至關重要。本公 司亦認識到公司資料的透明度以及 及時披露公司資料以便股東及投資 者能夠作出最佳投資決定的重要性。

本公司已採納股東通訊政策,該政策載列本公司已採納股東通訊政策,該政策載列本公司已制定的框架,以促進與股東的有效溝通,使彼等能夠在知情的情況下積極與本公司合作及行使其作為股東的權利。為促進有效溝通,我們已建立若干渠道與股東溝通,其中包括:

- 年報、中期報告及通函等公司通訊以印刷本形式刊發,並可於聯交所網站www.hkexnews.hk及本公司網站www.yihchina.com查閱,該網站載有本公司業務發展及營運的資料及最新情況、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾人士查閱;
- 公司資料可於本公司網站查閱;及

企業管治報告

 the Hong Kong branch share registrar of our Company serves the Shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matter.

Having considered the multiple channels of communication, the Board is satisfied that the shareholders communication policy provided effective channels by which Shareholders can communicate and raise concern with the Company and is effective for the year ended 31 December 2022.

K. CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2022, no change had been made to the Articles of Association.

On 30 March 2023, the Board has resolved to propose to amend the second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company and to adopt the third amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "Amended and Restated M&A") to conform to the amended Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules under the listing regime for overseas issuers which took effect on 1 January 2022, which streamlines and standardizes a uniform set of 14 core standards for shareholder protections for all issuers regardless of their place of incorporation. The proposed adoption of the Amended and Restated M&A is subject to the approval by the Shareholders by way of a special resolution to be considered and, if thought fit, passed at the AGM. The Amended and Restated M&A, if approved by the Shareholders, will become effective at the AGM. For details, please refer to the announcement and the circular of the Company dated 30 March 2023 and 24 April 2023 respectively published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other change in constitutional documents of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report.

本公司的香港股份過戶登記分 處就股份登記、股息派付及相 關事宜向股東提供服務。

經考慮多種溝通渠道後,董事會信納股東通訊政策於截至2022年12月31日止年度為股東與本公司溝通及提出疑慮提供有效渠道,並行之有效。

K. 章程文件變更

截至2022年12月31日止年度,並 無就組織章程細則作出變更。

於2023年3月30日,董事會已議決 建議修訂本公司經第二次修訂和重 述的組織章程大綱和章程細則,並 採納經第三次修訂和重述的組織章 程大綱和章程細則(「經修訂和重述 大綱和細則」),以符合於2022年1 月1日生效的海外發行人上市機制 下上市規則的經修訂附錄三,當中 精簡及標準化適用於所有發行人的 一整套共14項核心股東保障水平, 而不論有關發行人的註冊成立地 點。建議採納經修訂和重述大綱和 細則有待股東於股東週年大會上以 考慮並酌情通過特別決議案方式批 准。經修訂和重述大綱和細則如獲 股東批准,將於股東週年大會上生 效。詳情請參閱本公司日期分別為 2023年3月30日及2023年4月24日 的公告及通函,有關公告及通函已 於聯交所及本公司各自的網站刊載。

除上文所披露者外,本公司於截至 2022年12月31日止年度及直至本 年報日期並無其他章程文件變動。

企業管治報告

L. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard the Shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantial issue, including the re-election of individual Directors. Meanwhile, procedures are in place for the Shareholders to (i) convene an extraordinary general meeting; (ii) direct their enquiries to the Board; and (iii) put forward proposals at general meetings.

In accordance with Article 13.5 of the Articles of Association, all resolutions put forward at a general meeting will be taken by poll save that the chairman may, in good faith, allow a resolution which relates purely to a procedural or administrative matter as prescribed under the Listing Rules to be voted on by a show of hands.

In addition, the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange after the relevant general meeting.

1. Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 12.3 of the Articles of Association, any two or more Shareholders or any one Shareholder which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee(s)) (the "Requisitionist(s)") holding at the date of deposit of the requisition (deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists) not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company and carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, on written requisition, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.

L. 股東權利

為保障股東權益及權利,各重大事宜(包括重選個別董事)以獨立決議案形式於股東大會上提呈,而且股東可根據有關程序提出(i)召開股東特別大會;(ii)向董事會查詢;及(iii)在股東大會上提呈議案。

根據組織章程細則第13.5條,所有 在股東大會上提呈的決議案均將以 投票方式表決,惟主席秉誠決定容 許如上市規則所規定純粹關於程序 或行政事宜之決議案以舉手方式表 決則除外。

此外,投票表決結果將於相關股東 大會後登載於本公司及聯交所網站 上。

1. 股東召開股東特別大會

企業管治報告

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the Requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

According to Article 12.4 of the Articles of Association, any extraordinary general meeting shall be called by not less than 14 days' notice in writing. Subject to the requirement under the Listing Rules, the notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the time, place, and agenda of the meeting, particulars of the resolutions and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting. The notice convening a meeting to pass a special resolution shall specify the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution. Notice of every general meeting shall be given to the auditors of the Company and to all the Shareholders other than those who, under the provisions hereof or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, are not entitled to receive such notice from the Company.

2. Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There is no single provision in the Articles of Association or the Cayman Companies Act for the Shareholders to put forward proposals at general meetings. The Shareholders who wish to propose a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting in accordance with the procedures set out in the preceding section.

根據組織章程細則第12.4條, 召開任何股東特別大會須發出 不少於14日的書面通知。根 據上市規則的規定,通知期不 包括送達日期或視為送達日期 及所通知日期,並須註明舉行 會議的時間、地點及議程以及 將於會議上討論的決議案詳情 及該事項的一般性質。為通過 特別決議案而召開大會的通告 須註明擬提呈的決議案為特別 決議案的目的。各股東大會通 告須交予本公司核數師及全體 股東,惟按照組織章程細則條 文或所持有股份的發行條款的 規定無權從本公司收取通告者 除外。

2. 在股東大會上提呈議案

組織章程細則或開曼公司法對於股東在股東大會上提呈決議案並無單一規定。有意願提呈決議案的股東可按照上節所載程序請求本公司召開股東大會。

企業管治報告

3. Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board of the Company, the Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Shareholders may send their enquiries, concerns or requests to the Company at 40th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, No. 248 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Shareholders must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. The information of the Shareholders may be disclosed as required by law.

M. DIVIDEND POLICY

Subject to the Cayman Companies Act and the Articles of Association, the Company may declare dividends in any currency through a general meeting, but no dividend may be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board. The Articles of Association provide that dividends may be declared and paid out of profit of the Company, realized or unrealized, or from any reserve set aside from profits which the Directors determine is no longer needed. With the sanction of an ordinary resolution, dividends may also be declared and paid out of a share premium account or any other fund or account which can be authorized for this purpose in accordance with the Cayman Companies Act.

3. 向董事會作出查詢

向本公司董事會提出任何查詢 時,股東可向本公司發出書面 查詢。本公司通常不會處理口 頭或匿名查詢。

股東可向本公司發出其查詢、 關注或請求,地址為香港灣仔 皇后大道東248號大新金融中 心40樓。

為免生疑問,股東須寄發正式 簽署的書面要求、通知或聲明 或查詢(視情況而定)的正本 到上述地址,並提供彼等全 名、聯絡詳情及身份,以便本 公司回覆。股東資料可能根據 法律規定而予以披露。

M. 股息政策

企業管治報告

Except as provided under the terms of a particular issue, or with respect to the rights attached to any Shares, (i) all dividends will be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the Shares in respect of which the dividend is paid, but no amount paid up on a Share in advance of calls may for this purpose be treated as paid up on the Share; and (ii) all dividends will be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amount paid up on the Shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. The Directors may deduct from any dividend or other monies payable to any of the Shareholders or in respect of any Shares all sums of money (if any) presently payable by such Shareholder to us on account of calls or otherwise.

In addition, the declaration of dividends is subject to the discretion of the Board, and the amounts of dividends actually declared and paid will also depend on:

- general business conditions of the Company;
- financial results of the Company;
- capital requirements of the Company;
- interests of the Shareholders; and
- any other factors which the Board may deem relevant.

Future dividend payments to the Shareholders will also depend upon the availability of dividends received from our subsidiaries. PRC laws require that dividends be paid out of the net profit calculated according to PRC accounting principles. PRC laws also require PRC enterprises to set aside part of their net profit as statutory reserves before they distribute the net proceeds. These statutory reserves are not available for distribution as cash dividends. In addition, the dividends paid by the PRC subsidiaries are also subject to the withholding tax imposed by the PRC laws.

此外,宣派股息乃由董事會酌情宣派,實際宣派及派付的股息金額亦 將視乎以下因素而定:

- 本公司的整體業務狀況;
- 本公司的財務業績;
- 本公司的資金需求;
- 股東的利益;及
- 董事會可能認為有關的任何其 他因素。

企業管治報告

The Board has absolute discretion in whether to declare any dividend for any year and, if it decides to declare a dividend, how much dividend to declare. In the future, the Company expects to distribute no less than 20% of the annual distributable profit as dividends. There is, however, no assurance that the Company will be able to distribute dividends of such amount or any amount each year or in any year. The Company will continue to reevaluate the dividend policy in light of the financial position and the prevailing economic climate. However, the determination to pay dividends will be made at the discretion of the Board and will be based upon the earnings, cash flow, financial conditions, capital requirements, statutory fund reserve requirements of the Group and any other conditions that the Directors deem relevant.

董事會可絕對酌情決定是否宣派任

何年度的股息,倘其決定宣派股

N. JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

During the year ended 31 December 2022, Ms. Yue Dianhong and Ms. Chan Yin Wah have each taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update their skills and knowledge.

O. PRIMARY CORPORATE CONTACT PERSON

Ms. Yue Dianhong, the head of legal affairs and joint company secretary, is the Company's primary corporate contact person of the joint company secretary, Ms. Chan Yin Wah, to whom the Company engages an external service provider.

P. GOING CONCERN

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to the Shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

N. 聯席公司秘書

截至2022年12月31日止年度,岳 典宏女士及陳燕華女士均已接受至 少15小時的相關專業培訓,以提高 技能及知識。

O. 公司主要聯絡人

岳典宏女士(法務負責人及聯席公司秘書)為聯席公司秘書陳燕華女士的本公司的公司主要聯絡人,本公司為其委聘外部服務供應商。

P. 持續經營能力

本集團會對資本進行管理,以確保本集團旗下公司能夠持續經營,同時透過優化債務與資本間的平衡最大限度地提高股東回報。

概無有關任何事件或情況的重大不 明朗因素可能對本公司的持續經營 能力構成重大疑問。

董事會報告

The Board of the Company presents this Directors' report in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

本公司董事會提呈本集團截至2022年12 月31日止年度的年報內所載的董事會報 告。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

We are a leading and fast-growing compound condiment manufacturer in China primarily focused on the hot pot condiment, Chinese-style compound condiments and convenient ready-to-eat food products market. We are the major supplier of hot pot soup flavoring products for Haidilao Group in China. In terms of third-party channels, we mainly employ a distributor model to sell our products. The Group is also expanding its sales network in overseas markets.

The principal activities of the Group are researching and developing, manufacturing and selling high-quality hot pot condiments, Chinesestyle compound condiments and convenient ready-to-eat food products. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year ended 31 December 2022.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board resolved to propose to the Shareholders in the forthcoming AGM on Thursday, 18 May 2023 for the distribution of a final dividend of RMB17.72 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2022. The final dividend is expected to be paid on or about 14 June 2023 to the Shareholders whose names are listed in the register of members of the Company on Thursday, 25 May 2023, in an aggregate of approximately RMB185,510,680. Subject to the consideration and approval of the Shareholders at the AGM, the final dividend will be paid in Hong Kong dollars based on the average benchmark exchange rate of Renminbi against Hong Kong Dollars as announced by the People's Bank of China in the five working days prior to but excluding the date of the Board meeting which was held on Thursday, 30 March 2023, that is HK\$20.255732 cents per Share.

主要業務

我們是中國領先且高速發展的複合調味料生產商,主要專注於火鍋調味料、中式複合調味料及方便速食市場。我們是海底撈集團在中國的火鍋底料產品的主要供應商。第三方渠道方面,我們主要採用經銷商模式銷售我們的產品。本集團亦繼續拓展海外市場的銷售網絡。

本集團的主要業務是研發、生產及銷售 優質火鍋調味料、中式複合調味料及方 便速食產品。截至2022年12月31日止年 度,本集團的主要業務性質並無重大變 動。

業績

本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的業績載於本年報的綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

末期股息

董事會決議於2023年5月18日(星期四)舉行的應屆股東週年大會上向股東建議分派截至2022年12月31日止年度的末期股息每股人民幣17.72分。末期股息每股人民幣17.72分。末期股息每股人民幣17.72分。末期股京於2023年5月25日(星期四)名列本公民教司股東名冊的股東,金額合共約為人民幣185,510,680元。末期股息將根據2023年3月30日(星期四)舉行董事會會議日期的中國人民銀行公佈的人民幣兑換日期的中國人民銀行公佈的人民幣兑換市。即每股股份20.255732港仙,惟須待股東別年大會上考慮及批准。

董事會報告

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the issued shares of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in note 17 to the Financial Statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity of this annual report.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has distributable reserves of RMB3,936.8 million in total available for distribution.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group made charitable donations of RMB0.53 million.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The Group's financial summary for the last five financial years is set out in the section headed "Five-Year Performance Review" of this annual report.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

As at 31 December 2022, save for lease liabilities, the Group has recorded no bank loans and other borrowings.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in note 7 to the Financial Statements.

股本

有關本集團於截至2022年12月31日止年 度的已發行股份詳情載於財務報表附註 17。

儲備

有關本集團於截至2022年12月31日止年 度的儲備變動詳情載於本年報綜合權益 變動表內。

可分派儲備

截至2022年12月31日,本集團可供分派的可分派儲備合共為人民幣3,936.8百萬元。

慈善捐贈

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團慈善捐贈額為人民幣0.53百萬元。

財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的財務概要 載於本年報「五年業績回顧」一節。

銀行貸款及其他借款

截至2022年12月31日,本集團除租賃負債外並無銀行貸款及其他借款。

物業、廠房及設備

有關本集團於截至2022年12月31日止年度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於財務報表附註7。

董事會報告

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the Latest Practicable Date.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association and there is no restriction against such rights which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief available to the shareholders of the Company by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

BUSINESS REVIEW

a. Overview and performance of the Year

Business review and financial review are provided in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of this annual report.

b. Environmental Policies and Performance

It is our corporate and social responsibility to promote a sustainable and environmental-friendly environment. We strive to minimize our environmental impact with efforts of energy conservation and emission reduction and to build our corporation in a sustainable way.

The Group has undergone a series of effective energy-saving and pollutant-reducing measures such as conserving water and electricity, reducing the creation and emission of pollutants during the production process and optimizing production techniques.

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司所獲之公開資料以及據董事 所知,本公司截至最後實際可行日期一 直維持上市規則規定之公眾持股量。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則並無載列優先購 買權條文,且並無對有關權利的限制要 求本公司須按比例基準向現有股東發售 新股份。

税務寬免

據董事所知,並無本公司股東基於持有本公司證券為理由而可獲任何稅務寬免。

業務回顧

a. 年度回顧及表現

業務回顧及財務回顧刊載於本年報的管理層討論與分析章節。

b. 環境政策及表現

促進可持續發展及有利環境保護的 環境是我們的企業及社會責任,我 們致力節能減排相關工作,並以可 持續方式推動企業事務,將對環境 的影響減至最少。

本集團已進行一系列有效的節能及 防污措施(例如節水節電、於生產 工序中減少製造及排放污染物以及 優化生產工藝)。

董事會報告

Additionally, we have adopted a set of emergency planning, response and control procedures as counter-measures for unexpected environmental pollution accidents to minimize our impact on the environment and the adverse effect on our business. We incurred RMB28.05 million (2021: RMB11.85 million) in environmental compliance costs for the year ended 31 December 2022. Such environmental compliance costs relate to expenditures in implementing environmental protection policies, and for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has not incurred any fines as a result of pollution.

c. Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations

The Group has complied with the requirements under the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules, the SFO and the Corporate Governance Code for, among other things, the disclosure of information and corporate governance. The Group has also complied with other relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the operations of the Group. Please refer to the section headed "Regulations" in the Prospectus for details.

d. Key Relationships with Stakeholders

Relationship with Haidilao Group and its Affiliates

The primary customers of the Company are Haidilao Group and its affiliates. We are the principal supplier of hot pot soup flavoring products to Haidilao Group. The hot pot soup flavoring products that we sell to Haidilao Group for use in its hot pot restaurants are customized products meeting Haidilao Group's specific requirements. In addition, our retail products are displayed and sold directly to consumers in Haidilao hot pot restaurants. In general, Haidilao Group makes purchase orders based on customer demands. We have the right to arrange production ahead of time and stock the finished products in anticipation of peak seasons, but had no obsolete inventory in prior years. We also sell retail and customized condiment products to Shuhai Supply Chain, one of our affiliated companies.

此外,我們採納一套緊急規劃、應 變及控制程序,作為發生出乎意料 環境污染意外時的抵禦措施,盡 減少對環境的衝擊及我們業務的日 年度,我們產生環境合規成本人民 幣28.05百萬元(2021年:人民 幣28.05百萬元(2021年)成成人 11.85百萬元)。環境合規,而 推行環境保護政策的支出, 推行環境保護政策的 2022年12月31日止年度本集 有因為環境污染而導致須繳付罰款。

c. 遵守相關法律法規

本集團就(其中包括)資料披露及企業管治一直遵守公司條例、上市規則、證券及期貨條例及企業管治守則規定。本集團亦一直遵守對其營運有重大影響的其他有關法律及規例。有關詳情請參閱招股章程「法規」一節。

d. 與利益相關人士的主要關係

與海底撈集團及其聯屬公司的關係

董事會報告

Relationship with our distributors

The other group of the Company's primary customers is the distributors, who in turn resell our products to retailers, including hypermarkets, supermarkets, grocery stores, neighborhood stores and butcher shops across China. As at 31 December 2022, we had an extensive distribution network covering 31 provincial regions of China and the Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan regions and 49 overseas countries and markets.

1. Management of Our Distributors

Our distributors are typically regional distributors primarily involved in the distribution of food and condiment products with well-established local distribution networks. We select our distributors in each region based on factors including their business qualifications and distribution capabilities. The distribution capabilities we consider include breadth and quality of sales network, reputation, creditworthiness and financial conditions, and capabilities in personnel, warehousing, logistics, facilities and transportation.

We have a seller-buyer relationship with our distributors. The ownership of the products, as well as all risks and rewards associated therewith are transferred to them upon delivery and acceptance. In general, our sales to our distributors are made on a payment-before-delivery basis according to our distribution agreements with our distributors. We formulate a monthly production plan based on historical sales and market demand. Upon receipt of purchase orders, we will first deliver the products previously prepared based on the relatively conservative monthly plan and further produce and deliver the shortfall, if any. Due to our effective production and inventory management, our warehouse time of finished products is approximately 7 days for retail products and 30 days for customized products sold to related parties. Once the products are delivered to the distributors, they cannot be returned except for defective products.

與經銷商的關係

本公司其他組別的主要客戶為經銷商,經銷商轉而將產品轉售予零售商(包括遍佈全國的大型超市、超市、雜貨店、社區門店及肉食店)。截至2022年12月31日,我們已建立起覆蓋中國31個省級地區與港澳台地區,以及49個外國國家及市場的龐大經銷網絡。

1. 管理我們的經銷商

我們的經銷商一般為區域經銷商一般為區域經銷商一般為區域經銷商一般為區域經銷內,其主要從事經銷食品於實品,具備成熟地方之經銷能力等因素在各國選經銷的等因素在各國選經銷的等因素在人事的人事、倉儲、物流,設備及運輸能力。

我們與經銷商之間是買賣關 係。產品的所有權以及與產品 有關的所有風險及回報均在經 銷商驗收後轉移至經銷商。-般而言,我們對經銷商的銷售 均根據我們與經銷商訂立的經 銷協議按「交貨前付款」基準 作出。我們根據過往銷售及市 場需求制定每月的生產計劃。 於接獲購買訂單後,我們首先 會根據相對保守的每月計劃交 付先前準備好的產品並進一 步生產及交付缺少的數量(如 有)。由於我們有效的生產及 存貨管理,我們的製成品倉 儲時間就零售產品而言約為7 日,就售予關聯方的定制產品 而言約為30日。產品一經送 到經銷商時,便不能退回(惟 有缺陷產品除外)。

2. Distributors Performance and Inventory Management

We closely monitor the performance of our distributors. For example, our sales personnel conduct inspections of our distributors from time to time to monitor their sales, prices. marketing activities, storage conditions, logistics facilities, quality control and inventory levels. Generally, we require our distributors to report to us their inventory records twice every month to cross-check with our internal data base. Our staff also conduct monthly inventory checks at distributors. When we notice that our distributors have excessive inventories or their sales volumes drop significantly, we may make inquiries and adopt necessary measures such as suspending the supply of relevant products. We prohibit our distributors from selling any expired products. Through visiting the retailers and verifying the two-dimensional code that we implanted on our products, we also monitor whether our distributors distribute our products within their designated geographic regions and whether they sell any counterfeit products. Through these activities, we ensure that our sales to distributors reflect genuine market demand and our distributors are complying with the terms and conditions of their distribution agreements. If we discover non-compliance issues, we inform the relevant distributor and request the distributor to cease the non-compliant activities within a specified period of time. Our distributors are also liable for breaches of their distribution agreements, and we can claim compensation from them for relevant breaches. We can terminate the distribution agreements if they breach material provisions stipulated therein.

We will give certain fees to support distributors in activities that promote products and increase sales. Meanwhile, we will use "Family Love" as the activity theme for distributors and the terminal market. Relevant expenses will be reflected in the distributor's purchase order as a discount. We do not impose minimum annual purchase requirements in the distribution agreement. The distributors decide to place purchase orders by themselves.

2. 經銷商表現及存貨管理

我們密切監察經銷商的表現。 例如,我們的銷售人員不時檢 查經銷商以監察其銷售、售 價、市場營銷活動、儲存條 件、物流設施、質量控制及存 貨水平。一般而言, 我們要求 經銷商每月向我們匯報兩次存 貨記錄,以與我們的內部數據 庫進行交叉核對。我們的員工 亦每月核查經銷商的存貨情 況。當我們注意到經銷商擁有 過多存貨或其銷售量大幅下跌 時,我們可進行詢問並採取 必要措施(如暫停供應有關產 品)。我們禁止我們的經銷商 銷售任何到期產品。透過造訪 零售商及核實我們產品上印製 的二維碼,我們亦監察經銷商 是否在指定地區內經銷產品及 有否出售任何假冒產品。透過 該等活動,我們確保向經銷商 作出的銷售反映真實的市場需 求及經銷商遵守經銷協議的條 款及條件。倘我們發現不遵守 事宜,我們將告知相關經銷商 並要求經銷商在規定期間內終 止此類活動。經銷商亦須對違 反經銷協議承擔責任, 且我們 可就相關違約向其申索賠償。 倘經銷商違反經銷協議訂明的 重大條文,我們可終止經銷協 議。

董事會報告

Relationship with Our Suppliers

Our raw materials are generally available from various suppliers. To maintain high standards of product quality and food safety, we place strong emphasis on sourcing high-quality raw materials from large suppliers with good reputations. We minimize our reliance on any single source of supply by maintaining at least two suppliers for each type of raw material. We also implement various measures to monitor the performance of our suppliers, including sample examination and on-site inspections.

We usually enter into supply agreements with our suppliers on an annual basis. Our suppliers are required to provide raw materials adhering to the quality requirement under the supply agreements and are responsible for any liabilities caused by product defects. Our supply agreements do not have an automatic renewal clause.

Relationship with Our Employees

We embrace our employees as the most valuable assets of the Group. The objective of the Group's human resources management is to reward and recognize outstanding employees by providing competitive remuneration packages and implementing a sound performance appraisal system with appropriate incentives, and to promote career development and progression within the Group by providing adequate training and opportunities.

Relationship with Shareholders

We recognize the importance of protecting the interests of the Shareholders and of having effective communication with them. We believe communication with the Shareholders is a two-way process and have thrived to ensure the quality and effectiveness of information disclosure, maintain regular dialogue with the Shareholders and listen carefully to the views and feedback from the Shareholders. This has been done through general meetings, corporate communications, interim and annual reports and results announcements.

與供應商的關係

我們通常每年與供應商訂立供應協議。我們的供應商須提供達到供應協議質量要求的原材料,並對產品瑕疵所導致的任何責任負責。我們的供應協議並無自動續期條款。

與僱員的關係

我們認為僱員是本集團最寶貴的資產。本集團人力資源管理的饋標人力資調待遇回實別目標,是以具競爭力的薪酬待遇回實施具的實數,以及大學與大學與大學的一個人。 是以其關的完善績效考核制度,有適當提供足夠的培訓及機會,推動不 主集團內服務人士的事業前途與發展。

與股東的關係

我們認識到保護股東權益和與其進 行有效溝通的重要性。我們相信與 股東溝通是一個雙向的過程內 力確保信息披露的質量及有效性 保持與股東的定期對話及認已 來自股東的意見與反饋。 完 一期報告與 股東大會、公司通訊。 中期報告與 年報及業績公佈實現。

董事會報告

e. Principal Risk and Uncertainties

Risk of Food Safety

Product quality and safety are pivotal to food enterprises. Although we have been committed to continuously improving the food quality control system, we may still be subject to risks related to food safety. Meanwhile, any negative publicity related to the industry may also have a negative impact on our products and reputation.

Countermeasures

We have established a comprehensive supervisory and inspection system for food safety, covering all aspects of product production, from supplier selection, quality standards of raw materials, quality control of production process, to the control of inventory and logistics. Meanwhile, the food safety centre at the headquarters cooperates with the random audit team to continuously carry out random inspections and monthly inspections on suppliers and self-owned factories, generating ranking reports on food safety and customer complaints, as well as reports on the rectification of problems in the previous month. We believe that a sound and strict food safety system will safeguard the quality of our products.

e. 主要風險及不確定性

食品安全風險

產品的質量及安全是食品企業的命脈。儘管我們一直致力於不斷完善食品品質管制體系,我們仍舊可能面臨食品安全相關的風險,同時,任何行業相關的負面宣傳,也都有可能對於我們的產品及聲譽產生不利影響。

應對措施

董事會報告

Risk of Raw Material Cost Control

Our main raw materials include raw materials such as soybean oil, butter, chili peppers, and Sichuan pepper, as well as packaging materials. Currently, the cost of bulk raw materials fluctuates greatly, and the increase in costs of raw materials will lead to an increase in the Company's production costs.

Countermeasures

Firstly, our bulk purchase committee will lock in on the price and quantity of raw materials with suppliers based on both the market condition of raw materials and the annual sales plan. When rise in prices is predicted, we communicate with the supply system to stock up in advance, in order to better stabilize the costs of the products, lower the pressure of rising costs as a result of increased prices of raw materials, and stabilize the supply guarantee. Secondly, we will further optimize and categorize raw materials, and seek alternative raw materials with better cost performance. Thirdly, we will reduce the impact of rising costs of raw materials on the overall cost of the Company through innovation in products and processes, and gradually utilizing the advantages of production capacity.

原材料成本管控風險

我們的主要原材料包括大豆油、牛油、辣椒、花椒等原料及包裝材料,目前大宗原材料成本的波動較大,原材料成本的上升會導致公司生產成本的增加。

應對措施

董事會報告

Risk of Climate Change

Given carbon dioxide peaking, carbon neutrality and other medium to long term goals and plans in response to global climate change proposed by the state, the international market has placed increasing emphasis on environmental, social and governance (ESG). It is necessary for the Group, a manufacturing and sales enterprise, to pay close attention to the state policies in relation to energy conservation and carbon reduction and development trends and continue to promote the implementation of policy to conserve energy and reduce consumption.

Countermeasures

First, we have formulated environmental protection mechanism and management requirements, regulating environmental protection efforts on the level of systems. Secondly, we have also continued to explore practical energy-saving and emission-reducing measures in our production and operation. We have implemented policies of resource saving, energy consumption reduction and carbon emission reduction by measures including enhanced management and process and technology upgrade. Thirdly, we will also step up publicity efforts for energy conservation and emission reduction to enhance employees' environmental awareness.

PROSPECTS

A description of the future development in the Company's business is provided in the Chairman's Statement and the Management Discussion and Analysis section of this annual report.

EVENTS AFTER THE END OF 31 DECEMBER 2022

Save as disclosed in this annual report above, the Directors are not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report.

氣候變化風險

鑑於國家提出碳達峰、碳中和等一系列應對全球氣候變化的中長期目標和規劃,國際市場對於環境、社會及管治(ESG)也越來越重視,勢區集團作為生產銷售型企業相關政策的關注國家節能減碳相關政策及動態發展趨勢,持續推進節能降耗政策的落地。

應對計劃

展望

有關本公司未來業務發展的説明分別載 於本年報的董事長報告書及管理層討論 與分析。

截至2022年12月31日後事項

除本年報上文所披露者外,於2022年12 月31日後及直至本年報日期,據董事所 知,概無發生須予披露的重大事項。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Sean Shi (Chairman)

Mr. Guo Qiang (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Sun Shengfeng

Ms. Shu Ping

Mr. Zhao Xiaokai

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zhang Yong

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yau Ka Chi Mr. Qian Mingxing Ms. Ye Shujun

In accordance with Article 16.18 of the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors will retire by rotation at every annual general meeting (provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years) and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr. Zhao Xiaokai, Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Ye Shujun will retire from the Board by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

No Director proposed for re-election at the AGM has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

董事

於截至2022年12月31日止年度及直至本 年報日期的董事為:

執行董事

施永宏先生(董事長) 郭強先生(首席執行官) 孫勝峰先生 舒萍女士 趙曉凱先生

非執行董事

張勇先生

獨立非執行董事

邱家賜先生 錢明星先生 葉蜀君女士

根據組織章程細則第16.18條,三分之一的董事將於每屆股東週年大會上輪換退任(惟每名董事須至少每三年輪換退任一次)並合資格膺選連任。趙曉凱先生、張勇先生及葉蜀君女士將於股東週年大會上自董事會輪換退任並合資格膺選連任。

概無擬於股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事訂立如無作出賠償(法定賠償除外)則本公司或其任何附屬公司不能於一年內終止的未屆滿服務合約。

董事及高級管理層的履歷

董事及本集團高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理層節介」一節。

董事會報告

CHANGES IN THE INFORMATION OF THE DIRECTORS

Save as disclosed above and in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management", from the date of the Company's 2022 interim report up to the date of this Report, there has been no change in the information of the Directors as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The executive Directors and non-executive Directors have each entered into a service contract with the Company pursuant to which each of them agrees to act as an executive Director or a non-executive Director (as the case may be), subject to re-election as and when required under the Articles of Association, until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the service contract or by either party giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing.

The independent non-executive Directors have each signed a letter of appointment with the Company and have been appointed for a term of three years. The appointment may be terminated by either party giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing.

None of the Directors have an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE FROM THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

We have received from each of the independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Yau Ka Chi, Mr. Qian Mingxing and Ms. Ye Shujun, the confirmation of their respective independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has duly reviewed the confirmation of independence of each of these Directors. We consider that the independent non-executive Directors have been independent during the year ended 31 December 2022 and remain so as of the date of this annual report.

董事資料變動

除上文及「董事及高級管理層簡介」一節 所披露者外,自本公司2022中期報告直 至本報告日期,董事資料概無出現根據 上市規則第13.51B條須予披露的任何變 動。

董事服務合約

執行董事及非執行董事各自已與本公司 訂立服務合約,據此,彼等同意擔任執 行董事或非執行董事(視乎情況而定), 可根據組織章程細則於需要時重選,直 至根據服務合約的條款及條件終止或由 其中一方向另一方發出不少於一個月的 事先書面通知予以終止。

獨立非執行董事各自已與本公司簽立委 任函並已獲委任,任期為期三年。委任 可由其中一方向另一方發出不少於一個 月的事先書面通知予以終止。

概無董事訂立如無作出賠償(法定賠償除外)則本公司或其任何附屬公司不能於一 年內終止的未屆滿服務合約。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認

本公司已接獲各名獨立非執行董事(即邱家賜先生、錢明星先生及葉蜀君女士)根據上市規則第3.13條就彼等各自之獨立性發出的確認書。本公司已妥為審閱該等董事各自的獨立性確認書。我們認為,獨立非執行董事於截至2022年12月31日止年度均為獨立人士,且截至本年報日期仍為獨立人士。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of our associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債權證中所擁有的權益及淡倉

於2022年12月31日,本公司董事及最高 行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定 義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相 關股份或債權證中所擁有(a)根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知 數實條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知 數實條例第XV部第6 包括根據 對實條例的有關條文被當作或視 ,或(b)根據證券已 實條例第352條須登記於該條所指登記冊 的權益及淡倉;或(c)根據標準守則須知 會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉載列如 下:

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of Ordinary Shares	Approximate percentage of shareholding in the total issued share capital (%) 於已發行股本總額中的概約
董事姓名	身份/權益性質	普通股數目	持股百分比(%)
Mr. Sean Shi ⁽¹⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust, interest of controlled corporation, interest of spouse, beneficial owner and beneficiary of a trust	130,592,992 (L)	12.47% (L)
施永宏先生(1)	全權信託的創立人、受控制法團權益、配偶權益、 實益擁有人及信託受益人		
Ms. Shu Ping ⁽²⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust, interest of controlled corporation, beneficial owner, beneficiary of a trust and interest of spouse	325,896,021 (L)	31.13% (L)
舒萍女士 ^②	全權信託的創立人、受控制法團權益、實益擁有人、 信託受益人及配偶權益		
Mr. Zhang Yong ⁽²⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust, interest of controlled corporation, beneficial owner, beneficiary of a trust and interest of spouse	325,896,021 (L)	31.13% (L)
張勇先生②	全權信託的創立人、受控制法團權益、實益擁有人、 信託受益人及配偶權益		
Mr. Guo Qiang 郭強先生	Interest of spouse and beneficial owner 配偶權益及實益擁有人	500,000 (L)	0.05% (L)
Mr. Sun Shengfeng 孫勝峰先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	200,000 (L)	0.02% (L)
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai 趙曉凱先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	160,000 (L)	0.02% (L)

董事會報告

(L) denotes a long position

Notes:

(1) Mr. Sean Shi and Ms. Hailey Lee, as the settlors and protectors, established for their own benefit the SL Trust, which indirectly holds the entire share capital of SYH YIHAI Ltd and LHY YIHAI Ltd, which in turn holds a total of 130,132,992 Shares. For the purpose of the SFO, Mr. Sean Shi and Ms. Hailey Lee are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which SYH YIHAI Ltd and LHY YIHAI Ltd are interested.

Mr. Sean Shi is the spouse of Ms. Hailey Lee and is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Ms. Hailey Lee is interested for the purpose of the SFO. Ms. Hailey Lee is the spouse of Mr. Sean Shi and is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Mr. Sean Shi is interested for the purpose of the SFO.

(2) Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping, as the settlors and protectors, established for their own benefit the ZYSP Trust, which holds the entire share capital of (i) ZYSP YIHAI Ltd, which in turn holds 236,814,275 Shares, and (ii) SP YH Ltd, which in turn holds 88,621,746 Shares. For the purpose of the SFO, Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which ZYSP YIHAI Ltd and SP YH Ltd are interested.

Mr. Zhang Yong is the spouse of Ms. Shu Ping and is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Ms. Shu Ping is interested for the purpose of the SFO. Ms. Shu Ping is the spouse of Mr. Zhang Yong and is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Mr. Zhang Yong is interested for the purpose of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company has or is deemed to have any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which will be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO); or which will be required to be recorded in the register to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which will be required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

(L) 代表好倉

附註:

(1) 施永宏先生及李海燕女士(作為財產授予人及保護人)為彼等自身利益成立SL信託,其間接持有SYH YIHAI Ltd及LHY YIHAI Ltd即持有合共YIHAI Ltd及LHY YIHAI Ltd即持有合共130,132,992股股份。就證券及期貨條例而言,施永宏先生及李海燕女士被視為於SYH YIHAI Ltd及LHY YIHAI Ltd擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。

施永宏先生為李海燕女士的配偶,就證券及期貨條例而言被視為於李海燕女士擁有權益的相同股份數目中擁有權益。李海燕女士為施永宏先生的配偶,就證券及期貨條例而言被視為於施永宏先生擁有權益的相同股份數目中擁有權益。

(2) 張勇先生及舒萍女士(作為財產授予人及保護人)為彼等自身利益成立 ZYSP信託,其持有(i) ZYSP YIHAI Ltd的全部股本,而ZYSP YIHAI Ltd則持有236,814,275股股份,及(ii) SP YHLtd的全部股本,而SP YH Ltd則持有88,621,746股股份。就證券及期貨條例而言,張勇先生及舒萍女士被視為於ZYSP YIHAI Ltd及SP YH Ltd擁有權益的股份中擁有權益。

張勇先生為舒萍女士的配偶,就證券及 期貨條例而言被視為於舒萍女士擁有權 益的相同數目股份中擁有權益。舒萍女 士為張勇先生的配偶,就證券及期貨條 例而言被視為於張勇先生擁有權益的相 同數目股份中擁有權益。

董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2022, the followings are the persons, other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份中所擁有的 權益及淡倉

截至2022年12月31日,除本公司董事或最高行政人員外,下列人士為擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的規定須知會本公司及聯交所的本公司股份或相關股份的權益或淡倉的人士,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條本公司須存置的登記冊所記錄的權益或淡倉的人士:

Name of Substantial Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of Ordinary Shares	Approximate Percentage of Shareholding (%) 概約持股
主要股東姓名	身份/權益性質	普通股數目	百分比(%)
UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited ⁽¹⁾	Trustee (other than a bare trustee) 受託人(非無條件受託人)	325,436,021 (L)	31.09% (L)
ZYSP YIHAI Ltd(1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	236,814,275 (L)	22.62% (L)
Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited(2)	Trustee (other than a bare trustee) 受託人(非無條件受託人)	130,132,992 (L)	12.43% (L)
Hailey Lee ⁽²⁾	Founder of a discretionary trust, interest of controlled corporation and interest of spouse	130,592,992 (L)	12.47% (L)
李海燕 ^② Twice Happiness Limited ^②	全權信託創立人,受控制法團權益及配偶權益 Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	130,132,992 (L)	12.43% (L)
SYH YIHAI Ltd ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	88,621,746 (L)	8.47% (L)
SP YH Ltd ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	88,621,746 (L)	8.47% (L)
UBS Group AG ⁽³⁾	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	69,367,022 (L) 16,797,454 (S)	6.63% (L) 1.60% (S)
JLJH YIHAI Ltd ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner and nominee for another person 實益擁有人及另一名人士的代名人	66,568,000 (L)	6.36% (L)
Vistra Trust (Hong Kong) Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Trustee (other than a bare trustee) 受託人(非無條件受託人)	66,568,000 (L)	6.36% (L)
(L) denotes a long position	(L)	代表好倉	
(S) denotes a short position	(S)	代表淡倉	

董事會報告

Notes:

(1) ZYSP Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping as the settlors and Mr. Zhang Yong as protector on 1 June 2016 with UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited acting as trustee for the benefit of themselves and their family. The entire share capital of ZYSP YIHAI Ltd is wholly owned by UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited as the trustee of the ZYSP Trust. Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping (as founders of the ZYSP Trust) and UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited are taken to be interested in the Shares held by ZYSP YIHAI Ltd for the purpose of the SFO.

SP Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Ms. Shu Ping as the settlor and protector on 31 December 2020 with UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited acting as trustee for the benefit of herself, Mr. Zhang Yong and their family. The entire share capital of SP YH Ltd is wholly owned by UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited as the trustee of the SP Trust. Ms. Shu Ping (as founder of the SP Trust) and UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited are taken to be interested in the Shares held by SP YH Ltd for the purpose of the SFO.

- (2) SL Trust is a discretionary trust set up by Mr. Sean Shi and Ms. Hailey Lee as the settlors and protectors on 2 June 2016 for their own benefit. The entire share capital of SYH YIHAI Ltd and LHY YIHAI Ltd is wholly owned by Twice Happiness Limited and ultimately owned by Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited as the trustee of the SL Trust. Mr. Sean Shi and Ms. Hailey Lee (as founders of the SL Trust), Twice Happiness Limited and Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited are taken to be interested in the Shares held by SYH YIHAI Ltd and LHY YIHAI Ltd for the purpose of the SFO. Mr. Sean Shi is the spouse of Ms. Hailey Lee and is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Ms. Hailey Lee is interested for the purpose of the SFO. Ms. Hailey Lee is the spouse of Mr. Sean Shi and is deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares in which Mr. Sean Shi is interested for the purpose of the SFO.
- (3) UBS Group AG is interested in 69,367,022 Shares in long position and 16,797,454 Shares in short position as interest of corporation controlled by it via wholly owned subsidiaries.
- (4) Vistra Trust (Hong Kong) Limited is the trustee and JLJH YIHAI Ltd is the nominee to administer the RSU Scheme. JLJH YIHAI Ltd holds the Shares underlying the RSU granted by us for the benefit of eligible participants pursuant to the RSU Scheme.

附註:

(1) ZYSP信託為張勇先生及舒萍女士以 財產授予人的身份以及張勇先生以保 護人的身份於2016年6月1日與UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (以受託人身份 行事) 為其自身及其親屬利益成立的全 權信託。ZYSP YIHAI Ltd的全部股本由 UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited以ZYSP 信託的受託人身份全資擁有。張勇先生 及舒萍女士 (作為ZYSP信託的創立人) 及UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited就證券 期貨條例而言被當作於ZYSP YIHAI Ltd 持有的股份擁有權益。

SP信託為舒萍女士以財產授予人及保護人的身份於2020年12月31日與UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited (以受託人身份行事)為其自身、張勇先生及其親屬利益成立的全權信託。SP YH Ltd的全部股本由UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited以SP信託的受託人身份全資擁有。舒萍女士(作為SP信託的創立人)及UBS Trustees (B.V.I.) Limited就證券期貨條例而言被當作於SP YH Ltd持有的股份擁有權益。

- SL信託為施永宏先生及李海燕女士以 財產授予人及保護人的身份為其自身 利益於2016年6月2日成立的全權信 託。SYH YIHAI Ltd及LHY YIHAI Ltd的 全部股本由Twice Happiness Limited 全資擁有及由Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited以SL信託的受託人 身份最終擁有。施永宏先生及李海燕 女士(作為SL信託的創立人)、Twice Happiness Limited及Cititrust Private Trust (Cayman) Limited就證券及期貨條 例而言被當作於SYH YIHAI Ltd及LHY YIHAI Ltd持有的股份擁有權益。施永宏 先生為李海燕女士的配偶,就證券及期 貨條例而言被視為於李海燕女士擁有權 益的相同股份數目中擁有權益。李海燕 女士為施永宏先生的配偶,就證券及期 貨條例而言被視為於施永宏先生擁有權 益的相同股份數目中擁有權益。
- (3) UBS Group AG透過全資附屬公司 擁有69,367,022股股份好倉權益及 16,797,454股股份淡倉權益(為受控法 團權益)。
- (4) Vistra Trust (Hong Kong) Limited為受 託人及JLJH YIHAI Ltd為管理受限制股 份單位計劃的代名人。JLJH YIHAI Ltd 根據受限制股份單位計劃為合資格參與 者的利益持有由我們授出涉及受限制股份單位的相關股份。

董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, the Directors and the chief executives of the Company are not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO; or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,截至2022年12月 31日,據本公司董事及最高行政人員所 知,並無任何其他人士(除本公司董事或 最高行政人員外)擁有根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第2及第3分部的規定須知會本 公司及聯交所的股份或相關股份的權益 或淡倉;或根據證券及期貨條例第336條 本公司須存置的登記冊所記錄的權益或 淡倉。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors, and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement that would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of the shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

董事收購股份或債權證的權利

除上文「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中所擁有的權益及淡倉」一節所披露者外,於截至2022年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期期間,本公司或其任何附屬公司均非任何安排中一方以讓董事通過收購本公司或其任何被重數股份或債權證等的股份或債權利以不可,亦概無董事發行任何權利以認時,亦概無董數是任何權利以或債務證券或已行使任何該等權利。

DIRECTORS AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Our History, Reorganization and Corporate Structure – Reorganization" in the Prospectus and save for their respective interests in the Group, none of the Directors and the Controlling Shareholders was interested in any business which competes or is likely to compete with the businesses of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

We have received annual written confirmations from the Controlling Shareholders of the compliance with the provisions of the Noncompetition Undertaking by such Controlling Shareholders and their close associates.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance with the Non-competition Undertaking during the year ended 31 December 2022 based on the information and confirmation provided by or obtained from the Controlling Shareholders, and were satisfied that our Controlling Shareholders have duly complied with the Non-competition Undertaking.

董事及控股股東於競爭性業務的權益

除招股章程中「歷史、重組及公司架構 -重組」一節所披露者及彼等各自於本集團 的權益外,截至2022年12月31日止年 度,董事及控股股東概無在任何與本集 團業務產生競爭或可能產生競爭之業務 中擁有權益。

我們已接獲控股股東就控股股東及其緊密聯繫人對不競爭承諾條文之合規情況 而發出的年度書面確認書。

獨立非執行董事已根據控股股東所提供 或其給予的資料及確認書,審閱於截至 2022年12月31日止年度不競爭承諾的合 規情況,並信納控股股東已妥為遵守不 競爭承諾。

董事會報告

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

As at the date of this annual report, the Company has not issued any convertible bonds

LOAN AGREEMENT WITH COVENANTS RELATING TO SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

As at the date of this annual report, the Company has not entered into any loan agreement which contains covenants requiring specific performance of the Controlling Shareholders.

CONNECTED AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Among the related party transactions disclosed in note 34 to the Financial Statements, the following transactions constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Rule 14A.31 of the Listing Rules and are required to be disclosed in this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.71 of the Listing Rules. The Company confirmed that for the related party transactions falling under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" (as the case may be) in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, it had complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Please see below the information required to be disclosed in compliance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

1. Chengdu Lease Agreement

On 7 December 2020, Sichuan Haidilao and Chengdu Yueyihai, our wholly owned subsidiary, entered into the Chengdu Lease Agreement-pursuant to which Chengdu Yueyihai agreed to lease from Sichuan Haidilao a parcel of land together with properties and fixtures thereon to be used for production and warehousing. Sichuan Haidilao is our connected person and therefore the transactions under the Chengdu Lease Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Chengdu Lease Agreement has a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 7 December 2020 for details.

可換股債券

截至本年報日期,本公司並無發行任何 可換股債券。

附有涉及控股股東履行特定責任之契諾 的貸款協議

截至本年報日期,本公司並無訂立任何 載有要求控股股東履行特定責任之契諾 的貸款協議。

關連及持續關連交易

於財務報表附註34中披露的關聯方交易中,下列交易根據上市規則第14A.31條構成本公司的持續關連交易,且根據上市規則第14A.71條的規定須於本年報披露。本公司確認就關聯方交易歸之「持續關連交易」的定義(視屬何情況而定),其已符合上市規則第十四A章的披露等上市規則第十四A章的規定而須披露的資料。

1. 成都租賃協議

於2020年12月7日,四川海底撈與 我們的全資附屬公司成都悦頤海訂 立成都租賃協議,據此,成都悦頤 海同意從四川海底撈租用一幅土 連同其上的物業及裝置以作生產 倉庫使用。四川海底撈為我們的 連人士,因此根據上市規則第十四 A章,成都租賃協議項下的交易構 成持續關連交易。

成都租賃協議自2021年1月1日至2023年12月31日為期三年。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2020年12月7日的公告。

董事會報告

The annual caps for the rental payable under the Chengdu Lease Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 are RMB4,800,000, and RMB4,800,000, respectively. Please also refer to note 34 to the Financial Statements for details. The aggregate transaction amount incurred in accordance with the Chenadu Lease Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB1,070,000.

2. **Shuhai Warehouse Storage Service Agreement**

On 7 December 2020, Shuhai Supply Chain and the Company, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Shuhai Warehouse Storage Service Agreement, pursuant to which Shuhai Supply Chain Group agreed to provide warehousing facilities and related services, including warehouse storage, sorting process management, stock-taking, and other logistics services, to the Group in connection with storage of our products. Shuhai Supply Chain is our connected person and therefore the transactions under the Shuhai Warehouse Storage Service Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Shuhai Warehouse Storage Service Agreement has a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 7 December 2020 for details.

The annual caps for the storage service fees payable under the Shuhai Warehouse Storage Service Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 are RMB30,000,000 and RMB40,000,000, respectively. Please also refer to note 34 to the Financial Statements for details. No transaction amount was incurred under the Shuhai Warehouse Storage Service Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022.

截至2022年12月31日止年度及截 至2023年12月31日止年度,根據 成都租賃協議應付租金的年度上限 分別為人民幣4.800.000元及人民 幣4,800,000元。有關詳情亦請參 閲財務報表附註34。截至2022年 12月31日止年度,根據成都租賃 協議產生的總交易金額為人民幣 1.070.000元。

蜀海倉儲服務協議 2.

於2020年12月7日,蜀海供應鏈與 本公司(各自為其本身及代表其附 屬公司)訂立蜀海倉儲服務協議, 據此蜀海供應鏈集團同意就儲存我 們的產品向本集團提供倉庫設施及 相關服務(包括倉儲、分揀流程、 盤點及其他物流服務)。蜀海供應鏈 為我們的關連人士,因此根據上市 規則第十四A章,蜀海倉儲服務協 議項下的交易構成持續關連交易。

蜀海倉儲服務協議自2021年1月1 日至2023年12月31日為期三年。 有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為 2020年12月7日的公告。

截至2022年12月31日止年度及 截至2023年12月31日止年度, 根據蜀海倉儲服務協議應付倉儲 服務費的年度上限分別為人民幣 30.000.000元及人民幣40.000.000 元。有關詳情亦請參閱財務報表附 註34。截至2022年12月31日止年 度,概無根據蜀海倉儲服務協議產 生交易金額。

董事會報告

3. **Haidilao Master Sales Agreement**

On 7 December 2020, Haidilao and the Company, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Haidilao Master Sales Agreement, pursuant to which we agreed to supply Haidilao Customized Products, Yihai Retail Products and convenient ready-to-eat food products to the Haidilao Group. Haidilao is our connected person and therefore the transactions under the Haidilao Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Haidilao Master Sales Agreement has a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement and circular of the Company dated 7 December 2020 and 14 December 2020, respectively, for details.

Upon completion of the Super Hi Spin-off, Super Hi ceased to be a subsidiary of Haidilao and the sales transactions between the Group and the Super Hi Group ceased to be governed by the Haidilao Master Sales Agreement with effect from 30 December 2022. Therefore, upon the completion of the Super Hi Spin-off, the existing annual caps under the Haidilao Master Sales Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 have been reduced from RMB5,693,000,000 and RMB7,540,000,000, respectively to RMB5,581,402,000 and RMB7,387,695,000, respectively. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 19 December 2022 for details.

Please also refer to note 34 to the Financial Statements for details. The aggregate transaction amount incurred in accordance with the Haidilao Master Sales Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB1,404,040,000, which did not include the transaction amount incurred between the Group and Super Hi Group for the same period.

3. 海底撈總銷售協議

於2020年12月7日,海底撈與本 公司(各自為其本身及代表其附屬 公司) 訂立海底撈總銷售協議,據 此,我們同意向海底撈集團供應海 底撈定制產品、頤海零售產品及方 便速食品。海底撈為我們的關連 人士,因此根據上市規則第十四A 章,海底撈總銷售協議項下的交易 構成持續關連交易。

海底撈總銷售協議自2021年1月1 日至2023年12月31日為期三年。 有關詳情,請分別參閱本公司日期 為2020年12月7日及2020年12月 14日的公告及通函。

特海分拆完成後,特海將不再為海 底撈的附屬公司且本集團與特海集 團之間進行的銷售交易將自2022 年12月30日起不再受海底撈總銷 售協議所規管。因此,特海分拆完 成後,截至2022年12月31日止年 度及截至2023年12月31日止年度 海底撈總銷售協議下現有年度上限 已由分別人民幣5,693,000,000元 及7.540,000,000減至分別人民幣 5,581,402,000元及7,387,695,000 元。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期 為2022年12月19日的公告。

有關詳情亦請參閱財務報表附註 34。截至2022年12月31日止年 度,根據海底撈總銷售協議產生的 總交易金額為人民幣1,404,040,000 元,不包括同期本集團與特海集團 產生的交易金額。

董事會報告

Super Hi Master Sales Agreement

On 12 December 2022, Super Hi and the Company, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Super Hi Master Sales Agreement, pursuant to which we agreed to supply Super Hi Customized Products, Yihai Retail Products and convenient ready-to-eat food products to the Super Hi Group. Super Hi is our connected person and therefore the transactions under the Super Hi Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Super Hi Master Sales Agreement has a term commencing on 30 December 2022 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 19 December 2022 for details.

The total annual caps of receivables under the Super Hi Master Sales Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 are RMB111,598,000 and RMB152,305,000, respectively. Please also refer to note 34 to the Financial Statements for details. The aggregate transaction amount incurred between the Group and Super Hi Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB81,733,000.

Shuhai Sales Agreement

On 7 December 2020, Shuhai Supply Chain and the Company, each for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Shuhai Sales Agreement, pursuant to which we agreed to sell hot pot soup flavoring products, hot pot dipping sauce products and other compound condiment products to Shuhai Supply Chain Group for sales and distribution to its customers who are catering service providers and for its internal use. Shuhai Supply Chain is our connected person and therefore the transactions under the Shuhai Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Shuhai Sales Agreement has a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement and circular of the Company dated 7 December 2020 and 14 December 2020, respectively, for details.

4. 特海總銷售協議

於2022年12月12日,特海與本公 司(各自為其本身及代表其附屬公 司) 訂立特海總銷售協議,據此本 公司同意向特海集團供應海底撈定 制產品、頤海零售產品及方便速食 品。特海為我們的關連人士,因此 根據上市規則第十四A章,特海總 銷售協議項下的交易構成持續關連 交易。

特海總銷售協議年期自2022年12月 30日起至2023年12月31日止。有 關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2022 年12月19日的公告。

截至2022年12月31日止年度及截 至2023年12月31日止年度根據特 海總銷售協議應收款的總年度上 限分別為人民幣111,598,000元及 152,305,000元。有關詳情亦請參 閲財務報表附註34。截至2022年 12月31日止年度,本集團與特海 集團產生的總交易金額為人民幣 81,733,000元。

5. 蜀海銷售協議

於2020年12月7日,蜀海供應鏈 與本公司(各自為其本身及代表其 附屬公司)訂立蜀海銷售協議,據 此,我們同意向蜀海供應鏈集團銷 售火鍋底料產品、火鍋蘸料產品及 其他複合調味品,以供向其餐飲服 務供應商客戶進行銷售及經銷以及 其內部用途。蜀海供應鏈為我們的 關連人士,因此根據上市規則第十 四A章,蜀海銷售協議項下的交易 構成持續關連交易。

蜀海銷售協議自2021年1月1日至 2023年12月31日為期三年。有關 詳情,請分別參閱本公司日期為 2020年12月7日及2020年12月14 日的公告及通函。

董事會報告

The total annual caps of receivables under the Shuhai Sales Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 are RMB113,360,000 and RMB154,200,000, respectively. Please also refer to note 34 to the Financial Statements for details. The aggregate transaction amount incurred in accordance with the Shuhai Sales Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB3,878,000.

Framework Sales and Purchase Agreements

On 7 December 2020, the Joint Venture and the Company and for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries, entered into the Framework Sales and Purchase Agreements, pursuant to which (i) we agreed to sell condiment products to the Joint Venture as raw materials for the manufacture of Small Hot Pot Products; and (ii) the Joint Venture agreed to sell Small Hot Pot Products and other convenient ready-to-eat food products to us. The Joint Venture is our connected subsidiary and therefore transactions under the Framework Sales and Purchase Agreements constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Framework Sales and Purchase Agreements have a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement and circular of the Company dated 7 December 2020 and 14 December 2020, respectively, for details.

The total annual cap for the transactions under the Framework Sales and Purchase Agreements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 are RMB1,367,000,000 and RMB1,998,000,000, respectively. The aggregate transaction amount incurred in accordance with the Framework Sales and Purchase Agreements for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB168,054,000.

截至2022年12月31日止年度及截 至2023年12月31日止年度,根據 蜀海銷售協議應收款的總年度上限 分別為人民幣113.360.000元及人 民幣154,200,000元。有關詳情亦 請參閱財務報表附註34。截至2022 年12月31日止年度,根據蜀海銷 售協議產生的總交易金額為人民幣 3.878.000元。

產品互供框架協議

於2020年12月7日,合資公司與本 公司(為其本身及代表其附屬公司) 訂立產品互供框架協議,據此, (i)我們同意向合資公司出售調味料 產品,用作生產小火鍋產品的原材 料;及(ii)合資公司同意向我們出售 小火鍋等方便速食產品。合資公司 為我們的關連附屬公司,因此根據 上市規則第十四A章,產品互供框 架協議項下的交易構成持續關連交 易。

產品互供框架協議自2021年1月1 日至2023年12月31日為期三年。 有關詳情,請分別參閱本公司日期 為2020年12月7日及2020年12月 14日的公告及通函。

截至2022年12月31日止年度及截 至2023年12月31日止年度,產品 互供框架協議項下交易的總年度上 限分別為人民幣1,367,000,000元 及人民幣1,998,000,000元。截至 2022年12月31日止年度,根據產 品互供框架協議產生的總交易金額 為人民幣168,054,000元。

董事會報告

7. **Shuhai Purchase Agreement**

On 7 December 2020, the Company and Shuhai Supply Chain entered into the Shuhai Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which we agreed to purchase food ingredients (such as beef and bovine offal) from Shuhai Supply Chain Group. Such food ingredients will primarily be used in the manufacture of the Small Hot Pot Products. Shuhai Supply Chain is our connected person and therefore the transactions under the Shuhai Purchase Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Shuhai Purchase Agreement has a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023. Please refer to the announcement and circular of the Company dated 7 December 2020 and 14 December 2020, respectively, for details.

The annual caps for transactions contemplated under the Shuhai Purchase Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the year ending 31 December 2023 are RMB300,000,000 and RMB375,000,000, respectively. The aggregate transaction amount incurred in accordance with the Shuhai Purchase Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2022 was RMB11,942,000.

The Group has followed policies and guidelines when determining the price and terms of the continuing connected transactions conducted for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The auditor of the Group has reviewed the continuing connected transactions referred to above and confirmed to the Board that the continuing connected transactions: (i) have received the approval of the Board; (ii) were in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group; (iii) were entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and (iv) have not exceeded the caps.

The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions were entered into by the Group: (i) in the ordinary and usual course of its business; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements (including the pricing principle and guidelines set out therein) governing them and on terms that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

7. 蜀海購買協議

於2020年12月7日,本公司與蜀海 供應鏈訂立蜀海購買協議,據此, 我們同意向蜀海供應鏈集團購買牛 肉及牛雜等食材。該等食材將主要 用於製作小火鍋產品。蜀海供應鏈 為我們的關連人士, 因此根據上市 規則第十四A章,蜀海購買協議項 下的交易構成持續關連交易。

蜀海購買協議自2021年1月1日至 2023年12月31日為期三年。有關 詳情,請分別參閱本公司日期為 2020年12月7日及2020年12月14 日的公告及涌承。

截至2022年12月31日止年度及截 至2023年12月31日止年度,蜀海 購買協議項下擬進行的交易的年 度上限分別為人民幣300,000,000 元及人民幣375,000,000元。截至 2022年12月31日止年度,根據蜀 海購買協議產生的總交易金額為人 民幣11,942,000元。

本集團於釐定截至2022年12月31日止年 度進行的持續關連交易的價格及條款時 已遵守政策及指引。

本集團核數師已審閱上述持續關連交 易,並向董事會確認,該等持續關連交 易:(i)已獲董事會批准;(ii)符合本集團的 定價政策;(iii)根據規管交易的相關協議 訂立;及(iv)並無超出上限。

獨立非執行董事確認,本集團乃(i)於其日 常及一般業務過程中;(ii)根據正常或更 佳商業條款;及(iii)根據規管交易的相關 協議(包括其中規定的定價原則及指引) 並按公平、合理及符合本公司及股東整 體利益之條款訂立上述持續關連交易。

董事會報告

The Company has designated a team of senior management from business operation, legal, risk control and finance departments and Board office to monitor the continuing connected transactions and ensure that the continuing connected transactions with the abovementioned connected persons are on arm's length basis and that the annual caps are not exceeded. Such team of senior management continuously traces and regularly monitors the progress of the continuing connected transactions and reports to management of the Company. They review the continuing connected transactions with the finance department to ensure that annual caps are not exceeded. They will also communicate with the Audit Committee, management and the Board of Directors, monthly or as needed, to report the progress of the continuing connected transactions, and request for approval of new changes of existing transaction terms. The heads of different departments of the Company will be informed on a periodic basis in relation to the terms and pricing policies of the continuing connected transactions as well. The Audit Committee has also assigned the independent internal audit team the task to ensure that the Company's internal control measures in respect of the continuing connected transactions remain effective and complete. With these measures, the independent non-executive Directors could therefore assess and give the confirmations in the preceding paragraph.

本公司已指定一支由業務經營、法律、 風險控制及財務部門以及董事會辦公室 組成的高級管理層團隊以監察持續關連 交易及確保與上文所提及關連人士進行 的持續關連交易乃按公平磋商釐定,且 並無超出年度上限。有關高級管理層團 隊持續追蹤及定期監察持續關連交易進 程,並向本公司管理層報告。彼等與財 務部審閱持續關連交易以確保並無超出 年度上限。彼等亦將會每月或(如需要) 與審計委員會、管理層及董事會進行溝 通,以報告持續關連交易進程,並要求 批准現有交易條款的新變動。本公司不 同部門主管將會獲定期知會持續關連交 易條款及定價政策。審計委員會亦指派 獨立內部審計團隊任務,確保有關持續 關連交易的本公司內部控制措施保持有 效及完整。藉著該等措施,獨立非執行 董事因而可進行評估並給予前段的確認。

Save for disclosed above, during the year ended 31 December 2022, we have not entered into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which should be disclosed pursuant to the Rules 14A.49 and 14A.71 of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外,我們於截至2022年 12月31日止年度並無訂立任何根據上市 規則第14A.49條及第14A.71條須予披露 之關連交易或持續關連交易。

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

董事於重要交易、安排或合約中的重大 權益

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected and Continuing Connected Transactions" above, there were no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or its connected entity (within the meaning of Section 486 of the Companies Ordinance) had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, and subsisting during the year ended 31 December 2022 or as of 31 December 2022.

除上文「關連及持續關連交易」一節所披 露者外,並無本公司或其附屬公司屬其 中一名訂約方且董事或其關連實體(如 《公司條例》第486條所定義)於其中直接 或間接擁有重大權益以及於截至2022年 12月31日止年度或截至2022年12月31 日仍然存續之重要交易、安排或合約。

董事會報告

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected and Continuing Connected Transactions" above, no contract of significance was entered into between the Company, or one of its subsidiary companies, and any of its Controlling Shareholders or subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2022.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to Article 33 of the Articles of Association and subject to Cayman Companies Act, each Director shall be indemnified, out of the assets of the Company, against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his/her favor, or in which he/she is acquitted.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' liability insurance coverage for the Directors of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022.

REMUNERATION POLICY, DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND PENSION SCHEME

As at 31 December 2022, we had 2,720 employees. The remuneration of our employees includes salaries and allowances. We provide training to our staff to enhance technical and product knowledge. The Group's remuneration policies are formulated based on the performance of individual employees and are reviewed regularly. The Group follows closely the demand of business development and continuously improves its incentive system and implements a competitive remuneration policy.

The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to the Directors. The emoluments of Directors are determined by the Board with reference to the Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Details of the Directors' remuneration during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in note 36 to the Financial Statements.

重大合約

除上文「關連及持續關連交易」一節所披 露者外,於截至2022年12月31日止年 度,本公司或其中一間附屬公司與其任 何控股股東或附屬公司之間概無訂立任 何重大合約。

管理合約

截至2022年12月31日止年度及直至本年 報日期為止,概無訂立或存在任何有關 本公司全部或重大部分業務之管理及行 政的合約。

董事獲准許的彌償條文

根據組織章程細則第33條及受開曼公司 法約束,各董事有權從本公司的資產中 獲得彌償,以彌償其作為董事在勝訴或 無罪的任何民事或刑事法律訴訟中進行 抗辯而招致或蒙受的一切損失或法律責 任。

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司 已為本集團的董事安排適當的董事責任 保險。

薪酬政策、董事薪酬及退休金計劃

於2022年12月31日,我們擁有2,720 名僱員。僱員的薪酬包括薪金及津貼。 我們亦為員工提供培訓,以提升其技術 及產品知識。本集團的薪酬政策乃基於 僱員個人的表現制定,並會定期予以檢 討。本集團緊貼業務發展需求,不斷優 化激勵體系,實施具有競爭力的薪酬政 策。

本集團為董事提供具競爭力的薪酬待 遇。董事酬金由董事會經參照董事職 務、職責及表現以及本集團的業績而釐 定。於截至2022年12月31日止年度董事 酬金的詳情載於財務報表附註36。

董事會報告

In accordance with the laws and regulations in the PRC, the Group has arranged for its PRC employees to join defined contribution plans, including pension, medical, housing and other welfare benefits, organized by the PRC government. The Group contributes funds which are calculated on fixed percentage of the employees' salary (subject to a floor and cap) as set by local municipal governments to each scheme locally to fund the retirement benefits of the employees. No forfeited contribution under this scheme is available to reduce the contribution payable in future years. The Group also provides social insurance, including pension insurance, unemployment insurance, work-related injury insurance and medical insurance for the employees of the Group.

根據中國法律及法規,本集團已安排其 中國僱員加入由中國政府組織的界定供 款計劃,當中包括退休金、醫療、住房 及其他福利。本集團按照地方市政府設 定的僱員薪金固定比例(設有上下限)對 地方各計劃作出供款,為僱員的退休福 利提供資金。本計劃並無可供沒收供款 以供削減未來年度應付供款。本集團亦 為本集團僱員提供社保,當中包括退休 金保險、失業保險、工傷保險及醫療保 險。

SHARE SCHEME

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report, the Company has adopted one share scheme which was required to be disclosed as below under the requirements of the Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

THE RSU SCHEME

The Company has approved and adopted a RSU Scheme by a resolution of the Shareholders on 24 February 2016 and a resolution of the Board on 24 February 2016. The Company complies with the provisions of the new Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules effective from the financial year commencing from 1 January 2023 subject to the transitional arrangements provided for the RSU Scheme, being a share award scheme.

The RSUs do not carry any right to vote at general meetings of the Company. No RSU grantee (the "Grantee") shall enjoy any of the rights of a Shareholder by virtue of the grant of an award of RSUs (the "Award") pursuant to the RSU Scheme, unless and until such Shares underlying the Award are actually transferred to the Grantee upon vesting of the RSU. Unless otherwise specified by the Board in its entire discretion, the Grantees do not have any rights to any cash or non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions from any Shares underlying an Award. Please refer to the section headed "Appendix IV - Statutory and General Information" of the Prospectus for details.

股份計劃

於截至2022年12月31日止年度及直至 本年報日期,本公司採納了一項股份計 劃,並須根據上市規則第十七章的規定 作出以下披露。

受限制股份單位計劃

本公司已根據股東於2016年2月24日的 決議案及董事會於2016年2月24日的決 議案批准及採納受限制股份單位計劃。 本公司按照受限制股份單位計劃(即股份 獎勵計劃) 規定的過渡安排,遵守自2023 年1月1日起財政年度生效的上市規則新 訂第十七章的規定。

受限制股份單位並無附帶任何可於本公 司股東大會上投票的權利。除非及直至 該等與受限制股份單位獎勵(「獎勵」)相 關的股份於受限制股份單位歸屬時實際 轉讓予受限制股份單位承授人,否則並 無受限制股份單位承授人因根據受限制 股份單位計劃授出獎勵而享有任何股東 權利。除非董事會全權酌情決定另行指 明,否則受限制股份單位承授人並無任 何權利分享與獎勵相關的任何股份的任 何現金或非現金收入、股息或分派及/ 或出售非現金及非實物分派的所得款 項。有關詳情,請參閱招股章程「附錄 四一法定及一般資料」章節。

董事會報告

A summary of the principal terms of the RSU Scheme is set out below:

受限制股份單位計劃的主要條款概要載 列如下:

1. Purposes of the RSU Scheme

The purpose of the RSU Scheme is to recognize and reward RSU Participants (as defined below) for their contribution to the Group, to attract suitable personnel, and to provide incentives to them to remain with and further contribute to the Group.

2. **RSU Participants in the RSU Scheme**

Participants of the RSU Scheme ("RSU Participant(s)") include the following:

- (1) full-time employees (including directors, officers and members of senior management) of the Group;
- before 1 January 2023, any person who, in the sole opinion of the Board, has contributed or will contribute to any member of the Group (including business partners of any member of the Group, such as suppliers, customers or any persons who provide technical support, consultancy, advisory or other services to any member of the Group); and
- starting from 1 January 2023, any person who, in the sole opinion of the Board, provides services to any member of the Group on a continuing or recurring basis in its ordinary and usual course of business which are in the interests of the long term growth of the Group, excluding placing agents, financial advisers and professional service providers who are required to perform their services with impartiality and objectivity.

1. 受限制股份單位計劃的目的

受限制股份單位計劃的目的為確認 及獎勵受限制股份單位計劃參與者 (定義見下文)對本集團的成功作出 的貢獻、吸引合適人才、以及讓他 們對本集團保持及作出進一步貢獻 提供鼓勵。

限制股份單位計劃的受限制股份單 2. 位參與者

> 受限制股份單位計劃參與者(「受限 制股份單位參與者」)包括:

- (1) 本集團的全職僱員(包括董 事、高級職員及高級管理層成 昌);
- 於2023年1月1日前,董事會 全權認為曾為或將為本集團任 何成員公司作出貢獻的任何人 士(包括本集團任何成員公司 的業務夥伴,例如供應商、客 戶或向本集團任何成員公司提 供技術支援、諮詢、建議或其 他服務的任何人士);及
- 自2023年1月1日起,董事會 (3)全權認為於本集團任何成員公 司一般及日常業務過程中持續 或經常對其提供服務的任何人 士而對本集團長期增長有利者 (不包括配售代理、財務顧問 及須公正客觀履行服務的專業 服務商)。

董事會報告

3. **Total Number of Shares Available for Grant**

Under the RSU Scheme, the Company reserved 53,680,000 ordinary shares in February 2016. The shares under the RSU Scheme have been increased to 77,220,000 after the capitalisation issue on 13 July 2016. Therefore, unless otherwise duly approved by the Shareholders, the total number of Shares underlying the RSU Scheme shall not exceed 77,220,000 Shares (excluding Shares underlying RSUs that have lapsed or been cancelled in accordance with the RSU Scheme), representing approximately 7.38% of the issued Shares of the Company as of the date of this annual report. All the Shares underlying the RSU Scheme are held by Vistra Fiduciary (HK) Limited (the "RSU Trustee") on trust for the benefit of the participants to the scheme and will be released to participants upon vesting of each RSU under the RSU Scheme (when vesting in the form of Shares).

Maximum Entitlement of Each RSU Participant

The number of RSUs granted to each RSU Participant shall be determined at the sole and absolute discretion of the Board and the RSU Scheme did not contain any restriction on the maximum entitlement of each RSU Participant.

3. 可供授出股份總數

根據受限制股份單位計劃,本公司 於2016年2月預留53,680,000股普 通股。於2016年7月13日資本化發 行後,受限制股份單位計劃下的股 份已增加至77,220,000股。因此, 除非股東另行正式批准,否則受限 制股份單位計劃相關股份總數不得 超過77,220,000股股份(不包括根 據受限制股份單位計劃已告失效或 被註銷的受限制股份單位計劃相關 股份),相當於截至本年報日期本公 司已發行股份約7.38%。受限制股 份單位計劃所涉所有股份由Vistra Fiduciary (HK) Limited (「受限制股 份單位受託人」) 為計劃參與者的利 益以信託方式持有,並會於各受限 制股份單位根據受限制股份單位計 劃歸屬時(以股份形式歸屬時)向參 與者發放。

各受限制股份單位參與者權益上限

授予各受限制股份單位參與者的受 限制股份單位數量由董事會全權酌 情釐定,而受限制股份單位計劃並 無載列對各受限制股份單位參與者 權益上限的限制。

董事會報告

5. **Vesting Period**

Subject to the terms of the RSU Scheme and the specific terms and conditions applicable to each Award, the RSUs granted in an Award shall be subject to a vesting period (if any) and the satisfaction of performance and/or other conditions (if any) to be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. If such conditions are not satisfied, the RSU shall automatically lapse on the date on which such conditions are not satisfied, as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion.

Acceptance of Award

If the selected RSU Participant intends to accept an Award under the RSU Scheme as specified in the notice of grant, he/she is required to sign an acceptance notice, and return it to the RSU Trustee, through the Company within the time period and in a manner prescribed in the notice of grant. Upon the RSU Trustee's receipt from the selected RSU Participant of a duly executed acceptance notice and full payment of consideration, RSUs shall be granted to such Participant in respect of a Board Lot or an integral multiple thereof, and such RSU Participant shall become a Grantee pursuant to the RSU Scheme. To the extent that the Grant is not accepted by any selected Participant within the time period or in a manner prescribed in the notice of grant, the Grant shall be deemed to have been irrevocably declined and the RSUs immediately lapsed.

7. **Basis of Determining of the Consideration**

The consideration payable by a selected Participant for acceptance of an Award under the RSU Scheme shall be determined at the sole and absolute discretion of the Board after taking the following factors into consideration: (i) the initial issue price of the Shares underlying the RSU Scheme held by the RSU Trustee; (ii) the net asset value per Share as at the end of the financial year immediately before the date of the notice of grant; (iii) the closing price of the Shares of the Company on the date of the notice of grant; and (iv) the average closing price of the Shares of the Company for the five business days prior to the date of the notice of grant.

5. 歸屬期

受限於各項獎勵適用受限制股份單 位計劃條款及特定條款和條款,獎 勵中授出的受限制股份受歸屬期 (如有)所限,並須達成董事會全 權決定的表現及/或其他條件(如 有)。倘未達成有關條件,則受限制 股份單位將於未達成董事會全權決 定的該等條件當日自動失效。

6. 獎勵的接納

倘經選定參與者擬按授出通知所示 接納受限制股份單位計劃下的獎 勵,其須簽署接納通知並在授出通 知規定的期限內及按規定的方式透 過本公司交回受限制股份單位受託 人。待受限制股份單位受託人接獲 經選定受限制股份單位參與者的正 式簽署接納通知及代價的全數付款 後,受限制股份單位將以一個買賣 單位或其整數倍數授予該參與者, 而該參與者根據受限制股份單位計 劃成為承授人。倘授出未獲任何經 選定參與者在授出通知規定的時間 內或按規定方式接納,則此項授出 被視為已不可撤銷地遭拒絕,而受 限制股份單位即時失效。

釐定代價的基準 7.

經選定參與者就根據受限制股份單 位計劃接納獎勵應付的代價由董事 會於考慮以下因素後全權酌情釐 定:(i)由受限制股份單位受託人持 有有關受限制股份單位計劃股份的 初步發行價;(ii)於緊接授出通知日 期前財政年度結束時的每股股份資 產淨值;(iii)本公司股份於授出通知 日期的收市價;及(iv)本公司股份於 授出通知日期前五個營業日的平均 收市價。

董事會報告

8. Remaining Life

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the termination clause of the RSU Scheme, the RSU Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the date of adoption, 24 Febraury 2016, after which no Awards will be granted, but the provisions of the RSU Scheme shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and the Awards granted during the term of the RSU Scheme may continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with their terms of grant. As of the date of this annual report, the remaining life of the RSU Scheme is approximately two years and ten months.

The Company approved and granted 9,140,000 RSUs among which 1,510,000 were granted to two Directors at that time pursuant to the RSU Scheme on 28 December 2016. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 28 December 2016 for details. As at 31 December 2022, 748,000 RSUs out of the 9,140,000 RSUs that were granted on 28 December 2016 have been cancelled for reasons such as the resignation of our employees and all of the remaining RSUs (i.e. 8,392,000 RSUs) have been vested in accordance with the vesting period as set out in the announcement.

The Company approved and granted 1,510,000 RSUs among which 770,000 were granted to five Directors at that time pursuant to the RSU Scheme on 9 December 2018. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 10 December 2018 for details. As at 31 December 2022, all of the 1,510,000 RSUs have been vested in accordance with the vesting period as set out in the announcement.

The Company approved and granted 750,000 RSUs among which 670,000 were granted to five Directors at that time pursuant to the RSU Scheme on 27 December 2019. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 27 December 2019 for details. As at 31 December 2022, all of the 750,000 RSUs have been vested in accordance with the vesting period as set out in the announcement.

8. 尚餘期限

受限於董事根據受限制股份單位計 劃的終止條款可能決定提早終止, 受限制股份單位計劃將自採納日期 (2016年2月24日) 起生效, 為期10 年,期滿後,將不會授出獎勵,但 受限制股份單位計劃的條文在所有 其他方面仍具有十足效力及作用, 而於受限制股份單位計劃期限內授 出的獎勵可根據其授出條款繼續維 持有效及可行使。截至本年報日 期,受限制股份單位尚餘期限為約 兩年十個月。

於2016年12月28日,本公司已根據受限 制股份單位計劃批准及授出9,140,000個 受限制股份單位,其中1,510,000個乃於 當時授予兩名董事。詳情請參閱本公司 日期為2016年12月28日的公告。截至 2022年12月31日,於2016年12月28日 授出的9,140,000個受限制股份單位中的 748,000個受限制股份單位,由於我們僱 員辭任等原因已被註銷,而其餘全部受 限制股份單位(即8,392,000個受限制股 份單位)已根據該公告載列的歸屬期予以 歸屬。

於2018年12月9日,本公司已根據受限 制股份單位計劃批准及授出1,510,000個 受限制股份單位,其中770,000個乃於 當時授予五名董事。詳情請參閱該本公 司日期為2018年12月10日之公告。於 2022年12月31日, 全部1.510.000個受 限制股份單位已根據該公告載列的歸屬 期予以歸屬。

於2019年12月27日,本公司已根據受限 制股份單位計劃批准及授出750,000個受 限制股份單位,其中670,000個乃於當時 授予五名董事。詳情請參閱本公司日期 為2019年12月27日之公告。於2022年 12月31日,全部750,000個受限制股份 單位已根據該公告載列的歸屬期予以歸 屬。

董事會報告

Details of RSUs granted under the RSU Scheme as of 31 December 2022 are as follows:

截至2022年12月31日根據受限制股份單 位計劃授出的受限制股份單位詳情如下:

Name of/Category of Grantee 承授人姓名/類别	Number of RSUs granted 已授出受限制 股份單位數目	Date of grant 授出日	Consideration (US\$) 代價(美元)	Number of unvested RSUs as of 1 January 2022 截至2022年 1月1日 未歸屬受限制 股份單位數目	Number of RSUs vested during the Reporting Period 於報告期間 已歸屬受服制 股份單位數目	Number of RSUs cancelled/ lapsed during the Reporting Period 於報告期間 已註銷/ 已失效受限制 股份單位數目	Number of RSUs outstanding as of 31 December 2022 截至2022年 12月31日 未行使受限制 股份單位數目
MANA H/ MM	11X 11 + 2 XX 1	ДЩН	TVIR (X707	11X 117 + 12 XX H	11X177 + LEXX H	11X (1) + 12 X H	100 H H M H
Directors 董事							
Mr. Sean Shi 施永宏先生	200,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾ 2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	_
	260,000	27 December 2019 ⁽³⁾ 2019年12月27日 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Guo Qiang 郭強先生	150,000	28 December 2016 ⁽¹⁾ 2016年12月28日 ⁽¹⁾	0.0082 per Share (approximately HK\$0.06 per Share) 每股股份0.0082	-	-	-	-
	120,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾	(約每股股份0.06港元) -	-	-	-	-
	120,000	2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾ 27 December 2019 ⁽³⁾ 2019年12月27日 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Sun Shengfeng 孫勝峰先生	500,000	28 December 2016 ⁽¹⁾ 2016年12月28日 ⁽¹⁾	0.0082 per Share (approximately HK\$0.06 per Share) 每股股份0.0082 (約每股股份0.06港元)	-	-		-
	120,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾ 2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-
	60,000	27 December 2019 [©] 2019年12月27日 [©]	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai 趙曉凱先生	120,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾ 2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-
	80,000	27 December 2019 ⁽³⁾ 2019年12月27日 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-

董事會報告

Name of/Category of Grantee	Number of RSUs granted 已授出受限制 股份單位數目	Date of grant 授出日	Consideration (US\$) 代價(美元)	Number of unvested RSUs as of 1 January 2022 截至2022年 1月1日 未歸屬受限制 股份單位數目	Number of RSUs vested during the Reporting Period 於報告期間 已歸屬受限制 股份單位數目	Number of RSUs cancelled/ lapsed during the Reporting Period 於報告期間 已註銷/ 已失效受限制 股份單位數目	Number of RSUs outstanding as of 31 December 2022 截至2022年 12月31日 未行使受限制 股份單位數目
Ms. Shu Ping	100,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾	-		_	- ·	-
舒萍女士		2018年12月9日四					
Mr. Zhang Yong 張勇先生	200,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾ 2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	_
	160,000	27 December 2019 ⁽³⁾ 2019年12月27日 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Five Highest Paid Individuals in Aggregate ⁽⁴⁾ 五名最高薪酬人士合計 ⁽⁴⁾	1,990,000 ⁽⁵⁾	28 December 2016 ⁽¹⁾ 2016年12月28日 ⁽¹⁾	0.0082 per Share (approximately HK\$0.06 per Share) 每股股份0.0082 (約每股股份0.06港元)	-	-	-	-
	250,000(5)	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾ 2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	_	-
	70,000 ⁽⁵⁾	27 December 2019 ⁽³⁾ 2019年12月27日 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Other Grantees in Aggregate 其他承授人合計							
Employees of the Group 本集團僱員	5,202,000	28 December 2016 ⁽¹⁾ 2016年12月28日 ⁽¹⁾	0.0082 per Share (approximately HK\$0.06 per Share) 每股股份0.0082 (約每股股份0.06港元)	-	-	-	-
	400,000	9 December 2018 ⁽²⁾ 2018年12月9日 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-
Business partners 業務合作夥伴	550,000	28 December 2016 ⁽¹⁾ 2016年12月28日 ⁽¹⁾	0.0082 per Share (approximately HK\$0.06 per Share) 每股股份0.0082 (約每股股份0.06港元)	-	-	-	-
Total: 總計:	10,652,000						

董事會報告

Notes:

- Subject to all vesting conditions having been satisfied in accordance with the rules governing the RSU Scheme, the total of 9,140,000 RSUs granted on 28 December 2016 shall be vested as to 20% on 28 December 2018 and as to 80% on 28 December 2019.
- Subject to all vesting conditions having been satisfied in accordance with the rules governing the RSU Scheme, the total of 1,510,000 RSUs granted on 9 December 2018 shall be vested on 10 December 2018.
- Subject to all vesting conditions having been satisfied in accordance with the rules governing the RSU Scheme, the total of 750,000 RSUs granted on 27 December 2019 shall be vested on the same day.
- Five highest paid individuals of the Company during the Reporting Period include three Directors, being Mr. Guo Qiang, Mr. Sun Shengfeng and Mr. Zhao Xiaokai and two other employees.
- Excluding number of RSUs granted to Directors who are five highest paid individuals of the Company during the Reporting Period.

No participant with RSU granted and to be granted in excess of the 1% individual limit and no participant with RSU granted or to be granted in any 12-month period exceeding 0.1% of Shares in issue at the date of such grant.

The number of RSUs available for grant under the RSU Scheme mandate at the beginning and the end of the year ended 31 December 2022 was 66,568,000, representing approximately 6.36% of the issued shares of the Company as of the date of this annual report.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company did not grant any RSU. Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, no RSU had been granted or agreed to be granted by the Company pursuant to the RSU Scheme.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no equity-linked agreement entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022.

附註:

- 受限於根據規管受限制股份單位計劃 (1) 的規則達成所有歸屬條件,於2016年 12月28日授出合共9,140,000個受限制 股份單位的20%將於2018年12月28日 歸屬,而80%將於2019年12月28日歸
- (2)受限於根據規管受限制股份單位計劃的 規則達成所有歸屬條件,於2018年12 月9日授出合共1,510,000個受限制股份 單位將於2018年12月10日歸屬。
- 受限於根據規管受限制股份單位計劃的 (3)規則達成所有歸屬條件,於2019年12 月27日授出合共750,000個受限制股份 單位將於同日歸屬。
- 於報告期內本公司五名最高薪酬人士包 (4) 括三名董事,即郭強先生、孫勝峰先生 及捎曉凱先生以及另外兩名僱員。
- 不包括報告期內授予屬本公司五名最高 (5)薪酬人士的董事的受限制股份單位數 目。

於有關授出日期,並無參與者獲授及將 獲授的受限制股份單位超出1%個別上 限,亦無參與者獲授或將獲授的受限制 股份單位於任何12個月期間超出有關已 發行股份的0.1%。

於截至2022年12月31日止年度年初及 年終時根據受限制股份單位計劃可供授 出的受限制股份單位數目為66,568,000 個,相當於截至本年報日期本公司已發 行股份約6.36%。

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司 概無授出受限制股份單位。除上文披露 者外,於2022年12月31日,本公司並無 根據受限制股份單位計劃授出或同意授 出受限制股份單位。

股權掛鈎協議

除本年報披露者外,本公司於截至2022 年12月31日止年度並無訂立股權掛鈎協 議。

董事會報告

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the respective percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers in aggregate was 5.5% and 18.3%; and the respective percentage of the total sales attributable to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers was 22.8% and 28.4%.

Our largest customer was Haidilao Group. Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping are the controlling shareholders, and Mr. Sean Shi and his spouse are the substantial shareholders of Haidilao Group. Our fourth largest customer was Super Hi Group. Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Shu Ping are the controlling shareholders of Super Hi Group and Mr. Sean Shi, together with his spouse, Ms. Hailey Lee, is interested in approximately 8.15% of the shares of Super Hi Group.

Except as disclosed above, none of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had a material interest in our five largest suppliers or customers.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2022.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code. Specific enquiries have been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Company's employees, who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company, have also been subject to the Model Code for securities transactions. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the Company's employees was noted by the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

主要客户及供應商

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團 最大供應商及五大供應商應佔相關採購 百分比合共為5.5%及18.3%;及本集團 最大客戶及五大客戶應佔銷售總額相關 百分比為22.8%及28.4%。

我們的最大客戶為海底撈集團。張勇先 生和舒萍女士為海底撈集團控股股東, 而施永宏先生及其配偶為其主要股東。 我們的第四大客戶為特海集團。張勇先 生及舒萍女士為特海集團的控股股東, 而施永宏先生及其配偶李海燕女士於特 海集團約8.15%的股份中擁有權益。

除上述披露者外,董事或彼等緊密聯繫 人或任何股東(據董事所知其擁有本公司 超過5%的已發行股本)概無於五大供應 商或客戶中擁有重大權益。

收購、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司 及其任何附屬公司均無購買、贖回或出 售本公司任何上市證券。

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則。已向所有董事 作出特定查詢,而董事亦已確認彼等於 截至2022年12月31日止年度一直遵守標 準守則。

可能擁有本公司內幕消息的本公司僱員 亦須遵守證券交易的標準守則。於截至 2022年12月31日止年度,據本公司所 知, 並無出現本公司僱員不遵守標準守 則的事件。

董事會報告

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company had applied the principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and has complied with the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code for the year ended 31 December 2022. Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report for details.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. certified public accountants.

PricewaterhouseCoopers will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for their re-appointment as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the AGM.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND RECORD DATE

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 15 May 2023 to Thursday, 18 May 2023, both days inclusive, in order to determine the eligibility of the Shareholders to attend and vote at the AGM to be held on Thursday, 18 May 2023. The Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 15 May 2023 (the "Record Date") will be entitled to attend and vote at the AGM. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfer accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 12 May 2023.

遵守企業管治守則

本公司已採納企業管治守則的原則及守 則條文,並於截至2022年12月31日止 年度一直遵守企業管治守則內之守則條 文。有關詳情,請參閱本年報企業管治 報告。

核數師

本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的綜 合財務報表已經執業會計師羅兵咸永道 會計師事務所審核。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所將會退任,並 合資格應聘續任。續任彼等為本公司核 數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上提呈。

暫停辦理過户登記及記錄日期

本公司將於2023年5月15日(星期一)至 2023年5月18日(星期四)(包括首尾兩 日) 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,以確定 合資格出席將於2023年5月18日(星期 四)舉行的股東週年大會並於會上投票的 股東。於2023年5月15日(星期一)(「記 錄日期」) 名列在本公司股東名冊上的股 東將有資格參加股東週年大會並於其中 投票。為符合資格出席股東週年大會並 於會上投票,所有過戶文件連同有關股 票及過戶表格,須於2023年5月12日(星 期五)下午四時三十分前送交本公司之香 港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記 有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東 183號合和中心17樓1712至1716號舖。

董事會報告

The register of members of the Company will also be closed from Wednesday, 24 May 2023 to Thursday, 25 May 2023, both days inclusive, in order to determine the entitlement of the Shareholders to the final dividend. The Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Thursday, 25 May 2023 will be entitled to the final dividend. In order to be eligible to be entitled to the final dividend, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 23 May 2023.

本公司亦將於2023年5月24日(星期三) 至2023年5月25日(星期四)(包括首尾兩 日) 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,以確定 合資格領取末期股息之股東。於2023年 5月25日(星期四)名列本公司股東名冊 的股東將有資格收取末期股息。為符合 資格收取末期股息,所有過戶文件連同 有關股票及過戶表格,須不遲於2023年5 月23日(星期二)下午四時三十分前送交 本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處香港中 央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至 1716號舖。

By order of the Board Sean Shi Chairman of the Board

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

承董事會命 施永宏 董事會主席

香港,2023年3月30日

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

ABOUT THE REPORT

YIHAI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD. (hereinafter "Yihai", "the Group", or "we") is pleased to present our report on Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) for the year of 2022 ("the Report"). This is the seventh consecutive ESG report we have disclosed to the public regarding our ESG management philosophy and performance of our practices. We aim to disclose in this report the concepts and practices on sustainable development of the Group in a transparent manner and enhance the mutual understanding and communication of various stakeholders of the Group.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Report is prepared in accordance with Appendix 27 Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") by Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEx"). We follow the principles of materiality. quantitative, balance and consistency, and strive to fully represent our current management status and performance results in terms of environmental, social and governance for the year. This report should be read together in conjunction with the "Corporate Governance Report"in the Group's 2022 Annual Report for a more comprehensive understanding of the Group's ESG performance.

"Materiality": This report has been prepared to identify key stakeholders and their concerns about ESG issues, and to make targeted disclosures based on the relative materiality of their concerns.

關於本報告

頤海國際控股有限公司(下稱「頤海」「本 集團」或「我們」) 欣然呈列2022年度之環 境、社會及管治報告(下稱「本報告」)。 本報告系我們連續第七年向社會發佈本 集團在環境、社會及管治(下稱「ESG」) 方面的管理理念與績效表現。我們希望 本報告能傳遞本集團的可持續發展理念 與管理實踐,促進各利益相關方對本集 團的了解和溝通。

報告編製標準

本報告編製依據為香港交易及結算所有 限公司發佈的《香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則》(下稱《上市規則》)所載 之附錄二十七《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》(下稱《ESG報告指引》),遵循重要 性、量化、平衡、一致性匯報原則,力 求充分反映本集團本年度在ESG方面的 管理現狀及績效成果。本報告應與本集 團《2022年年度報告》「企業管治報告」章 節結合閱讀,以幫助讀者更全面地了解 本集團ESG表現。

「重要性」: 本報告已在編製過程中識別 主要利益相關方及其關注的ESG議題, 並根據其關注議題的相對重要程度,在 本報告中做有針對性的披露。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

"Quantitative": The report presents the key performance indicators at the environmental and social levels in quantitative terms, and the measurement criteria, methodologies, assumptions and/or calculation tools for KPIs in this report, as well as the sources of conversion factors used, are described in the corresponding places.

"Balance": This report follows the balance principle and objectively presents the Group's ESG performance and management status.

"Consistency": Unless otherwise indicated, the data disclosed in this report are statistically consistent with previous years.

REPORTING BOUNDARY

Unless otherwise stated, the Report covers the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022, which is the same as the period covered by the annual report of the Group. All data involved in the Report are derived from internal documents or statistical reports of the Group.

ESG MANAGEMENT

ESG Concept

We believe that sustainable and robust ESG performance is essential to the sustainable development of the Group's business and the community where the Group operates. The dynamic combination of commercial and social needs is bound to embrace more influential social effects. We are not only committed to achieving sound financial performance, but also realizing greater overall benefits through actively identifying stakeholders' expectations, discovering areas where our business development coheres with environmental and social demands, exercising prudent management over our ESG risks, fully integrating our existing and potential resources to provide more value-added products and services for the society, striving to enhance our corporate value and ensuring the Group's long-term sustainable development.

「量化 |: 本報告採用量化資料的方式展 現環境與社會層面的關鍵績效指標,有 關本報告中關鍵績效指標的計量標準、 方法、假設及/或計算工具、以及使用 的轉換系數來源,均已在相應位置進行 了説明。

「平衡」: 本報告遵循平衡原則, 客觀呈 現本集團的ESG表現及管理現狀。

「一致性」:除另有註明外,本報告所披 露數據採取與往年一致的統計方法。

報告節圍

除特別説明外,本報告涵蓋期間為2022 年1月1日至2022年12月31日,與公司 年報內容所涵蓋時間相同。報告內涉及 所有數據均來自本集團內部文件或統計 報告。

ESG管理方針

ESG理念

我們相信持續穩健的ESG表現對本集團 業務與本集團所在社區的可持續發展至 關重要,商業和社會需求的有機結合方 能產生更具影響的社會效應。我們不僅 致力於實現強健的財務業績,亦致力於 積極識別各利益相關方的期望,不斷發 掘自身業務發展和環境、社會需求的契 合點,審慎管理自身的ESG風險,充 分整合現有及潛在資源以為社會創造更 具價值的產品和服務,努力提升企業價 值,確保本集團的長期持續發展。

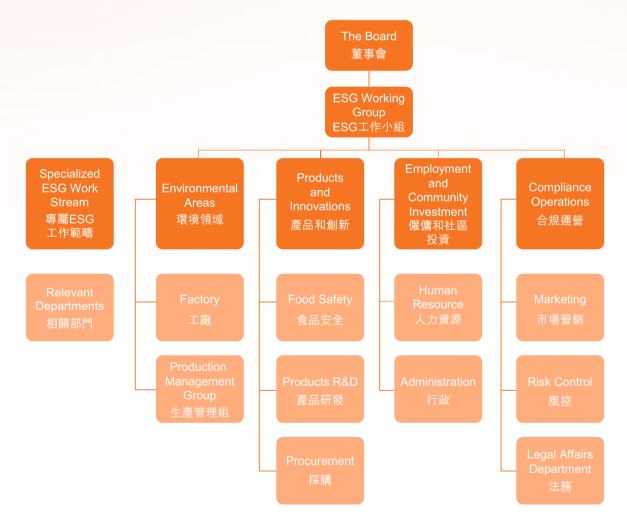
環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

ESG Governance Structure

To strengthen the Company's ESG management and implement the concept of sustainable development, the Group has further optimised the ESG governance system, clarified the supervision of ESG matters by the governance layer, and played a governance role. At the same time, the management responsibilities, and authorities of the management on ESG matters are clarified, and an ESG working group with senior management as a member is formed to carry out ESG work in combination with the current management situation of the Group and the characteristics of the food industry.

ESG管治架構

為加強公司ESG管理工作,貫徹可持續 發展理念,本集團進一步優化ESG管治 架構,明確治理層對ESG事官的監督, 發揮治理作用。同時明確管理層對ESG 事宜的管理職責和權限,組建由高級管 理層擔任成員的ESG工作小組,結合公 司管理現狀及食品行業特點,開展ESG 工作。



ESG Governance Structure ESG管治架構

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Statement for Responsibilities of ESG Governance Framework

- The Board: Responsible for assessing and determining the Risks and Opportunities associated with the Group's environmental, social and governance. Ensuring that the Group has appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems in place. Formulating the Company's ESG management policies, strategies, priorities and targets, and regularly reviewing the Group's performance on ESG-related targets. Approving disclosures in the Company's ESG Reports and ensuring that the Group has incorporated ESG into its business decision-making processes.
- ESG Working Group: Conducting internal and external materiality assessments of relevant ESG issues as authorized by the Board. Implementing Board strategies and policies and preparing ESG Reports. Reporting to the Board on a regular basis, developing and approving ESG management policies and internal processes.

Board Statement

The Board oversees environmental, social and governance matters with the assistance of the ESG Working Group. The ESG working group, which is composed of key business executives led by the head of the supply system, reports to the board of directors on ESG information and is responsible for implementing the Group's ESG policy to achieve the Company's sustainable development goals.

The Board regularly scrutinizes ESG-related strategies to review and ensure that they are aligned with the Company's long-term development strategy. The Company communicates extensively and deeply with various stakeholders through various channels. and constantly explores and improves its performance in the field of ESG. The Group strictly abides by the relevant laws and regulations relevant to ESG involved in corporate operations and has integrated ESG management into the Company's strategic development and daily operation. At the same time, the Board has been involved in the assessment, prioritization and management of environmental, social and governance-related matters. Further information on the assessment of the materiality is detailed in the "Stakeholder Communication and Substantive Analysis" subsection of this report.

ESG管治架構職責説明

- 董事會:負責評估及釐定本集團的 環境、社會及管治相關風險及機 遇;確保本集團設有適當和有效的 環境、社會及管治風險管理及內部 監控系統;制訂公司的環境、社會 及管治管理方針、策略、優先次序 及目標;就環境、社會及管治相關 目標定期檢討本集團表現;審批公 司環境、社會及管治報告內的披露 資料,並確保本集團已將ESG納入 業務決策流程。
- ESG工作小組:由董事會授權, 對相關ESG議題進行內部及外部重 要性評估;執行董事會的策略及政 策,編製環境、社會及管治報告; 定期向董事會匯報、制定和審批 ESG管理制度及內部流程。

董事會聲明

董事會在ESG工作小組的協助下監督環 境、社會及管治事宜。有關環境、社會 及管治的信息,由供應體系負責人帶領 各業務骨幹組成的ESG工作小組向董事 會進行報告,並負責落實本集團的ESG 政策,以實現公司可持續發展的目標。

公司董事會定期審閱ESG相關策略,以 檢討和確保其與頤海長期的發展戰略一 致。公司通過多種渠道與各利益相關方 谁行廣泛深入的溝通,不斷探索並精進 自身在ESG領域的績效表現。頤海嚴格 遵守企業運營中涉及的ESG相關法律法 規,並已將ESG管理融入公司戰略發展 與日常經營層面。同時,董事會已參與 環境、社會及管治相關事宜的評估、優 次排序及管理,有關重要性評估工作的 詳情參見本報告「利益相關方溝通及實質 性分析」小節。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

The Group has incorporated key ESG risks into its comprehensive risk management system. The company's senior managers and each major business leader, have formulated risk response measures after taking the possibilities, extent of impact as well as risk trends of key ESG risks into account. The Board has reviewed relevant key risks, being aware of the management measures taken and making recommendations.

During the Reporting Period, the Board and the ESG Working Group reviewed and discussed the setting and progress of the targets. and have established environmental targets related to business operations, mainly referring to emissions and resource use due to factory production operations. The Board, with the assistance of the ESG Working Group, regularly assesses and determines the Group's ESG risks and ESG objectives, and regularly reviews and examines the progress and performance of the ESG objectives. Based on the results of the review, including the progress of achieving the ESG objectives, the Board will review the Group's business and take appropriate measures to adjust the business approach where necessary in order to promote the achievement of the ESG objectives.

In 2022, the board office and the ESG Working Group of the Company received training on the Guidelines on Climate Disclosure jointly organized by HKEx and CDP, etc. At the same time, our ESG working group and ESG compliance officer also attended a special ESG training, which focused on the latest ESG compliance requirements of HKEx, the latest regulatory policies and ESG ratings and other related contents, in order to further enhance the overall ESG work capability and efficiency of the Group.

This report provides detailed disclosure of the above environmental, social and governance related matters, the report was reviewed and approved by the Board in March 2023.

頤海已將ESG關鍵風險納入風險管理體 系。公司高級管理層及各主要業務負責 人對關鍵的ESG風險發生的可能性、 影響程度以及趨勢進行綜合考量後,制 定風險應對措施。公司董事會已審閱相 關ESG關鍵風險,知悉所採取的應對措 施,並已提出建議。

本報告期內,董事會及ESG工作小組就 目標的設立及進展進行了審閱及討論, 並已設立與業務運營相關的環境目標, 主要為工廠生產運營導致的排放與資源 使用的目標。董事會在ESG工作小組的 協助下定期評估釐定本集團的ESG風險 及ESG目標,並就ESG目標的進度及 表現進行定期審視並開展檢討。董事會 將根據檢討結果,包括ESG目標的達成 進度,審視本集團的業務,並於必要時 採取適當的措施調整業務方針,以推進 ESG目標的實現。

2022年,本公司的董事會辦公室及ESG 工作小組接受了聯交所及CDP等聯合組 織的關於《氣候信息披露指引》的培訓; 同時,我們的ESG工作小組、ESG合規 負責人也參加了專門的ESG培圳,培圳 主要是對聯交所最新的ESG合規要求、 最新監管政策以及ESG的評級等相關 內容的宣貫,以進一步提升本集團整體 ESG工作能力及效率。

本報告亦詳盡披露了上述環境、社會及 管治相關事宜,本報告由董事會於2023 年3月審閱批准。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Stakeholder Communication and Substantive Analysis

The Group has maintained effective communication with the stakeholders through various channels to fully understand and actively respond to their comments and demands. Through the continuous enhancement of internal optimization and management, our business and operations better satisfy their needs and expectations.

利益相關方溝通及實質性分析

本集團通過多種渠道與各利益相關方進 行有效溝通,及時了解並積極回應各利 益相關方的意見與訴求,不斷加強內部 優化與管理,促使本集團業務與運營更 好地滿足其需求與期望。

Key Stakeholders 主要利益相關方	Key ESG issues of concern ESG議題	Communication Channels 溝通渠道
Government regulators 政府監管部門	Operation compliance 合規經營	Under supervision 接受監督
	Taxation in accordance with law 依法納税	Regular disclosure 定期披露
	Food safety 食品安全	Quality inspection 質量檢驗
	Environmental management 環境保護	Strengthen management 加強管理
	Climate change 氣候變化	Institutional inspection 論壇及研討會
Investors 投資者	Investment return 投資回報	Regular announcements, investor meetings 定期公告、投資者會議
Employees 僱員	Employee rights 員工權益 Remuneration and benefits 待遇與福利 Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康安全	Workers' representative conference 職工代表大會 Employee activities 員工活動 Security check 安全檢查
	Training and development 發展與培訓	Training 培訓
Customers 消費者	Product quality and safety 產品質量與安全 Customer rights 客戶權益 Customer service 客戶服務	Industry Research 行業調研 Customer Complaint 客戶投訴 Satisfaction survey 滿意度調查

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Stakeholders 主要利益相關方	Key ESG issues of concern ESG議題	Communication Channels 溝通渠道
Suppliers 供應商	Transparent procurement 透明採購 Communication and evaluation 溝通與評估 Supplier enablement 供應商賦能	Supplier inspection 供應商考察 Supplier management 供應商管理 Supplier training 供應商培訓
Community and the public 社區與公眾	Community development 社區發展 Social welfare 社會公益 Public charity 公益慈善	Volunteer activities 志願者活動 Public welfare activities 公益活動 Charitable contribution 慈善捐贈

We conducted a substantive analysis of the 12 ESG issues listed in the ESG Reporting Guide, taking into account the strategic and business development direction of this year, and identified 25 important issues of this year. A questionnaire was developed and distributed online, and internal and external stakeholders, including investors, customers, community, employees, government regulators and suppliers, participated in the assessment.

Based on the analysis of the questionnaire results, we evaluated the importance of each issue in terms of "importance to internal sustainability" and "importance to external stakeholders". The assessment results showed that "food safety" "Compliant operation" "Pollution emission" "Anti-corruption and business ethics" "Food nutrition and health" "Raw material procurement" "Resource conservation" and "Employee safety and health" are of high importance. "Product innovation" "Consumer experience" "Advertising specification" "Supplier management" "ESG management and risk control" "Protection of intellectual property" "Employee rights and welfare" "Water consumption" and "Packaging management" are of medium importance. The importance of "Community contribution" "Response to climate change" "Corporate governance" "Product carbon footprint" "Low-carbon operations" "Equal employment" "Employee training and development" and "Information security and privacy protection" is relatively low. In the report, the Group will discuss the contents of each topic separately.

我們結合本年度的戰略和業務發展方 向,根據《ESG報告指引》所列12個層面 的ESG相關議題進行實質性分析,識別 出了本年度25個重要的議題。我們設置 了實質性議題問卷並以線上形式發放, 投資者、客戶、社區、員工、政府監管 部門與供應商等內外部利益相關方均參 與到本次評估工作中。

基於對問卷結果的分析,我們將各項議 題從「對公司內部可持續發展的重要性」 和「對外部利益相關方的重要性」兩個維 度進行重要性評估。評估結果顯示,「食 品安全」「合規經營」「控制污染排放」「反 貪污與商業道德」「食品營養與健康」「原 材料採購」「資源節約」和「員工安全與健 康」的重要性較高;「產品創新」「消費體 驗」「廣告營銷規範」「供應商管理」「ESG 管治與風險控制」「知識產權保護」「員工 權益與福利 | 「用水管理 | 「包材管理 | 的重 要性中等;「社區公益」「應對氣候變化」 「公司治理」「產品碳足跡」「低碳運營」「平 等僱傭」「員工培訓與發展」及「信息安全 與隱私保護」的重要性相對較低。本集團 將在報告中分別討論各個議題所含內容。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

The following is the process of identification of key issues.

以下是我們決定實質性議題的程序:

STEP ONE: IDENTIFY 步驟一:識別

The Group communicates with various stakeholders to understand their expectations and selects and summarizes ESG issues in conjunction with reference to ESG Reporting Guide, peer benchmarking analysis and corporate development characteristics.

本集團通過與各利益相關方 的溝涌以瞭解他們的期望, 並結合參考ESG報告指引、 同行基準分析及企業發展特 色,篩選歸納出ESG議題。

STEP TWO: ASSESS 步驟二:評估

Collect the views of internal and external stakeholders on the importance of each issue and understand the impact of each issue on the stakeholders themselves as well as the importance of the sustainable development of the Group. Assess the relevance and importance of each issue by referring to the identification of substantive issues by enterprises in the same industry and the status of the Company's management.

收集內部及外部利益相關方對各議題 重要性的意見,瞭解各議題對利益相 關方自身的影響,及對本集團可持續 發展的重要性。

參考同行業企業對實質性議題的識別 情況及本公司管理現狀,評估每項議 題的相關性及重要性。

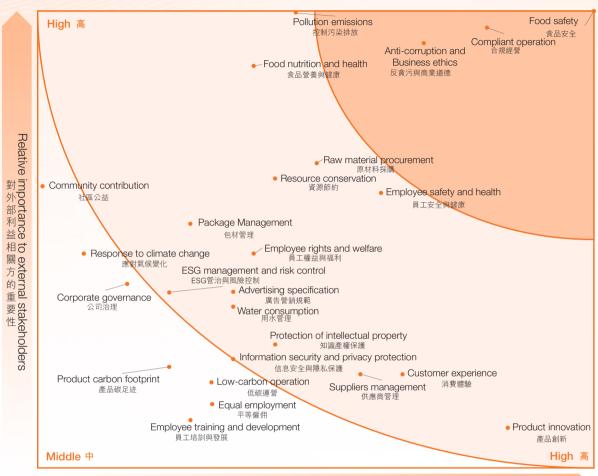
STEP THREE: CONFIRM 步驟三:確認

Considering the results of stakeholder survey results and peer analysis, the substantive ESG issues are identified and confirmed by the Board to ensure that the assessment results are in line with the characteristics of the Group's business and the current development status.

綜合考慮利益相關方調查結果及同 業分析結果,識別實質性的ESG議 題,並經由董事會確認,確保該評 估結果符合本集團業務特點及發展 現狀。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Materiality matrix 重大性議題矩陣



Relative importance to internal stakeholders 對公司內部可持續發展的重要性

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

FOOD SAFETY-ORIENTED, CUSTOMER NEEDS FOCUSED

The Group values product quality management and devotes to ensuring product safety, quality and the legitimate rights and interests of consumers through the continuous improvement of quality management procedures. In 2022, there are no litigation cases that violate the laws and regulations on product liability such as product quality, advertising, label, consumer privacy and rights protection and that have a significant impact on the Group.

Focus on Food Safety

Food safety is the basis of food consumption. It is the responsibility of all food production enterprises to ensure the safety and reliability of food production. As a responsible food production enterprise, we are committed to providing consumers with high-quality, safe and assured products. Through strict control of all production links, we will comprehensively enhance consumers' trust and satisfaction with the Group's products. The Group strictly abides by the Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Food Recall Management Measures of the People's Republic of China, National Standards for Food Safety -Compound Seasonings and other food safety-related laws, regulations and standards. In addition, Yihai added the Quality Guarantee System in 2022. In response to the update of the Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, we formulated the Introduction Standard of New Raw Materials to further standardize the introduction process of raw materials. On this basis, we revised the Management Policy for Food Safety and Environmental Protection in 2022 to re-identify the characteristics of suppliers' bottom lines, clarify food safety bottom line standards, clarify bottom lines in all processes from raw materials to products, standardize bottom line assessment and daily inspection, and further strengthen food safety control. On this basis, we have added new requirements for overseas suppliers in terms of sampling inspection, and constantly optimise the management of suppliers to ensure food safety.

食安為本,關注客户需求

本集團非常重視產品的質量管理,通過 對質量管理工作流程的不斷改進和完 善,確保產品的安全優質與消費者的合 法權益。本年度未發生對本集團造成重 大影響的任何違反產品質量、廣告、標 籤、消費者隱私及權益保護等產品責任 方面的法律法規的訴訟案件。

專注食品安全

食品安全是食品消費的基本要求,保障 食品在生產過程中的安全可靠是所有食 品生產企業的責任。作為負責任的食品 生產企業,我們致力於為消費者提供優 質、安全、放心的產品,通過嚴格管控 各個生產環節,全面提升消費者對本集 團產品的信賴度與滿意度。本集團嚴格 遵守《中華人民共和國食品安全法》、《中 華人民共和國食品召回管理辦法》、《食 品安全國家標準-複合調味料》等食品安 全相關的法律法規及標準。此外,頤海 在2022年新增了《質量擔保制度》,針對 《中華人民共和國食品安全法》的更新, 我們制定了《新品原料引入標準》,進 一步規範原料引入流程。在此基礎上, 我們在2022年修訂了《食品安全與安全 環保管理制度》,重新識別供應商紅線 特點,明確食品安全類紅線標準,釐清 從原料到產品所有過程的紅線問題,規 範紅線的考核和日常檢查,進一步加強 食品安全管控。在此基礎上,我們在供 應商抽檢方面新增了對海外供應商的要 求,不斷優化對供應商保障食品安全的 管理。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In terms of production, the Group developed and issued the Technical Manual for Thermal Sterilisation, Technical Manual for Product Protection, Technical Manual for Plasticiser Improvement, Manual for COVID-19 Prevention and Control and other standards, which plays a normative role in improving product quality, ensuring quality and safety through standardised production processes and procedures. This year, we updated the standards of raw material companions, such as optimizing the standard of ginger shred coarseness to avoid being mistaken as a foreign substance by consumers, and updated the quality inspection standards simultaneously. During the production process of our products, we check and control the parameters according to the production process, and set up the Management System for Employee Code of Conduct of Yihai Supply System, further standardize the standard operation of employees, and organize external professional organizations to check and apply the verification results to the factory point system management, and link them directly to the profit and loss of the factory.

In terms of product storage, this year, Yihai redefined the time and conditions of product storage by testing and verifying product quality, and optimised the indicators related to product storage.

In terms of product quality verification, we implemented all-round quality verification process from raw materials to finished products in a more rigorous way to ensure product quality. Before leaving the factory, we will test each batch of products to ensure that each product can meet our quality requirements. We conduct risk sampling on raw materials and products to eliminate potential food safety risks in advance; This year, Yihai moved the product quality management to the production process and introduced a new visual inspection system instead of the original manual inspection, which effectively optimised the product quality problems such as lack of packages. In 2022, Yihai established a testing centre and quality inspection team, and newly purchased large-scale quality inspection instruments, so as to have the ability to self-test unconventional indicators of products.

在產品生產方面,本集團組織編寫並發 佈了《熱殺菌技術手冊》、《產品防護技術 手冊》、《塑化劑改善技術手冊》、《新冠 病毒防控手冊》等標準,通過標準化產品 製作工藝和流程,在提升產品品質及保 證質量安全方面起到了規範作用。本年 度,我們更新了原料伴生物的標準,如 優化薑絲粗細標準,以避免被消費者誤 認為是異物的情況,並同步更新了質檢 標準。在產品生產過程中,我們按照生 產工藝流程進行參數檢定和控制,並制 定《頤海供應系統員工行為規範管理制 度》, 進一步規範員工標準作業, 同時組 織外部專業機構進行查核並將核查結果 運用到工廠積分制管理中, 並將其與工 廠損益直接掛鈎。

在產品儲存方面,本年度,頤海通過對 產品質量的測試與驗證,重新定義了產 品儲存的時間和條件,對產品儲存的相 關指標進行了優化。

在產品質量檢定方面,我們嚴格執行從 原材料到產成品的全方位質量檢定過程 以確保產品品質。產品出廠前對每一批 次進行檢定, 以確保每一件出廠產品都 能達到我們的質量要求。我們對原料和 產品進行風險抽樣,提前杜絕潛在的食 品安全風險隱患; 本年度, 頤海將產品 質量管理工作前移至生產過程,新增引 入了視覺檢測系統代替了原本的人工檢 查,高效優化了產品質量中的缺包少包 等問題。頤海在2022年成立了檢測中心 與質檢團隊,並新增購入了大型質檢儀 器,擁有了對產品非常規指標的自我檢 測能力。

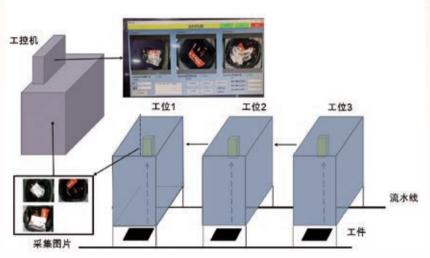
環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Case: Visual inspection system

Vision inspection systems use a pre-trained set of algorithms to identify and classify parts based on multiple features or properties for "edge" learning to deliver fast, accurate results, providing a more simplified automated approach for challenging visual applications. Through the visual inspection system. Yihai solves the quality problem of the assembled products.

案例:視覺檢測系統

視覺檢測系統使用一組預先訓練的算 法,根據多個特徵或特性來識別和分類 部件, 進行[邊緣]學習, 交付快速、準 確的結果,為有挑戰性的視覺應用提供 了更簡化的自動化方法。頤海通過視覺 檢測系統,解決組裝產品缺包、少包的 質量問題。



Visual monitoring system schematic diagram 視覺監測系統原理圖

In terms of product quality control of foundries, Yihai has reduced the foundry's business this year and tried to use internal factories for product production to improve the controllable degree of risks. For existing OEM factories, Yihai insists on maintaining consistency with internal factories in terms of technical support, service, reward and punishment system and management, and establishes OEM comparison mechanism, that is, select at least two OEM factories to produce the same product and conduct a comparative audit, so as to ensure higher product quality. In 2022, we have added the Quality and Safety Guarantee System of Yihai Company, which strengthens the restraint and management of OEM factory directors, ensures the quality and safety of products, and conducts monthly food safety audit and certification for factories.

在代工廠產品質量管控方面,本年度頤 海收縮代工廠業務,盡量使用內部工 廠進行產品生產,提高風險的可控度。 對於現有的代工廠, 頤海堅持在技術支 持、服務、獎懲制度和管理方面和內部 工廠保持一致,並建立代工廠對比機 制,即至少選擇兩個代工廠生產同一產 品並進行比較審核,從而確保產品的較 高品質。2022年,我們新增了《頤海公司 質量和安全擔保制度》,強化了對代工廠 廠長的約束和管理,保障產品的質量安 全, 並每月對工廠進行食品安全審核認 譜。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In terms of product recall, the Group has formulated Food Recall Management Measures according to the Food Recall Management Measures of the People's Republic of China and combined with business characteristics, and has detailed product recall categories and related emergency measures, making the product recall process more compliant, clear and convenient, and conducting recall drills every three months. For stock products with quality and safety problems, the group will isolate them as soon as possible to avoid delivery out of the warehouse; For abnormal shipped products, we will find out where the products are shipped, timely contact relevant distributors, logistics stations or stores to stop sales, quarantine for inspection, and follow up in accordance with the Nonconforming products Processing *Process*, to effectively prevent the problem products from circulating in the market; For the sold products with safety problems found, we put them on record in time according to consumers' feedback, and relevant departments analysed the causes of the problems and proposed improvement plans. At the same time, we actively communicated and cooperated with the customer service centre to effectively solve consumers' problems. During the year, the Group did not recall products sold or shipped on safety and health grounds.

Promotion of Product Traceability

The Group focuses on source management and continuously promotes the whole-process traceability of products to enhance its ability to control the quality of products. All products of the Group can be traced in the factory by the QR code on the product package. By collecting the relevant data of the arrival of raw and auxiliary materials and the production, processing, storage, logistics, marketing and other links of the products, the visual information archives for the products can be established. For the main raw materials, such as salad oil, beef tallow, tomato, Sichuan pepper, mushroom, etc., we have introduced the WTS batching and feeding system to realize the detailed traceability of raw materials and code management at the same time, and trace to the specific enterprise, product batch and even planting place, so that consumers can be more assured.

在產品召回方面,本集團根據《中華人 民共和國食品召回管理辦法》,結合業務 特點制定了《食品召回管理辦法》,細化 了產品召回類別和相關應急措施,使得 產品召回流程更加合規、清晰、便捷, 並且以每三個月的頻率進行召回演練。 對於存在質量安全問題的庫存產品,本 集團將第一時間對其進行隔離,避免出 倉發貨;對於存在異常的已發貨產品, 我們會調取產品發貨去向,及時聯繫相 關經銷商、物流站或門店停止銷售,隔 離待檢,並依照《不合格品處理流程》進 行後續跟進處理,切實避免問題產品在 市面流通;對於發現安全問題的已出售 產品,我們根據消費者反饋進行及時備 案,相關部門分析問題產生的原因並提 出改進方案,同時與客服中心積極溝通 合作,切實有效解決消費者問題。本年 度,本集團沒有發生因安全和健康的理 由而收回已出售或已運送的產品的情況。

推動產品全程追溯

本集團重視源頭管理,持續推動產品全 程追溯,以提升自身對於產品的質量 管控能力。本集團全部產品均可以利用 產品包裝上的二維碼進行原材料追溯, 通過採集原輔料到貨、產品在生產、加 工、倉儲、物流、營銷等環節的相關數 據,為產品建立可視化信息檔案。針對 主要原材料如色拉油、牛油、番茄、花 椒、菌類等,我們引入了WTS配料投料 的系統,實現原料詳細追溯並同時進行 賦碼管理,追溯到具體的企業、產品批 次乃至種植地,讓消費者更放心。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In order to better guarantee the supply of products, control the quality of raw materials and products and trace the whole process, the Group proposes the concept of "industry centre". Through communication and cooperation with the local government, we provide financial and technical support to suppliers, encourage suppliers to build production lines nearby and localize production. At the same time, we combine the SAP/SRM and other management systems running inside the enterprise to further improve the traceability efficiency, and reduce the traceability time from products to raw materials from 12 hours to 3 hours. Among them, Fuhai Ma'anshan Factory has successfully guided suppliers to complete localized production. At present, many kinds of suppliers such as vegetable bags and meat bags have completed landing support. Most suppliers are close to the factory, and even have self-built workshops in the factory, which greatly improves the traceability of products.

Focus on product health

The Group values the safety and health of food and actively responds to the concept of "three minus, three healthy" proposed in the National Nutrition Plan (2017-2030). This year, in the company's three major product series, we continue to focus on product development and innovation around the health needs of consumers, and continue to optimise the ingredients and additives of products. We have set up a quality and technology department to be responsible for technical research and innovation of product technology.

This year, we continue to carry out the "cleaning label" project to further bring new experience to consumers from the optimization of ingredients and additives. We promise that the additives of all our products are following relevant food regulations, based on which we put forward the concept of "Fewer additives and more natural food". We set strict standards for the quality of our products and raw materials when we review suppliers. For main ingredients such as tomatoes, which are consumed quickly and do not need to be stored for a long time, we clearly stipulate that no food additives should be added when making customization with upstream suppliers and standby suppliers, and take this as an important standard for the review of raw material suppliers.

為更好地保障產品的供應,並對原料和 產品進行質量把控和全程追溯,本集團 提出「產業中心」的概念,通過與當地政 府的溝通協作,給予供應商資金和技術 支持,鼓勵各供應商就近建設生產線, 使生產本地化,同時,我們結合企業內 部運行的SAP/SRM等管理系統,在確保 追溯精度的前提下,進一步提升追溯效 率,將從產品到原料的追溯時間由此前 的12小時縮減至3小時。其中,馥海馬鞍 山工廠已成功引導供應商完成本地化生 產,目前已有菜包類、肉包類等多品類 供應商完成落地配套。大部分供應商與 工廠的距離很近,甚至在工廠內部設有 自建車間,極大地提升了產品的可追溯 性。

聚焦產品健康

本集團十分關注食品的安全與健康,積 極響應《國民營養計劃(2017-2030年)》 提出的「三減三健」概念,本年度,在公 司三大類產品系列中,我們圍繞消費者 健康訴求持續聚焦產品研發及創新,不 斷對產品的配料與添加劑進行優化。我 們專設了質量技術部門,負責產品工藝 的技術研究與革新。

本年度,我們繼續推行「清潔標籤」項 目,進一步從配料表和添加劑的優化 上為消費者帶來新的體驗。我們承諾所 有產品的添加劑均符合相關食品要求規 定,在此基礎上,我們進一步提出「少添 加,更天然 | 的理念。我們在審核供應商 時,對產品及原料的品質設置了嚴格標 準。對於番茄等消耗速度較快、無需保 存較長時間的主料,我們在與上游供應 商以及備用供應商進行定制時明確規定 了不增加任何食品添加劑,並將其作為 對原料供應商審核的重要標準。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

This year, our quality and technology department has not only tried and researched salt reduction for dip products, but also researched and tested synthetic additives in the ingredient list to minimize the use of synthetic additives while safeguarding the taste and instead choosing more natural additives. At the same time, we have also increased our exploration and experimentation with the process of eliminating preservatives from our main products.

Case: Optimise the sterilization process and reduce the use of additives

Through the optimization of the sterilization process of the small hot pot meat bun products, the Group has carried out a project study on the use of the elimination of additives. The results show that the new process meets the sterilization requirements specified in the national standard GBT39945-2021 Test Procedure for Heat Penetration of Canned Food. After the sterilization of the sealed packaging of the products, no preservatives are required to ensure the food safety of the products. At present, the Group has completed the shelf life test and the test results meet the requirements.

Case: Product Innovation Optimization

Yihai launched a large granular mushroom soup hot pot soup, through a high-temperature sterilization process to sterilize the soup packets to ensure food safety and shelf life while adding no preservatives, providing consumers with a healthier and safer product.

Meanwhile, in terms of seasoning, we have reduced the use of custommade special seasonings this year, instead using the well-known salt, sugar, MSG, chicken powder, chicken paste and other seasonings. thus increasing consumers' trust in the products. Yihai will continue to upgrade the product process, optimise the ingredient list, and try to simplify the labeling of ingredients such as chicken powder and chicken paste under the premise of ensuring product quality.

In addition, we are the first to introduce a tomato pot base without MSG additives in Haidilao stores to meet the needs of some consumers. Our tomato products were widely recognized by consumers as soon as they were launched.

本年度,公司質量技術部門不僅對於蘸 料產品進行了減鹽的嘗試及研究,也 對配料表中的合成添加劑進行了研究測 試,在保障口味的同時盡量減少使用合 成添加劑,而是更多地選擇天然添加 劑。同時,我們也加大了對於主要產品 中取消防腐劑工藝的探索與嘗試。

案例:優化殺菌工藝,減少添加劑使用

頤海通過對小火鍋肉包產品殺菌工藝的 優化,對取消添加劑的使用進行了立 項研究,結果表明新的工藝滿足國標 《GBT39945-2021罐藏食品熱穿透測試 規程》規定的殺菌要求,產品密封包裝 殺菌後無需防腐劑能保證產品的食品安 全,目前公司已經完成了保質期測試且 測試結果各項指標均符合要求。

案例:產品創新優化

頤海推出大顆粒菌湯火鍋湯料,通過高 温殺菌的工藝,對湯料包進行殺菌處 理,在保證食品安全和保質期的同時, 不添加防腐劑,為消費者提供更健康安 全的產品。

同時在調味料方面,我們在本年度減少 了對於定制特殊調味料的使用,轉而使 用大眾所熟知的鹽、糖、味精、雞粉、 雞膏等調味料,從而提高消費者對於產 品的信賴程度。頤海在今後將繼續升級 產品工藝,不斷優化配料表,在確保產 品品質的前提下嘗試對雞粉、雞膏等配 料進行標籤簡化。

另外,我們率先在海底撈門店推出了無 味精添加劑的番茄鍋底,滿足部分消費 者的需求。我們的番茄類產品一經上市 就得到了消費者的廣泛認可。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Protecting customer rights

We constantly optimise the shopping experience and protect consumer rights according to the needs of all kinds of consumers. For the sake of active response to customers' feedback, complaints and suggestions, the Group strictly abides by the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, Product Quality Law of The Peoples Republic of China and other laws and regulations and develops relevant rules and regulations on this basis. This year, we continued to pay attention to the guidance of public opinion. incorporate indicators that consumers concern into the evaluation of risk management, and focus on optimizing online e-commerce sales channels. We continue to improve the online flagship store's purchase interface by breaking down the store's product categories so that consumers can directly select products by category, making shopping more convenient and efficient. At the same time, we offer more diversified free gifts to enhance the shopping experience of consumers.

For online pre-sales and after-sales services, we have replaced machine customer service with manual customer service and arranged multiple shifts of customer service scheduling to respond to consumers' questions in a timely manner. With the principle of solving problems for customers, Yihai continuously optimises customer service chatting techniques to answer customers with a better and more effective service attitude, so that consumers can fully feel a warm service. At the same time, we carry out online consumer satisfaction surveys in the form of online consumer evaluations and fan group surveys, and provide a basis for decision making on service quality and product improvement based on consumer evaluations. Through the above measures, we are able to put ourselves in the customer's shoes, make suggestions for product improvement, and continuously optimise our products.

維護客戶權益

我們根據各類消費者的需求,不斷優化 消費體驗,保障客戶權益。為了能夠積 極應對消費者反饋投訴意見及建議,本 集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國消費者權 益保護法》、《中華人民共和國產品質量 法》等法律法規,並在此基礎上制定了 內部管理機制及管理制度。本年度我們 持續關注輿論導向,將消費者關注的指 標納入風險管理的評估我們着力對線上 電商銷售渠道進行優化。我們持續對線 上旗艦店的購買界面進行完善,通過細 分店舖商品品類,讓消費者能夠通過分 類直接選擇商品,購物更便捷高效。同 時,我們提供了更為多樣化的贈品供選 擇,以提升消費者的購物體驗。

針對線上的售前售後服務,我們用人工 客服取代機器客服,並安排了多班客服 排班,及時回應消費者的問題。頤海本 着為客戶解決問題的原則,不斷優化客 服聊天話術,以更加良好和有效的服務 態度為客戶解答,讓消費者充分感受到 有溫度的服務。同時,我們通過線上消 費者評價、粉絲群調查等形式開展線上 消費者滿意度調查,並基於消費者評 價,為服務質量及產品改進提供決策依 據。通過以上措施,我們能站在顧客的 角度,提出產品改進建議,不斷對產品 進行優化。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

We have established a thorough customer service system and customer complaint response mechanism to protect the legitimate rights and interests of consumers. During the year, we established an automatic digital report on customer service to standardize the classification and analysis of customer complaints and to facilitate the overall situation of customer complaints. Furthermore, the specific information is conveyed to relevant departments of the Group for clear division of responsibilities and follow-up actions according to the Customer Complaint Management Measures. If necessary, we will promptly launch product verification and retrospective recall process to effectively solve the customer complaints. We also set up a customer service office on the factory side, so that customer service representatives can observe the whole process of production more intuitively and provide faster and more direct feedback to the factory side based on consumers' comments and feedback. In 2022, we have set goals for reducing the number of customer complaints for each category, linking customer complaints to the salary of the category team and factory performance. We have taken customer complaints as one of the indicators of the evaluation and assessment of each factory. For factories with low ratings, Yihai will arrange technical professionals to help them optimise their business based on customer complaints. Thanks to the Company's great attention to the customer service system and the improvement of customer complaint response mechanism, the complaint close rate of the Company's products and services this year was as high as 95%.

我們建立了完善的客戶服務體系與客戶 投訴應對機制,以保護消費者的合法權 益。本年度,在客戶服務方面建立了數 字自動報表,將客戶投訴的分類與分析 標準化,方便掌握客訴總體情況,並根 據《客訴管理辦法》將具體信息傳達至本 集團有關部門進行明確的責任劃分與後 續對接處理。如有必要,我們會及時啟 動產品檢定及追溯召回流程, 切實解決 客訴問題。我們也在工廠端提供客服辦 公區,讓客服人員能夠更直觀觀察產品 生產的整個環節,並根據消費者的評價 及反饋,更快更直接地向工廠端反饋; 2022年度,我們針對各品類設立了有關 降低客訴數量的目標,並將客戶投訴情 况與品類小組薪酬及工廠績效掛鈎,將 客訴作為各工廠評比考核的指標之一, 針對評分較低的工廠,頤海會安排技術 專業人員幫助工廠基於客戶投訴對業務 優化提升。得益於公司對客戶服務體系 以及完善客戶投訴應對機制的高度重 視,本年度頤海產品及服務的投訴結案 率高達95%。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In order to protect the rights and interests of customers and enhance consumer satisfaction, in terms of logistics experience, we speed up logistics efficiency and enhance consumer satisfaction through our own sub-warehouses. This year, we have 11 regional branch warehouses across the country. The fast flow and full quality of products in the branch warehouses not only shorten the delivery cycle and ensure the speed of delivery, but also achieve next-day delivery in terms of shipping time efficiency, and also reduce the occurrence of out-ofstock products and broken express parcels. At the same time, we have improved the return timeframe and can assist consumers in arranging courier pickup, so that consumers' experience at different stages of receiving logistics services can be enhanced. In the future, we will continue to increase the scope of our direct distribution trials to optimise our customers' consumer experience and effectively protect the rights and interests of consumers in terms of delivery time, product freshness and ordering flexibility.

為保障客戶權益,提升消費者滿意度, 在物流體驗方面,我們通過自有分倉加 快物流效率。本年度,我們在全國設有 11個區域分倉,分倉的產品流轉快,品 相全,不僅能縮短發貨周期,保證發貨 速度, 從發貨時效上實現了次日達, 也 能減少產品缺貨、快遞包裹破損情況的 發生。同時,我們提高了退貨時效,並 可以協助消費者安排快遞上門取件,使 消費者在接受物流服務中不同階段的體 驗都能得到提升。未來,我們將繼續加 大直配的試用範圍,從配送時間、產品 新鮮度以及訂貨靈活性三個方面出發, 優化客戶的消費體驗,切實維護消費者 權益。

Performance Indicators Related to Customer Complaints

客户投訴相關績效指標數據

	Description/Year	2022	2021
	項目/年度	2022年	2021年
Customer Complaints Rate ¹	客訴率1	4.74	5.48

Note:

1 Customer complaints rate = Total complaints times/annual production (in millions of packages)

註:

客訴率=客訴起數/以百萬包計的生產 1.

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Green-oriented Practice on Environmental Responsibilities

Pursuant to the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China, the Group practices sustainable development concepts of low-carbon, environmental protection, energy saving and emission reduction, to actively fulfil its environmental responsibilities. We actively identify the latest environmental compliance requirements through the official websites and WeChat public accounts of national and local government agencies and WeChat public accounts, we timely update the laws and regulations database applicable to the business of the Group. In 2022, we mainly identified the "List of New Pollutants under Priority Management and Control (2023)" "Measures for the Administration of Lists of Major Entities under Environmental Regulation" promulgated by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of China, and after identification, there are no pollutants under key control in the Company's plants, and they are not key units under supervision. On the basis of identifying and updating laws and regulations, the Group conducts compliance evaluation, and continuously improves safety and environmental protection management system on such basis to ensure the operating activities of the Group are in accordance with relevant environmental regulations.

While enhancing our environmental compliance management system, we have been exploring feasible energy-saving and emission-reduction technologies and procedures during the course of business. Besides, the Group has also attempted to enhance the staff's awareness of environmental protection to minimise the impact of our production and operation activities on the surrounding environment. In 2022, for the newly built factories in Jianyang and Ma'anshan, they prioritized locally planned development zones or industrial zones in terms of site selection to avoid excessive impact on the local ecological environment. For overseas factories, the Group has made full use of local resources, identified the local laws for environmental protection-related production and operation requirements, so as to ensure that the construction and production of factories comply with local environmental protection and safety laws and regulations. No violation of laws and regulations or legal action concerning the Group's environmental protection was reported in 2022.

綠色為標,踐行環保責任

本集團切實踐行低碳環保、節能減排的 可持續發展理念,嚴格遵守《中華人民共 和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國節 約能源法》等法律法規,積極踐行環保責 任。我們通過國家、地方及政府機構官 方網站和微信公眾號等渠道積極識別最 新的環保合規要求,實時更新適用於本 集團業務的法律法規庫。2022年我們主 要識別了國家生態環境部頒佈的《重點管 控新污染物清單》(2023年版)及《環境監 管重點單位名錄管理辦法》,經過識別, 公司各工廠不存在重點管控的污染物, 也不屬於重點監管單位。在識別並更新 法律法規的基礎上對公司進行合規評 價,不斷完善安全環保管理體系,確保 本集團經營活動符合綠色環保相關規定。

我們在強化自身環境合規管理的同時, 亦不斷探索生產經營過程中可行的節能 減排技術與工藝,提升員工的環境保護 意識,降低因本集團生產運營活動對周 邊環境造成的影響。2022年,對於本 集團新建的簡陽工廠、馬鞍山牛油等工 廠,在選址上均優先選擇在已規劃的開 發區或工業區內,以避免對當地生態環 境造成影響。對於海外工廠,我們充分 利用當地資源,識別當地法律對於環保 相關的生產經營要求,確保工廠的建設 和生產符合當地環保安全法律法規。 2022年度,本集團未發生與環境方面相 關的違法違規訴訟事件。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Improvement of Safety and Environmental Protection Management System

In 2022, the Group continues to adhere to the principle of complying with national laws and regulations, continuously explore the latest environmental protection treatment technology, and build a green factory. The Group has formulated the Yihai Company Quality and Safety Guarantee Regime and Management Policy for Environmental Protection and other policies, further clarified the person responsible for safety and the corresponding reward and punishment measures, and incorporated emission reduction management into the annual performance appraisal of key management personnel, which is conducive to linking the rights and responsibilities of the company's safety and environmental protection work to ensure the good operation and continuous improvement of the safety and environmental protection system. This year, the Group formulated the "Yihai Factory Environmental Protection Emission Standards", in which we set "mandatory standards" and "recommended standards" for the old factory and the new factory, and we also set the time limit for the old factory to meet the recommended standard. At the same time, we continue to regulate the internal discharge behaviour of Yihai factories, ensure that environmental protection pollutants are discharged in accordance with the requirements of laws and regulations, and better protect the environment. All factories are encouraged to conduct regular cleaner production audits to meet the policy requirements of each operation location.

完善安全環保管理體系

陌海在2022年繼續秉承遵守國家法律法 規的原則,不斷探索最新的環保治理技 術,打造綠色環保工廠。本集團已經制 定了《頤海公司質量和安全擔保制度》、 《環境保護管理辦法》等制度,進一步明 確了安全主體責任人以及相應的獎懲措 施,並把減排管理納入主要管理人員的 年度績效考核中,有利於公司安全環保 方面工作的權責掛鈎,保證安全環保體 系的良好運行及持續改進。本年度,本 集團制定了《頤海工廠環保排放標準》, 其中針對老工廠與新工廠,我們分別設 置了「強制標準」和「推薦標準」,我們也 同樣為老工廠設置了達到推薦標準的時 限要求。同時,我們持續規範頤海各工 廠內部排放行為,確保污染物按照當地 環保法規要求達標排放,更好地保護環 境。我們鼓勵各工廠定期進行清潔生產 審核,以滿足各運營所在地的政策要求。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Pollution Emissions Control

The Group strictly abided by national and local laws, regulations and standards for emissions, such as the Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China and the Law on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes of the People's Republic of China and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Ambient Noise Pollution, Regulations on the Administration of Pollutant Discharge Permits, and Measures for Transfer of Hazardous Waste. On this basis, we formulated and strictly implemented the accountability System for Environmental Protection, Fire Protection, Occupational Health and Production Safety, Management Policy for Environmental Protection and Management System for Environmental Risk Assessment and continuously enhanced management and control measures for exhaust emission, sewage treatment and solid waste management. In 2022, the Group further optimised the management and control mechanism of production waste gas, wastewater, solid waste, hazardous waste and noise in each factory, effectively implemented various measures for energy conservation, emission reduction and hazardous waste treatment stipulated by the Group, and further standardised and normalised the environmental management.

Exhaust Emission Reduction

In 2022, the main process of exhaust gas emission from Yihai factories is the treatment process of catalytic combustion using activated carbon adsorption and desorption, which greatly optimises the treatment effect of waste gas. New factories (such as Luohe Factory and Jianyang Factory) have already begun to consider the use of new treatment processes such as activated carbon adsorption and desorption devices for waste gas during the design process. Certain factories have been equipped with online monitoring systems to monitor the emission data in time. Besides, the Group employs a third party to conduct waste gas testing every three months to ensure that waste gas emissions meet enterprise standards and timely upgrades will be taken for problems identified.

控制污染排放

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國大氣 污染防治法》、《中華人民共和國水污染 防治法》、《中華人民共和國固體廢棄物 污染防治法》、《中華人民共和國環境噪 聲污染防治法》、《排放許可管理條例》、 《危險廢物轉移管理辦法》等國家、地方 法律法規和排放標準,並以此為基礎, 制定並嚴格執行《環保、消防、職業衛 生、安全生產責任制度》、《環境保護管 理辦法》、《環境風險評估管理制度》等制 度,持續完善廢氣排放管理、污水處理 及固廢管理三方面的各項管控措施。本 年度,本集團進一步優化各工廠生產廢 氣、廢水、固廢、危廢及噪聲的管控機 制,有效執行各項節能減排與危廢處理 措施,使得環境管理工作進一步標準化 與規範化。

降低廢氣排放

2022年, 頤海工廠廢氣排放主要工藝 是使用活性炭吸附脱附催化燃燒的處理 工藝,大大地優化了廢氣的處理效果。 新工廠(如漯河工廠、簡陽工廠)在設計 階段就已經開始考慮使用活性炭吸附脱 附装置等新的處理工藝進行廢氣處理, 且部分工廠還安裝了在線監測系統,能 夠對廢氣排放的數據實時進行監測。此 外,本集團每季度都會聘請第三方機構 進行廢氣檢測,確保廢氣排放符合企業 標準,發現問題後能夠及時更新升級。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Improvement of Wastewater Treatment

Due to the business nature, the Group's sewage arises from the wok washing water discharged by stir-frying workshops. In 2022, Yihai Ma'anshan Factory has optimised the sewage station, such as the treatment effect of suspended solids can reach more than 95%. and COD is far lower than the environmental impact assessment requirements. Other factories have also basically realized online inspection of sewage treatment stations to ensure real-time detection of sewage. Newly built factories are designed with grease traps to ensure subsequent sewage treatment. In addition, the Group sets up a daily safety and environmental protection report, conducts routine monitoring of sewage, and asks the environmental protection department of the local government as a third party to inspect the sewage treatment of the factory every quarter to ensure that the indicators meet the national standards.

Case: Factory sewage station renovation

In May 2022, Yihai Ma'anshan factory renovated the wastewater station, through the optimization of mechanical grating, oil-water separation equipment, dissolved air flotation equipment and biochemical system, the stable discharge concentration of COD was below 100mg/L after the renovation, the oil separation rate of the factory's oil separation equipment could reach more than 95% effect, and the SS removal rate was more than 90%. in October 2022, the factory added sludge drying equipment to Dry the sludge with 85% water content to about 20% to reduce the amount of sludge generated.

改進污水處理

基於業務特點,本集團污水主要來源於 工廠炒制車間產生的炒鍋清洗廢水。在 2022年,頤海馬鞍山工廠對污水站進行 了優化改造,如懸浮物的處理效果可以 達到95%以上,COD遠遠低於環評要求 等。其他工廠也基本全部實現對污水處 理站進行在線檢測,確保污水的實時檢 測。新建的工廠則在設計之初便規劃了 隔油池,確保了後續污水處理的效果。 此外,頤海設立安全環保日報表,對污 水進行常規監測,並在每季度請所在地 政府的環保部門作為第三方對工廠污水 處理情況進行檢查,保證各項指標達到 國家要求標準。

案例:工廠污水站改造

2022年5月, 頤海馬鞍山工廠對污水站 進行改造,通過對機械格柵、油水分離 設備、溶氣氣浮設備、生化系統的優 化,改造後COD穩定排放濃度為100mg/ L以下,工廠的隔油設備的隔油率可達到 95%以上效果,SS去除率90%以上。 2022年10月,工廠增加污泥乾化設備, 將含水率為85%的污泥乾化至20%左 右,降低污泥量的產生。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Enhancement of Solid Waste Management

We have identified the Law on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes of the People's Republic of China and continued to carry out classified management of solid wastes by a clear responsible person in accordance with the Management Policy for Environmental Protection. All factories are required to set up storage warehouses for solid wastes and garbage bins for classified storage. While garbage must be classified into general solid waste and hazardous waste by designated staff after being collected from the bins. General waste, such as household waste from the factories, is collected for centralised treatment every day; raw materials waste residues, waste oil collected by oil smoke purifiers and waste package materials are sent to qualified suppliers for processing. All hazardous wastes, including waste chemical reagents, waste toner cartridges and ink cartridges and hazardous waste batteries with special symbols, are kept in specialised hazardous waste warehouses, reported to environmental protection authorities and then treated by qualified third parties as required. In December 2022, the Yihai Luohe Factory reduced the output of hazardous waste by 20 tonnes per year by changing the type of hazardous waste in the pollution discharge permit and incorporating activated carbon from the waste treatment system into solid waste management. The Group's monthly compliance audit for the safety and environment management system includes the audit for the treating process of solid waste and hazardous waste. In this year, all hazardous wastes produced by factories of the Group were stored and treated in line with laws and regulations.

Case: Reducing hazardous waste generation

In June 2022, Yihai Zhengzhou factory upgraded the UV lamp box of the odor removal system to extend the service life of the UV lamps and reduce the failure rate. The factory has reduced the lamp failure rate by about 70% by modifying the power supply and lamp connection position, and the waste UV lamp has been reduced by 5 kg compared to 2021, which greatly reduces the generation of hazardous waste.

加強固廢管理

我們對《中華人民共和國固體廢棄物污染 防治法》進行了識別,並持續按照《環境 保護管理辦法》中的規定,由明確的責任 人統一對固廢進行分類管理。頤海要求 各工廠必須配置固體廢棄物存儲倉庫及 分類存儲垃圾箱,廢棄物在統一收集後 由專人分類為一般固體廢棄物與危險廢 棄物。一般廢棄物諸如工廠廠區內的生 活垃圾實行日清日結、集中處理;而原 料廢渣、油煙淨化器收集的廢油、廢包 裝材料等則交由有資質的供應商統一處 理。危險廢棄物諸如廢化學試劑、廢舊 硒鼓墨盒及有專門標識的危廢電池等, 由工廠專用的危廢倉庫儲存,並在環境 保護部門備案,最後交由有資質的第三 方處置商進行合規處理。2022年12月, 頤海漯河工廠通過變更排污許可證危廢 種類,將廢氣處理系統活性炭納入固廢 管理,每年減少20噸危廢產出。本集團 每月的安全環保管理體系審計包含對固 廢和危廢處理流程的審計,本年度各工 廠產生的全部危險廢棄物均已實現合法 合規地存儲及處置。

案例:減少危險廢棄物的產生

2022年6月, 頤海鄭州工廠對除味系統 的UV燈箱進行升級改造,延長UV燈管的 使用壽命,降低故障率。工廠通過對電 源與燈管連接位置改造,燈管故障率降 低約70%,廢UV燈管相較2021年減少 了5公斤,大大地減少了危險廢棄物的產 生。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Promotion of Energy Conservation and Consumption Reduction

We have continued to explore practical energy-saving and consumption-reducing measures in our production and operation. We have achieved resource saving, energy consumption reduction and carbon emission reduction by measures including enhanced management, process upgrade of factory technology, etc. In the past year. Yihai's technology department has been committed to continuously optimizing the plant's energy-saving and consumptionreducing capabilities through technological innovation, constantly exploring and identifying feasible energy-saving and consumptionreducing projects and promoting their implementation in the form of thematic discussions. The Group also steps up publicity efforts for energy conservation and emission reduction to enhance employees' environmental awareness. In every quarter of 2022, each factory in Yihai reviews and summarizes the recent energy saving and consumption reduction.

Case: Optimization of packaging process

During this year, Yihai promoted the continuous reduction of product packaging and lowered production energy consumption through product packaging process improvement and linking packaging consumables to performance. in January 2022, Fuhai Ma'anshan factory added new manufacturers of envelopes and heating packs and delivered raw materials using plastic frames for delivery, reducing the number of waste cartons generated and reducing the generation of waste cartons by about 100 tonnes per month. In the second half of 2022, the Group is committed to the research of plastic reduction of hot pot boxes, through the improvement of the structure of self-cooked rice and self-heating small hot pot boxes, so that the packaging of the two products can achieve 300 tonnes of plastic reduction in 2022. In addition, the factory has also reduced solid waste generation through a recycling carton secondary use program, with annual carton savings estimated at 200,000 RMB.

Case: Saving gas use

In August 2022, the Ma'anshan factory procured steam from the local government and decommissioned all three existing steam boilers, achieving zero boiler exhaust emissions. In addition, the Luohe factory has also gradually replaced gas use with steam in this way. As of 2022, the factory's steam utilization rate has reached 80%.

推進節能降耗

我們在生產運營中持續探索切實可行的 節能降耗措施,通過精益管理、工廠技 術工藝改造等措施達到節約資源、降低 能耗、減少碳排放的效果。在過去的一 年中, 頤海的技術部門致力通過技術創 新持續優化工廠的節能降耗能力,不斷 探索與識別可行的節能降耗項目,並以 專題討論的形式推進其具體落實。本集 團亦加大節能降耗的宣傳力度,以增強 員工的節能降耗意識。2022年每一季 度,頤海的各個工廠都會對於近期節能 降耗的情況進行回顧總結。

案例:優化包裝工藝

本年度,頤海通過產品包裝工藝改進、 包裝耗材與績效掛鈎等方式,促進產品 包裝不斷減量,降低生產能耗。2022年 1月,馥海馬鞍山工廠新增加封套及加 熱包生產廠家,運送的原料採用膠框配 送,減少廢紙箱產生量,每月減少廢紙 箱產生約100噸。2022年下半年,本集 **團致力於火鍋盒的降塑研究,通過對自** 煮米飯與自熱小火鍋盒子結構的改善, 使兩種產品包裝實現2022年降塑300 噸。此外,該工廠還通過回收紙箱二次 使用方案,降低了固廢產生,紙箱年度 節約預計人民幣20萬元。

案例:節約燃氣使用

2022年8月馬鞍山工廠向當地政府採購 蒸汽,並將原有的3台蒸汽鍋爐全部停 用,實現了鍋爐廢氣零排放。此外,漯 河工廠亦通過此類方式, 以蒸汽逐步替 代燃氣使用。截至2022年,該工廠的蒸 汽使用率已達80%。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Case: Condensate Reflux Water Saving

Fuhai Ma'anshan factory saves about 3 tonnes of water per day and 90 tonnes of water per month by returning the condensate from the steam pipe to the water storage tank; the temperature of the water storage tank rises due to condensate return, which reduces the energy consumption of the steam generator using gas and saves about 50 cubic meters of gas per day. The savings are 1,500 cubic meters per month.

Case: Saving electricity for waste gas treatment

The Zhengzhou factory has the problem of needing to turn on multiple exhaust gas treatment systems for the same product production because of the scattered distribution of its process systems. This year, after production planning, the pipeline of the filling workshop was modified so that the frying pan and the filling machine could be connected in a pair of multiple connections, which could reduce the number of waste treatment system start-ups when the factory was producing less, and achieve monthly electricity savings of about 80,000 KW/H.

Case: Improving factory efficiency

In April 2022, Fuhai Ma'anshan factory improved the packaging machine of self-cooked rice production line, and the working efficiency was improved from 90 boxes/minute to 110 boxes/minute; in June, the factory improved the gear drive of the conveyor belt at the exit of the heat shrink oven of the vermicelli packaging machine, making it speed up by 40%, and the response speed of the packaging machine can be improved from 100 packs/minute to 150 packs/minute.

Case: Installation of photovoltaic power generation facilities

In June 2022, Fuhai Zhaoqing factory set up photovoltaic power generation facilities, using solar power to reduce the power purchased by the factory from the national grid, while also using clean energy and reducing pollution, with an estimated annual savings of 50,000-100,000 RMB.

案例:冷凝水回流節水

馥海馬鞍山工廠將蒸汽管道中冷凝水回 流至儲水罐中,每天可節約用水約3噸, 每月可節約用水90噸;因冷凝水回流使 儲水罐溫度上升,使蒸汽發生器使用燃 氣能耗降低,每天可節約燃氣消耗約50 立方。每月節約1.500立方。

案例:節約廢氣處理用電

鄭州工廠由於其工藝系統分佈比較分 散,存在着同一產品生產時需開啟多個 廢氣處理系統的問題。本年度經過產量 規劃,改造灌裝車間管道,使炒鍋和灌 裝機實現一對多連接,在工廠在產量較 少時,可減少廢棄處理系統的啟動數 量,實現月節約電量約80,000KW·H。

案例:提升工廠效率

2022年4月,馥海馬鞍山工廠對自煮米 飯生產線包裝機進行改進,工作效率 由90盒/分鐘提升至110盒/分鐘;6 月,工廠對粉絲包裝機熱縮爐出口輸送 帶齒輪傳動進行改進,使其提速40%, 包裝機響應速度由100包/分鐘可提高 至150包/分鐘。

案例:設置光伏發電設施

2022年6月,馥海肇慶工廠設置光伏發 電設施,利用太陽能發電,減少工廠購 買國家電網的電量,同時也使用了清潔 的能源,減少污染,預計每年節約人民 幣5萬-10萬元。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Response to Climate Change

The abnormal climate has put humanity facing a severe test of survival. Thus, addressing climate change has become a common goal of the whole world. In 2022, the Group has clearly defined Yihai's primary responsibility for promoting climate change mitigation actions. periodically focusing on regional energy policies, energy supply stability and costs, and considering various energy saving and emission reduction initiatives, in line with China's green development philosophy and "double carbon" target. We set up annual energy and water conservation projects to reduce unit energy and water consumption year by year, and continuously monitor carbon emission trading policies at the national level to provide timely warning of the impact on our operations. Meanwhile, with reference to the Action Plan for Carbon Dioxide Peaking Before 2030, we have actively identified the possible impact of climate change on our production and operation activities and issued the Climate Change Risk Management System. In response to potential risks, we have linked them to the main responsibility, responded in advance, and formulated the following countermeasures.

應對氣候變化

反常的氣候使人類面臨嚴峻生存考驗, 應對氣候變化成為全世界的共同目標。 2022年,本集團明確定義了頤海在促進 氣候變化減緩方面行動的主責任, 周期 性關注地區能源政策、能源供應穩定性 及成本等,並考慮多種節能減排舉措, 響應中國綠色發展理念與「雙碳 | 目標。 每年設定能源水源節約項目,逐年降低 單位能耗水耗,並持續關注國家層面碳 排放交易政策,及時預警對公司運營的 影響。同時,參考《2030年前碳達峰行動 方案》,我們積極識別氣候變化對公司生 產經營活動可能帶來的影響,發佈了《氣 候變化風險管理制度》。針對潛在風險, 我們將其與主責任聯繫起來,提前做出 響應,並制定了以下應對措施:

	Potential Risk Identification and		
Type of Risk	Assessment	Solution	
風險類型	潛在風險辨别與評估風險	應對措施	

Type of Risk 風險類型	Assessment 潛在風險辨别與評估風險	Solution 應對措施
Transition Risk	The policy adjustment of the national energy structure and power supply will have a certain impact on the Company's energy use.	The Group actively follows up on relevant regulatory requirements and implements management measures. Every factory currently has an emergency plan related to energy and electricity to deal with energy and electricity supply problems. The technical department of each factory will gradually replace the original equipment in conjunction with process and equipment innovation to
轉型風險	國家能源結構及電力供應的政策調整會對公司的運營成本造成一定影響。	cope with climate change. 積極跟進國家相關監管要求,並落實管 理措施。各工廠均制定了能源電力相關 的應急預案,以應對能源電力供應方面 的問題。目前,頤海部分工廠的炒鍋仍 使用化學燃料,為應對氣候變化,各工 廠技術部結合工藝和設備革新,逐步對 原有設備進行替換。

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環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Type of Risk 風險類型	Potential Risk Identification and Assessment 潜在風險辨别與評估風險	Solution 應對措施
Physical Risk	The effect of global warming causes an increase in local extreme weather, such as heavy rain and hail, which has a potential impact on the Company's production activities, including extreme weather leads to damage to fixed assets; climates such as high-temperature heat waves increase air conditioning power consumption; and extreme weather affects production	At present, Yihai has established extreme weather response mechanism for each factory, simulated disaster occurrence rehearsal mechanism, and precautions and response mechanism for extreme weather including extreme cold, snowstorm, rainstorm and typhoon, etc.
實體風險	progress. 全球氣候變暖效應造成局地性極端天氣增加,例如暴雨、冰雹等,對公司生產活動造成潛在影響,包括:極端氣候導致固定資產損壞;高溫熱浪等氣候使得空調耗電增加;發生極端氣候影響生產進度。	目前頤海已針對極寒、暴雪、暴雨及颱 風等極端天氣,建立各工廠極端天氣應 對機制、模擬災害發生演練機制、以及 極端天氣的注意事項和應對機制等。
	Shortage of raw material supply or significant price fluctuations due to climate change; damage to energy systems; tight supply deployment, etc.	By developing multiple suppliers to cope with the risk of material supply fluctuation brought by a single supplier; the factory set up the main responsible person to focus on energy policy and energy supply stability periodically.
	氣候變化導致的原料供應短缺或價格大 幅度波動;能源系統損壞;供應調配緊 張等。	通過開發多供應商,應對單一供應商帶來的物料供應波動風險;工廠設立主責人,周期性關注能源政策、能源供應穩定性。

Environmental Targets

The Group has set sustainable development goals based on 2021 performance and a five-year cycle. By 2026, the Group's targets in energy conservation, carbon reduction, water conservation as well as packaging and waste reduction, and the target completion progress in 2022 are as follows:

環境目標

本集團以2021年為基準,5年為周期對 可持續發展目標進行了設定。至2026 年, 頤海在節能減碳、節水以及減少包 裝和廢棄物的目標,以及2022年目標的 完成進度如下:

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

- Targets on Carbon Reduction: Greenhouse gas emissions density decreases gradually, to a 3% decrease in 2026 compared to 2021;
- Targets on Energy Conservation: Energy density decreases gradually, to a 3% decrease by 2026 compared to 2021;
- Targets on Water-saving: Water consumption density decreases gradually, to a 3% decrease by 2026 compared to 2021;
- Management Targets on Reducing packaging and waste: Achieving 100% compliance with hazardous waste storage and disposal; gradually decreasing packaging use per unit of operating income, to 3% decrease by 2026 compared to 2021; promoting green packaging, and gradually introducing and using environmental friendly packaging materials.

In order to achieve the above goals, we include various data of environmental categories in the safety and environmental protection daily reports and safety and environmental protection monthly reports, and make ring comparison and year-on-year comparison through monthly data of water, electricity and gas usage and emission data of waste gas, wastewater and waste residue, analyze the reasons for changes and find improvement opportunities for energy saving and emission reduction. At the same time, we set up environmental management assessment and management methods, promote the projects of energy saving and emission reduction in each factory and technology category, set up awards for energy saving and emission reduction, and encourage various innovative activities in environmental protection to promote the achievement of various environmental protection targets.

- 減碳目標:溫室氣體排放密度逐 步下降,至2026年較2021年下降 3% .
- 節能目標:能源密度逐步下降,至 2026年較2021年下降3%;
- 節水目標:水耗密度逐步下降,至 2026年較2021年下降3%;
- 廢棄物管理目標:實現危險廢棄物 100%合規存儲及處置;單位經營 收入包裝使用量逐步下降,至2026 年較2021年下降3%,推行綠色包 裝,產品包裝引入環保材料的使用。

為實現以上目標,我們將環境類各項數 據納入安全環保日報和安全環保月報, 並通過每月水電氣的使用數據和廢氣、 廢水、廢渣的排放數據進行環比和同 比,分析變化原因,找到改善的機會點 進行節能減排。同時,我們制定環境治 理考核管理辦法,推動各工廠和技術品 類開展節能減排的項目,設定節能減排 獎項,鼓勵環保方面的各項創新活動, 以促進各項環保目標的達成。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In terms of energy saving and carbon reduction, we improve the efficiency of using gas frying pans to reduce gas usage, power consumption of exhaust gas treatment and gas emissions; through rational planning of industrial centers, we take advantage of centralized production of products to reduce unit energy and water consumption; in addition, we actively promote technical innovation and application of technology categories in energy saving and carbon reduction.

In terms of water conservation, we have been advocating water conservation, and we will further strengthen the awareness of water conservation among our employees and improve the utilization of water resources through process improvement. We are actively promoting the application of the "Condensate Recovery Project" to collect condensate and use it for pallet cleaning and floor cleaning at the landfill to reduce water waste.

In terms of hazardous waste management, we hand over to qualified third-party organizations for treatment to achieve 100% compliant disposal of hazardous waste; in terms of reducing the use of packaging materials, we optimise the size and material of packaging materials for old products to avoid excess use of packaging materials; we set packaging material standards, establish a packaging material information database, and improve the size and material design of new packaging materials to reduce the unit packaging material. At the same time, we promote the technological innovation of environmental protection materials, promote green packaging, and gradually introduce and use environmental protection packaging materials.

In 2022, from the perspective of food safety control and cost optimization, the Group switched some semi-finished products from outsourcing to self-production, coupled with the change in production process of some products in the factories, thus leading to an increase in some emission indicators and water consumption indicators data in this year compared with the last year, but the overall indicators are still under control, in 2023, the Group will improve emission and water consumption indicators mainly from the following aspects. Further clarify the person responsible for the maintenance of exhaust gas and wastewater treatment equipment and regularly verify the operation effect of the equipment; recycle the condensate in the steam pipes of the plant to achieve water conservation.

在節能減碳方面,我們通過提高燃氣炒 鍋使用效率,以降低燃氣使用、廢氣處 理功耗及氣體排放;通過產業中心的合 理規劃,我們利用產品集中生產優勢, 以降低單位能耗及水耗;此外,我們積 極推進技術品類在節能減碳方面的技術 革新和應用。

在節水方面,我們一直倡導節約水資 源,我們將進一步加強員工節水意識的 宣傳,並通過工藝的改善提高水資源的 利用。我們積極推進「冷凝水回收項目」 的應用,對冷凝水進行收集並用於垃圾 場托盤清洗及地面清洗,減少水資源浪

在危險廢棄物管理方面,我們交由有資 質的第三方機構處理,實現危險廢棄物 100%合規處置;在減少包裝材料使用方 面,我們對老產品的包裝材料尺寸及材 質優化,避免包裝材料過剩使用;我們 訂立包裝材料標準,建立包裝材料信息 庫,提升新品包裝材料尺寸材質設計, 從而降低單位包材用量;同時,我們加 大推進環保材料的技術創新,推行綠色 包裝,逐步引入並使用環保包裝材料。

2022年度,本集團從食品安全管控及成 本優化角度出發,將部分半成品由外購 轉為自產,加上工廠部分產品生產工藝 變更,因此導致本年度部分排放指標及 用水指標數據環比上一年度有所上升, 但總體指標仍處於可控範圍。2023年, 本公司將主要從以下方面着手,改善排 放和用水指標:進一步明確廢氣、廢水 處理設備維護責任人,定期驗證設備運 行效果; 對工廠蒸汽管道中的冷凝水進 行回收利用,實現節約用水。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Environmental Performance

環境數據績效表

Key Performance Indicators for Emissions and Energy Consumption

排放物及能耗概況

Indicator 指標	Unit ¹⁰ 單位 ¹⁰	2022 ¹¹ 2022年 ¹¹	2021 2021年
Annual revenue 全年收入	million RMB 百萬元人民幣	6,147.011	5,942.167
Emissions 廢氣排放總量	Tonnes 噸	7.28	6.62
成来5升収蔵里 Stationary sources emission¹	Tonnes	7.28	6.62
固定源廢氣排放1	噸		
No ₂ emission 二氧化氮排放量	Tonnes 噸	3.83	1.89
So ₂ emission	Tonnes	0.78	0.79
二氧化硫排放量	噸		
Fume emission	Tonnes	1.24	2.05
油煙排放量 Smoke and dust	噸 Tonnes	1.43	1.89
煙塵	噸		
Annual emissions per revenue ²	Tonnes/million RMB	0.0012	0.0011
單位經營收入廢氣排放總量² Total wastewater discharged³	噸 / 百萬元人民幣 Tonnes	44.23	36.57
廢水排放總量 ³	······································	44.20	00.07
COD emission	Tonnes	22.70	23.94
需氧量(COD)	噸 Tonnes	6.26	5.62
BOD $_5$ emission 5日生化需氧量(BOD $_5$)排放量	······································	6.36	5.02
Suspended solids 懸浮物	Tonnes 噸	12.72	5.68
Ammonia and nitrogen	Tonnes	2.14	1.28
氨氮	噸	0.04	0.05
Animal and vegetable oils 動植物油	Tonnes 噸	0.31	0.05
Annual wastewater discharged per revenue 單位經營收入廢水排放總量	Tonnes/million RMB 噸/百萬元人民幣	0.0072	0.0062
Total hazardous waste ⁴	Tonnes	15.18	12.56
有害廢棄物總量⁴ Waste chemical reagent	噸 Tonnes	8.49	7.01
廢化學試劑	······································	0.40	7.01
Waste engine oil 廢機油	Tonnes 噸	1.93	1.80
Waste mineral oil 廢礦物油	Tonnes 噸	0.00	0.50
Waste lead-acid accumulators 廢鉛蓄電池	Tonnes 噸	0.17	0.00
Waste fluorescent lamps 廢熒光燈管	Tonnes 噸	0.00	0.04
Others	Tonnes	4.59	3.21
其他	噸		
Annual hazardous waste per revenue 單位經營收入有害廢棄物總量	Tonnes/million RMB 噸/百萬元人民幣	0.0025	0.0021

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Indicator 指標	Unit ¹⁰ 單位 ¹⁰	2022 ¹¹ 2022年 ¹¹	2021 2021年
Total non-hazardous waste⁵	Tonnes	11,305.92	15,143.30
無害廢棄物總量 ⁵	噸 Tannaa	1 001 60	1 605 51
Household waste 生活垃圾	Tonnes 噸	1,091.62	1,695.51
Sludge at sewage treatment stations	Tonnes	1,442.83	1,739.16
污水站污泥	噸	.,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Production waste	Tonnes	8,771.47	11,708.63
生產廢物	噸		
Annual non-hazardous waste per revenue	Tonnes/million RMB	1.84	2.55
單位經營收入無害廢棄物排放量	噸/百萬元人民幣		400.004.00
Total energy consumption ⁶	MWh	112,432.67	126,224.96
能源消耗總量 ⁶	兆瓦時 MWh	66 724 00	00 107 47
Direct energy consumption 直接能源消耗	兆瓦時 	66,734.00	88,107.47
Petrol consumption	MWh	66,734.00	88,105.07
天然氣消耗量	兆瓦時	00,104.00	00,100.07
Diesel consumption	MWh	0.00	0.00
汽油消耗量	兆瓦時		
Natural gas consumption	MWh	0.00	2.40
柴油消耗量	兆瓦時		
Indirect energy consumption	MWh	45,698.67	38,117.49
間接能源消耗	兆瓦時		
Electricity consumption	MWh	45,698.67	38,117.49
電消耗量	兆瓦時		
Annual energy consumption per revenue	MWh/million RMB	18.29	21.24
全年每單位收入能源消耗量	兆瓦時/百萬元人民幣 Tonnes	745 007 70	E 4 E 000 00
Municipal water consumption ⁷ 市政自來水耗用量 ⁷	i onnes 噸	745,987.70	545,220.00
Annual municipal water consumption per revenue	Tonnes/million RMB	121.36	91.75
單位經營收入市政自來水耗用量	噸/百萬元人民幣	121.00	51.75
Total packaging materials consumption ⁸	Tonnes	34,147.66	37,382.26
包裝材料使用總量8	噸	.,,	,
Annual packing materials consumption per revenue	Tonnes/million RMB	5.56	6.29
單位經營收入包裝材料使用量	噸/百萬元人民幣		

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators for Greenhouse Gas Emissions

溫室氣體排放概況

Indicator 指標	Unit ¹⁰ 單位 ¹⁰	2022 ¹¹ 2022年 ¹¹	2021 2021年
Total greenhouse gas emissions			
(Scope 1 and Scope 2) ⁹	Tonnes	40,750.37	41,017.19
溫室氣體排放總量(範疇一、範疇二)9	噸		
Direct emissions (Scope 1)	Tonnes	13,048.91	17,228.36
直接排放(範疇一)	噸		
Petrol	Tonnes	13,048.91	17,227.73
天然氣	噸		
Diesel and natural gas	Tonnes	0.00	0.63
汽油及柴油	噸		
Indirect emissions (Scope 2)	Tonnes	27,701.46	23,788.83
間接排放(範疇二)	噸		
Outsourced power	Tonnes	27,701.46	23,788.83
外購電力	噸		
Annual greenhouse gas emissions per revenue	Tonnes/million RMB	6.63	6.90
單位經營收入溫室氣體排放	噸/百萬元人民幣		

Notes:

- Waste gases emitted from stationary sources consist of nitrogen oxides, sulphur dioxide, fumes and particulates contained in exhausted gases emitted by factories, which mainly come from the burning of natural gas. Among others, the nitrogen dioxide emission is calculated based on the Coefficients of Pollutants Generated from the Combustion of Coal and Natural Gas, sulphur dioxide emission is calculated based on the Practical Data Handbook for Environmental Protection, fume emission is calculated based on the data in monitoring reports prepared by third parties, and smoke and dust emission is calculated based on the Coefficients on Pollutants Generated from the Combustion of Coal and Natural Gas.
- Our self-owned vehicles did not consume much petrol and diesel, and according to the principle of materiality, the data of mobile source emissions is not disclosed.
- The data of COD (Chemical Oxygen Demand) emission, BOD, (5-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand) emission, suspended solids, ammonia nitrogen indicator in wastewater discharged from stationary sources is calculated based on total wastewater discharged at the outlet of sewage treatment stations multiplied respectively by the average concentration of BOD, total phosphorus, ammonia and nitrogen at the outlet.
- Hazardous waste is handed over to qualified third parties for treatment, and is calculated based on the data recorded on the hazardous waste transfer manifests or receipts of waste recyclers during the Reporting Period.

- 註:
- 固定源廢氣由工廠排放的廢氣中氮氧化 1. 物、二氧化硫、油煙、顆粒物等組成, 主要來源於天然氣燃燒,其中二氧化氮 排放根據《煤、天然氣燃燒的污染物產 生系數》進行核算,二氧化硫排放根據 《環境保護實用數據手冊》進行核算,油 煙排放根據第三方監測報告內數據指標 進行估算,煙塵排放根據《煤、天然氣 燃燒的污染物產生系數》進行核算。
- 2. 本集團自有交通工具汽油柴油年消耗量 較少,根據重要性原則,暫不披露移動 源廢氣排放數據。
- 固定源廢水中,化學需氧量(COD)排放 量、5日生化需氧量(BODg)排放量、懸 浮物、氨氮指標根據污水處理站排水口 的總排水量分別乘以排水口BOD。的平 均濃度、排水口總磷的平均濃度、排水 口氨氮的平均濃度計算得出數據。
- 有害廢棄物交給有資質第三方處理,根 據本報告期內危險廢物轉移聯單或廢 物回收商回收單據上記錄的數據進行核 算。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

- Non-hazardous waste includes household waste, sludge at sewage treatment stations and production waste, and is calculated based on the data provided by factories, waste pick-up units, or third-party waste recyclers.
- Energy consumption data, including electricity consumption, natural gas consumption and fuel consumption of group-financed vehicles, is calculated based on the consumption of electricity and fuel, and the conversion factors provided in the General Rules for Calculation of the Comprehensive Energy (GB/T 2589-2020).
- 7. During the Reporting Period, the Group's water consumption mainly came from municipal water supply, and there were no difficulties in obtaining water sources.
- Packaging materials include tabs, inner packaging bags, condiment product packaging boxes, white boxes, sauce products (including box body, transparent cover and cover film), sauce product packaging boxes, trays, small white barrels (including cover, barrel body and handle) and condiment product rolling films.
- Greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide, mainly resulted from outsourcing electricity, natural gas consumption, diesel consumption of diesel-powered generators and group-financed vehicles. Greenhouse gas emissions are measured in carbon dioxide equivalents and calculated based on 2019 Baseline Emission Factors for Regional Power Grids in China issued by the Ministry of Ecological Environment of the People's Republic of China and the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories revised in 2019 issued by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC).
- The 2022 environmental density data are disclosed using environmental performance data and the Group's annual revenue.
- The disclosure scope of environmental performance data in 2022 includes Fuhai Bazhou factory, Fuhai Zhaoqing factory, Yihai Ma'anshan factory, Yihai Bazhou factory, Yihai Zhengzhou factory, Yihai Luohe factory, Yihai Kaifeng factory, Fuhai Ma'anshan factory. Fuhai Zhaoqing factory and Yihai Luohe factory are added in this year.

- 5. 無害廢棄物包括生活垃圾、污水站污 泥、生產廢物,根據工廠或垃圾清運單 位、第三方收購單位提供的數據進行核
- 能源消耗量數據是根據電力及燃料的消 耗量及《綜合能耗計算通則(GB/T 2589-2020)》提供的相關轉換因子進行計算, 包含電力、天然氣和公車耗油。
- 本報告期內,本集團用水主要來自市政 7. 供水,無求取水源上的困難。
- 包裝材料包括標籤、底料內袋、底料 箱、白箱、蘸料(盒身、透明蓋、蓋 膜)、蘸料包裝箱、托盤使用量、餐飲 裝小白桶(面蓋、桶身、提手)及底料卷
- 溫室氣體清單包括二氧化碳、甲烷和氧 化亞氮,主要源自外購電力、天然氣 消耗、柴油發電機及自有交通工具耗 油。溫室氣體核算乃按二氧化碳當量呈 列, 並根據中華人民共和國生態環境部 刊發的《2019年中國區域電網基準線排 放因子》及政府間氣候變化專門委員會 (IPCC)刊發的《IPCC 2006年國家溫室 氣體清單指南2019修訂版》進行核算。
- 2022年密度類數據採用環境數據和集團 全年收入進行披露。
- 2022年環境績效數據披露範圍包括馥海 霸州工廠、馥海肇慶工廠、頤海馬鞍山 工廠、頤海霸州工廠、頤海鄭州工廠、 頤海漯河工廠、頤海開封工廠、馥海馬 鞍山工廠,本年度新增馥海肇慶工廠和 頤海漯河工廠。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

RISK-ORIENTED DEVOTION TO SUPPLY CHAIN SYSTEM

An important component of the development strategy of the Group is to "emphasise food safety and quality and prevent risks in the supply of raw materials". The Group has established a series of supply chain management systems to develop a responsible supply chain and to promote the improvement and development of the entire supply chain system. We abide by regulations established by the Group, such as the Supplier Management System, the Supplier Quality Management System, and the Supplier Introduction and Withdrawal Procedures. In 2022, Yihai updated Yihai Procurement Management System to further refine the responsibilities of procurement operations and the principles of supplier management. In addition, we have updated and improved Yihai Quality Assurance System, which specifics the principal responsible person and a positive incentive scheme for the principal responsible person for excellent quality management. We have also included suppliers from overseas regions in the management scope, and established different management manners to meet the product standards of different countries by actively identifying local regulations.

Strict Selection Criteria for Suppliers

The Group strictly abides by the requirements of the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, the Bidding Law of the People's Republic of China, Regulation on the Implementation of the Bidding Law of the People's Republic of China, and other laws and regulations. In 2022, we have updated the Supplier Introduction and Withdrawal Procedures. By doing so, we can standardise and manage document compliance, raw and auxiliary material introduction requirements, and acceptance of various raw and auxiliary materials to ensure the stability of raw and auxiliary material quality and reduce procurement risks. At the same time, the foreign suppliers have been included in the system for unified management, strengthening the qualification audit of domestic and foreign suppliers' access from the source.

風險為尺,深耕供應鏈體系

「注重食品安全質量,防範原材料供應風 險」是本集團發展戰略中的重要組成部 分。本集團建立了一系列供應鏈管理制 度,力求打造責任供應鏈,推動整個供 應鏈體系的進步與發展。我們遵守本集 團制定的《供應商管理制度》、《供應商質 量管理制度》與《供應商引入和退出流程》 等規章制度。2022年,頤海更新了《頤海 採購管理制度》,進一步細化採購業務職 責以及供應商管理原則。此外,我們還 對《頤海質量擔保制度》進行了更新和完 善,其中明確了主責人,以及對優秀質 量管理主責人的正向激勵方案,並將海 外區域的供應商納入管理範圍, 通過積 極識別當地法規,建立不同管理方法以 滿足不同海外國家的產品標準。

嚴把供應商准入關口

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國反不正 當競爭法》、《中華人民共和國招標投標 法》、《中華人民共和國招標投標法實施 條例》等法律法規的要求。2022年,我們 對於頤海的《供應商引入和退出流程》進 行更新,對證件合規性、原輔料引入要 求、各類原輔料驗收進行規範化管理, 以確保原輔料質量的穩定性,並降低採 購風險。同時將國外供應商納入該制度 中統一進行管理,從源頭上強化國內外 供應商准入資質審核。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

We actively identify suppliers' environmental and social risks, conduct selection review and sequent supervision reviews on suppliers in terms of environmental protection and integrity, make enquiries and continuously monitors the compliance status of suppliers through public information. Suppliers are required to submit qualified certificates and licenses (e.g. pollutant discharge permit) according to the Group's licensing system, and to sign a safety and environmental agreement. Those who fail to provide satisfactory certificates will not be selected. We give priority to products and services of environmentally preferable and renewable resources. For example, we use recyclable materials as packaging, and use degradable carton packaging instead of plastic barrels for food and beverage products. Based on the special nature of food industry, the staff of suppliers is also required to provide certificates such as health certificate and work license.

During the review and assessment process, potential suppliers shall fill in the Supplier Assessment Form as required by the Group. Articles related to ESG are included in the scope of audit, including safety, environmental protection performance and employment and employee care of the suppliers. Only those approved by the Group will win potential cooperation. Take suppliers' procurement with relevant requirements for an example, in terms of environmental protection, we conduct compliance audits of suppliers' environmental qualification documents for exhaust gas, wastewater, noise and solid waste emissions, and include indicators in red line management, such as the environmental protection facilities (e.g. wastewater treatment), environmental impact assessment (EIA) construction, acceptance and approval processes. Suppliers are encouraged to optimise process design and reduce the use of resources and energy. In terms of employment and employee caring, we will review whether employment compliance, employee health examinations, labour rights as well as training and education are following the Group's requirements.

After the establishment of a cooperative relationship and before the occurrence of formal business, we have added ESG requirements to our declaration of cooperation and incorporated them into our contracts. We also require suppliers to comply with the relevant policies of the Group to ensure that suppliers accept our supervision and review.

本集團積極識別供應商的環境及社會風 險,從環境保護、廉潔管理等方面對供 應商進行准入審核及後續的監督審核, 通過公開信息查詢並持續關注供應商的 合規情況,並要求產品供應商按照本集 團的索證制度提交排污許可證等各類資 質證件和牌照,並簽訂安全環保協議, 對於證件資質不符合要求的廠家不予准 入。我們優先考慮使用環保、可再生的 產品及服務,例如使用可回收材料作為 包裝,在餐飲渠道產品上使用可降解的 紙箱包裝替代塑料桶裝產品。同時,基 於食品行業的特殊屬性,我們也會要求 供應商的工作人員具有健康證,上崗證 等證明。

在審核評估階段,潛在供應商需按照本 集團的要求填寫《供應商評審表》,我們 將供應商的安全性、環境保護表現、員 工僱傭與關懷等ESG相關條款納入審核 範圍,通過本集團審核的廠家才有可能 開展正式合作。比如,針對有相關要求 的供應商採購,在環保工作方面,我們 對供應商在廢氣、廢水、噪聲及固體廢 棄物排放等方面的環境資質證件進行合 規性審核,並將具備污水處理等環保設 施、公司的環評建設和驗收批覆等指標 納入紅線管理,我們鼓勵供應商從工藝 設計上進行優化,減少資源和能源的使 用;在員工僱傭與關懷方面,我們會審 核供應商在招聘合規、員工健康體檢、 勞工權益、培訓教育等方面是否符合本 集團要求。

在與供應商確立合作關係後、正式業務 發生前,我們在合作聲明中增設ESG相 關要求,並將其納入合同中,要求各供 應商遵守本集團各項相關制度,確保供 應商接受我們的監督與審核。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Strengthen the Construction of Supplier System

During the Reporting Period, the Group continuously abides by the Supplier Hierarchical Management System. Yihai determines the risk level of suppliers based on the annual plans of risk supervision and results of sampling inspection conducted by state functionaries, the complexity of the production process, the normality of the product industry, the customer complaints about product quality, and the intended use. We have clarified the corresponding inspection standards for different levels of suppliers, among which, we have the highest frequency of sampling inspection and the strictest requirements for high-risk suppliers to ensure the quality of our products.

The Group has also established a performance evaluation system for suppliers, which is regularly evaluated according to the Supplier Quality Management System. The scores are divided into A, B, C, D and E five grades. For suppliers whose evaluation result is A, the Group may reduce the frequency or reduce the flight audit as appropriate; for suppliers whose evaluation result is C for two consecutive times, it will be directly downgraded to D, and the supply can be resumed after passing the review; if the rating is E, it will be directly eliminated and shall not be introduced or continue to cooperate. In addition, the Group has set up a management system and added a new management clause for "supplier fraud". We regularly select samples from the instock and in-warehouse products of suppliers through on-site research to assess the risk factor of commercial fraud of suppliers, so as to prevent and control risks in advance. For suppliers with higher risk frequency, the R&D department of the Group will consider replacing them with other suppliers with stable supply and lower security risks. By the end of 2022, we have conducted over 100 checks on existing suppliers, ensuring that the food safety of upstream suppliers is controllable.

In 2022, we updated the Supplier Guarantee System to include overseas regions in the management. At the same time, we clarify the responsible department for problem follow-up and improvement in the system. For example, we specify the food safety director as the issue guarantor to restrain and rectify the accidents caused by the lack of testing in the company's regulations and system. We also clarify the responsible parties for the three modules of applying guarantee, product guarantee and supplier guarantee. The main responsible party will assume a certain guarantee when there is a serious quality complaint problem. Furthermore, we add an incentive mechanism for excellent management.

夯實供應商體系建設

報告期間,本集團繼續遵守《供應商的 分級管理》制度。頤海依據每年度國家 職能部門風險監測抽檢計劃及抽檢通報 結果、產品工藝複雜性、產品行業的規 範性、質量客訴、預期用途等情況,確 定供應商的風險等級。我們針對不同級 別的供應商明確了相應的檢查標準,其 中,我們對於高風險的供應商的抽檢頻 率最高,要求最嚴格,以保證我們的產 品品質。

本集團還針對供應商建立了績效評價體 系,依據《供應商質量管理制度》定期 對其進行考核,評分劃分為A、B、C、 D、E共5個等級。對評價結果為A的供應 商,本集團可以視情況給予飛行審核降 頻或者減免;對連續兩次評價結果為C的 供應商,直接降級為D,且覆審合格後才 可以恢復供貨;如果評級為E級,則直接 淘汰,不得引入或繼續合作。此外,集 團設立了對於供應商欺詐的相關管理, 在制度中新增了「供應商弄虛作假」的相 關管理條款,通過現場調研的方式,定 期從供應商倉庫的在存、在庫產品中進 行風險抽樣,對供應商的商業欺詐風險 系數進行評估,從而形成對於風險的提 前防控。對於出現風險頻率較高的供應 商,集團研發部門會考慮選擇採用其他 供應穩定、安全隱患較低的供應商進行 替換。截至2022年末,我們對現有供應 商進行了近上百餘次審核,確保上游供 應商的食品安全可控。

2022年,我們更新了《供應商擔保制 度》,將海外區域納入管理範圍。同時, 我們在制度中明確了問題跟進與改善的 責任部門,如明確了食安總監作為問題 擔保人員對公司法規制度檢測缺失造成 的事故進行約束整改,明確了運用擔 保、產品擔保和供應商擔保三個模塊的 責任主體,當出現嚴重質量投訴問題 時,由主責方承擔一定的擔保責任,並 補充了對管理優秀者的激勵方案。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Extensive Communication with Suppliers

The Group has gathered factories, product project leaders, procurement, and standard-setting personnel with suppliers for several on-site exchanges, to ensure demands are answered and issues are solved in a prompt manner. We have not only developed a variety of communication channels such as a complaint mailbox and hotline, and suppliers can give feedback and report integrity issues through supplier management platform (SRM) which will be matched with a relevant responsible person according to the type of problems (such as daily operation issues and integrity issues). Once a complaint is received, the Group will handle the case in accordance with the Suppliers Complaint Response Procedures and reply with a Response Letter to Supplier's Opinion. For true and verified supplier complaints, the Group will reward the suppliers in accordance with the Supplier Management System. This year, the Group transferred all complaints tracking to our online platform to ensure that supplier complaints can be followed up all the times. In addition, the Group conducts an opinion survey for suppliers every half a year, gives timely feedback to relevant departments and personnel and replies to the suppliers regarding solutions and outcomes.

加強供應商溝通交流

本集團多次組織工廠、產品項目負責 人、採購及標準制定人員與供應商進行 現場交流,確保需求和問題在第一時間 得到響應和解決。為暢通供應商溝通渠 道,本集團不僅開通了投訴郵箱、熱線 電話等渠道,供應商還可以通過供應商 管理平台(SRM系統)反饋問題及進行廉 潔舉報,該系統會根據問題的類型(如日 常業務問題、廉潔問題) 對接到相應的負 責人員。接到投訴後,本集團將按《供應 商投訴問題處理流程》進行處理並反饋 「供應商意見反饋回覆函」,對於投訴、 申訴屬實的,本集團會根據《供應商管理 制度》落實對供應商的獎勵。本年度,集 團將對於投訴的追蹤全部轉至線上平台 中進行,以確保隨時跟進處理供應商投 訴的問題。此外,本集團每半年進行一 次供應商意見調查,將供應商反饋的問 題及時與相關部門人員溝通,並將處理 方案及結果回覆給供應商。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Support for Supplier Management Enhancement

The Group attaches great importance to nurturing and maintaining partnerships with suppliers, promoting the high-quality development of suppliers by continuously deepening cooperation with key suppliers. We regulate the bidding, admission and contract signing processes of suppliers and implement full life-cycle control of suppliers. In the process of supplier audit, Yihai will fully communicate with suppliers and propagate Yihai's high standard requirements in product safety and quality assurance, energy saving and emission reduction. For suppliers supplying products with characteristics but being engaged in industries which lack standardised management, we set up a special support group to provide guidance on operating management and food processing for suppliers. By doing so, the characteristics of the products are retained, risks of food safety are lowered, and consequently, enhancing the overall level of the industry. Further, the Group selects suppliers who are willing to cooperate and builds factories around their production bases to ensure an efficient and convenient supply chain management model by shortening the distance between suppliers and Yihai's internal factories. We also help suppliers build factories by empowering them in terms of location selection, equipment, procurement, research and development, production and employee training to help solve technical problems in building factories and ensure the quality and safety of raw and auxiliary materials. The Group organised online internal training for OEM suppliers on inspection standards and food safety, playing a regulatory role in improving suppliers' product quality and quality assurance. As for customer complaint analysis, we share problem analysis and solving tools with suppliers in a real-time manner for them to solve onsite problems.

賦能供應商管理提升

本集團十分重視培育和維護與供應商間 的夥伴關係,涌渦不斷深化與關鍵供應 商的合作,推動供應商的高質量發展。 我們通過對於供應商的招投標、准入、 合同簽署等流程進行規範,對供應商實 施全生命周期管控。在供應商審核的環 節中,頤海就會對供應商進行充分溝 通,宣導頤海在產品安全與質量保證、 節能減排等方面的高標準要求。對於行 業整體不規範但是產品具有一定特色的 供應商,本集團會成立專門的幫扶小 組,對供應商的經營管理和食品工藝提 供指導,既能夠保留產品特色,又可以 降低本集團食品安全風險,提高行業整 體水平。同時,本集團選擇有合作意願 的供應商,在其生產基地周邊建廠,通 過縮短供應商與頤海內部工廠間的距 離,確保高效便捷的供應鏈管理模式, 並通過對供應商建廠幫扶,在場址選 用、設備、採購、研發、生產以及員工 培訓等方面進行賦能,幫助解決供應商 興建工廠的技術問題,確保原輔料的質 量安全。本集團還在OEM供應商內部進 行線上培訓宣講,包括檢驗標準、食品 安全等培訓內容,對提升供應商產品品 質和質量保證起到了規範作用。在客戶 投訴分析方面,我們將問題分析和解決 工具同步分享到供應商,使供應商能夠 利用該方法解決現場問題。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators for Suppliers

供應商數據統計

	Indicator 指標	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Total suppliers ¹	供應商總數量(家)1	455	485
Overseas suppliers	境外供應商數量(家)	20	5
Regional suppliers	地區供應商數量(家)	435	480
Suppliers in East China	華東地區供應商數量(家)	177	191
Suppliers in Central and South China	中南地區供應商數量(家)	116	117
Suppliers in North China	華北地區供應商數量(家)	62	65
Suppliers in Northwest China	西北地區供應商數量(家)	14	21
Suppliers in Southwest China	西南地區供應商數量(家)	55	76
Suppliers in Northeast China	東北地區供應商數量(家)	11	10
Suppliers with ESG risk assessment	供應商審核中包含ESG風險評估		
included in supplier audit ²	的供應商數量(家)2	330	192

Notes:

- The location of a supplier is determined by its place of registration. The suppliers cover full category types of suppliers.
- 2. Suppliers with ESG risk assessment included in supplier audit refer to those who went through the risk assessment initiated by relevant departments of the Group on environment and safety (including environmental protection, human resource management, occupational health and safety, etc.). As Yihai strengthened the audit of suppliers during this Reporting Period, the number of "suppliers with ESG risk assessment included in the supplier audit" in 2022 increased compared with 2021.
- 註:
- 供應商所在地按其註冊地址確定,供應 1. 商口徑為全品類供應商。
- 供應商審核中包含ESG風險評估的供應 商:已由公司相關部門完成對其環境、 社會類(主要包括對環護工作、人資管 理、職業健康與安全等方面)相關風險 評估的供應商。因頤海在本報告期內加 強了對供應商的審核,2022年「供應商 審核中包含ESG風險評估的供應商數 量」相較2021年有所增加。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

PEOPLE ORIENTATION AND EMPLOYEE GROWTH CARE

Employees are the most valuable assets to the Group. Adhering to the concept of people-oriented, we provide our employees with equal employment opportunities, welfare, and a platform for training and development, paying attention to employees' health and care for their growth.

Employment

In strict compliance with such laws and regulations as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Women's Rights and Interests, as well as administrative rules at operating sites, the Group has established and developed human resources management system. The Group strictly abides by the legal procedures in the process of signing, renewaling, terminating, and cancelling labour contracts with employees, in order to guarantee all relevant procedures are implemented in terms of fairness, openness and justice. Any discrimination against gender, nationality, age, race, geographical origin or family status in the recruitment process is forbidden pursuant to the Employee Recruitment Management Regulations. In addition, the employment of child labour is strictly prohibited in our regulations, which is clearly established in the human resource information system to ensure that juvenile candidates cannot be recruited. We conduct background investigations on candidates and require that the provided information must be true and accurate. In case of problems, we will strictly follow the regulations to deal with them and require immediate termination of the employment contract to effectively protect the compliance of the recruitment process and the legal rights of employees. In addition, we clearly stipulate the working hours required for the position in the Factory Hours Management Regulations and the employee's labour contract and add a flexible working system to the Employee Attendance, Leave and Welfare Policy to prohibit forced labour. In addition, to ensure compliance in overseas regions such as Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, the United States, and Canada, we will hire professional lawyers or third-party human resources companies to tailor and improve employment contracts and employment systems according to local laws and regulations. In 2022, the Group did not engage in any illegal employment, child labour recruitment and forced labour.

以人為本,關愛員工成長

員工是本集團最寶貴的財富。我們貫徹 以人為本的理念,為員工提供平等的 就業機會、福利待遇、培訓與發展的平 台,重視員工健康,關愛員工成長。

員工僱傭

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國勞動 法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、 《中華人民共和國未成年人保護法》、《中 華人民共和國婦女權益保障法》等相關法 律法規及運營場所所在地的有關管理條 例,並基於此搭建人事管理體系。本集 團在與員工簽訂、續訂、終止、解除勞 動合同等過程中,嚴格遵守法定程序, 所有流程保證公平、公開、公正。我們 在《員工招聘管理辦法》中明確規定, 不允許存在由於性別、民族、年齡、膚 色、地域、家庭狀況等因素而導致的歧 視行為,杜絕招聘過程中任何涉及歧視 的現象。同時,我們也在制度中明確規 定禁止招聘童工,並在人事信息系統中 進行專門設置,限制未成年的求職者信 息在集團系統中的錄入,並對於候選人 進行背景調查,要求其填寫信息真實準 確。一旦發現問題,我們將嚴格規範處 理,要求立即解除勞動合同,切實保障 招聘流程的合規性及員工的合法權益。 此外,我們在公司的《工廠工時管理辦 法》以及與員工簽署的勞動合同中,都 明確規定了崗位所要求的工作時長,並 在《員工考勤、休假及福利制度》中增加 彈性工作制,禁止出現強迫勞工現象。 另外,在新加坡、馬來西亞、泰國、美 國、加拿大等海外地區,我們會聘請專 業的合作律師或第三方人力資源公司, 根據當地法律法規的實際情況制定和完 善僱傭合同及僱傭制度,確保合法合 規。本集團在2022年度未出現非法聘用 勞工、僱傭童工或強制勞工的情況。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

We further carried out the talent introduction to recruit middle and high-level talents through internal referrals, website recruitment, head-hunting recommendation, etc. In addition, we also cooperated with colleges and universities specialising in food science and technology. By virtue of the students' graduation design and internship, communication and mutual understanding between the Group and the students were enhanced prior to their employment, which helps the Group to identify talent more accurately. At present, the Company's front-line staff employment adopts the principle of local mainstay. In terms of overseas management, except for dispatching the management who have studied and practiced in domestic factories for a certain period of time, we also trained middle management directly overseas and brought in experienced factory managers from outside to manage overseas employees. In the future, we will continue to develop our local management team and management capabilities overseas.

We have made mandatory requirements for the number of disabled personnel employed in various systems. At present, the Group recruits people with disabilities by contacting the Disabled Persons' Federation where each place of operation is located and registering the "China Disabled Persons Employment and Entrepreneurship Network Service Platform". In 2022, we have gone through induction procedures for 4 disabled employees.

Employee Remuneration and Benefits

The Group complies with the legal and regulatory requirements on minimum wages and basic benefits in various parts of the country, and provides employees with various statutory benefits and other holidays in accordance with the laws and regulations of each place of operation. In 2022, we updated Employee Attendance, Leave and Welfare Policy, which clearly stipulates the company's leave system and leave application process, so as to provide employees with reasonable working hours and encourage them to balance work and life.

我們持續開展人才引進工作,不僅通過 內部推薦、網站招聘、獵頭推薦、校園 招聘等多種途徑招納中高端人才,同時 還通過與食品院校對口合作,借助學生 畢業設計、實習等環節,促進學生與本 集團間的溝通與了解,助力本集團更精 準地識別人才。目前頤海一線員工僱傭 採用本地為主的原則。在海外管理層方 面,除了對外派遣在國內工廠與銷售營 銷部門有學習與實踐經歷的管理層之 外,本年度我們也在海外直接培養中層 管理人員,並從外部引入經驗豐富的工 廠長負責海外員工管理。未來,我們將 繼續在海外培養本地的管理團隊和管理 能力。

我們對各體系殘障人士用工做了硬性人 數的要求。目前,本集團通過與各運營 場所所在地的殘聯聯繫、註冊「中國殘疾 人就業創業網絡服務平台」的方式招聘殘 障人士。2022年,我們已為4名殘障員 工辦理了入職手續。

員工待遇與福利

本集團遵守國家各地關於最低工資標準 和基本福利的法律法規要求,根據各運 營場所所在地法規為員工依法提供各類 法定福利和其他假期,2022年度我們更 新了考勤、休假及福利相關的制度,明 確規定了公司的假期制度與請假流程, 為員工合理安排工作時間並鼓勵其平衡 工作與生活。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

The Group formulated a fair and transparent remuneration review mechanism. During the Reporting Period, Yihai updated the Remuneration and Performance Management Measures to further refine the remuneration system which is linked to specific business positions, providing competitive compensation packages based on employees' individual capabilities and performance, and motivating employees to work. For marketing system employees, Yihai has formulated the Marketing System Performance Appraisal Process to ensure the standardization and transparency of the performance and compensation system.

The Group provides comprehensive welfare benefits. In addition to the basic Five Social Insurances and Housing Fund for regular employees, we purchase overseas accident insurance and supplement medical insurance for employees working abroad, which is bound by the Yihai Overseas Stationed Personnel Management Regulations. In addition, we provided our employees with benefits including staff dormitories, parental care allowance, child education allowance, commuting allowance, talent allowance, holidays care and so on. Valuing employees' essential needs, the Group offers financial and medical

assistance to needy and sick employees to effectively address their

issues.

During traditional Chinese holidays and some other important holidays, the Group will provide holiday benefits to employees. For example, on Women's Day 2022, the personnel department of Yihai's Shanghai marketing system sent bouquets and holiday wishes to all female employees in the work area, and some departments gave female employees half a day off time. The headquarters personnel department organized a dinner group for employees, so that female employees could feel the warmth of the Group. Besides, the Group organises a series of employee activities, including parent-child companionship activities, sports events, skill contests and amusements to enhance employees' experience of satisfaction and belonging.

本集團制定了公平透明的薪酬考核機 制。報告期間, 頤海更新了《薪酬績效 管理辦法》,進一步細化薪酬制度,並將 薪酬與業務崗位相掛鈎,依據員工個人 能力與表現,提供具有競爭力的薪酬待 遇,激發員工的工作積極性。針對營銷 體系員工,頤海制定了《營銷體系績效考 核流程》,以確保績效與薪酬制度的規範 化與透明化。

本集團為員工制定了全面的福利保障, 除了為正式員工購買基本的五險一金之 外,我們會為海外派遣員工購買出國意 外險及海外醫療補充險,並在《頤海境 外派駐人員管理辦法》中進行了約束。同 時,我們還為員工提供了員工宿舍父母 補貼、子女教育補貼、交通補貼、人才 補貼、節日關懷等福利。本集團關注員 工的切實需求,對於困難員工和患病員 工提供資金幫扶和醫療救助,以解決員 工的現實困難。

在中國傳統節日及一些其他重要節日 中,集團會為員工提供節日福利,例如 在2022年的婦女節當天, 頤海的上海營 銷體系的人事部門為工區的所有女性員 工送上了鮮花與節日祝福,一些部門給 女員工半天假期時間,總部人事部門為 員工組織了聚餐團建,讓女性員工們感 受到公司的溫暖。此外,本集團開展系 列員工活動,包括親子陪伴活動、體育 比賽、技能比拼、文娱活動等,以此提 升員工滿意度和歸屬感。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Case: Ma'anshan-Fun Sports Meeting

In July 2022, the fourth fun sports meeting was held in Fuhai Ma'anshan factory, and all the factory staffs were off on that day. The company prepared a number of fun game sessions as well as generous rewards. The event allowed the employees to enhance the friendship between each other and improve the cohesion of our teams.

案例:馬鞍山工廠 - 趣味運動會

2022年7月,馥海馬鞍山工廠舉辦了第 四屆趣味運動會,當天工廠員工全體放 假。公司在運動會中準備了多項趣味遊 戲環節以及豐厚的獎勵。活動讓員工們 增進了彼此間的友誼,提升了團隊的凝 聚力。





Ma'anshan-Fun Sports Meeting 馬鞍山工廠 - 趣味運動會

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators for Employment

員工僱傭概況

	Year 年度	2022 2022年		2021 2021年	Ę.
Total headcount (Person)	總僱員(人)	2,720		2,499	
By employment type	按僱傭類型分類	0.700	4000/	0.400	4000/
Full-time employee Part-time employee	全職 兼職	2,720 0	100% 0%	2,499 0	100% 0%
By gender	按性别分類				
Male Female	男性 女性	1,515 1,205	55.7% 44.3%	1,386 1,113	55.5% 44.5%
By age group	按年齡分類				
<30 years old	<30歲	990	36.4%	864	34.6%
30-40 (exclusive) years old	30歲-40歲(不含)	975	35.8%	982	39.3%
40-50 (exclusive) years old	40歲-50歲(不含)	578	21.3%	516	20.6%
>=50 years old	>=50歲	177	6.5%	137	5.5%
By region ¹	按地區分類1				
East China	華東地區	1,199	44.1%	1,066	42.7%
Central and South China	中南地區	716	26.3%	591	23.6%
North China	華北地區	443	16.3%	457	18.3%
Northwest China	西北地區	46	1.7%	41	1.7%
Southwest China	西南地區	148	5.4%	206	8.2%
Northeast China	東北地區	23	0.9%	26	1.0%
Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan	港澳台地區	6	0.2%	5	0.2%
Overseas	海外	139	5.1%	17	4.3%

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicate	rs for Employee	Turnover Rate
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員工流失概況

	2022 2022年度	Headcount (Person) 人數(人)	Turnover rate (%)² 離職率(%)²
Total turnover	總流失	1,105	40.6%
By gender	按性别分類		
Male	男性	563	37.2%
Female	女性	542	45.0%
By age group	按年齡分類		
<30 years old	<30歲	535	54.0%
30-40 (exclusive) years old	30歲-40歲	350	35.9%
40-50 (exclusive) years old	40歲-50歲	179	31.0%
>=50 years old	>=50歲	41	23.2%
By region¹	按地區分類¹		
East China	華東地區	523	43.6%
Central and South China	中南地區	298	41.6%
North China	華北地區	182	41.1%
Northwest China	西北地區	18	39.1%
Southwest China	西南地區	1	0.7%
Northeast China	東北地區	4	17.4%
Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan	港澳台地區	1	16.7%
Overseas	海外	78	56.1%

Note:

- East China covers Shanghai, Jiangsu, Zhejiang, Anhui, Fujian, Jiangxi and 1. Shandong.
 - Central and South China covers Henan, Hubei, Hunan, Guangdong, Guangxi and Hainan.
 - North China covers Beijing, Tianjin, Hebei, Shanxi and Inner Mongolia.
 - Northwest China covers Ningxia, Xinjiang, Qinghai, Shaanxi and Gansu.
 - Southwest China covers Chongqing, Sichuan, Guizhou, Yunnan and Tibet.
 - Northeast China covers Liaoning, Jilin and Heilongjiang.
 - Overseas covers areas except for mainland China, Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan.
- Turnover rate = the number of turnovers/the total number of employees Turnover rate by categories = the number of turnovers employed in this category/the total number of employees in this category

華東地區:上海、江蘇、浙江、安徽、 1. 福建、江西、山東

註:

- 中南地區:河南、湖北、湖南、廣東、 廣西、海南
- 華北地區:北京、天津、河北、山西、 內蒙古
- 西北地區:寧夏、新疆、青海、陝西、 甘肅
- 西南地區:重慶、四川、貴州、雲南、 西藏
- 東北地區:遼寧、吉林、黑龍江
- 海外地區:除中國大陸(內地)、港澳台 以外的地區
- 2. 總的離職率=離職人數/員工總數;按 類別劃分的離職率=該類別僱傭的離職 人數/該類別僱員總數

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Health and Safety of Employees

The Group has been tracking and strictly complying with national laws and regulations related to health and safety that have a significant impact on production management and day-to-day operations, including the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases, the Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, Fire Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and the Interim Provisions on Supervision and Administration of Work Safety at Food Production Enterprises, etc. On this basis, and combined with features of our operations, the Group has established a series of safety management policies, including the Safety Inspection Management Policy, the Warning and Informing Policy for Occupational Hazards, the Contractor Safety Management System, Fire Safety Management System, Dust Workplace Safety Management Measures, Environmental Protection, Fire Fighting, Occupational Health and Production Safety Responsibility System, Safety Management Measures for Entering Restricted Space Operations, Safety Management Measures for Temporary Electricity Operations, Safety Instructions for Entering the Factory, Yihai Safety and Environmental Protection Risk Change Management Measures, Yihai Food Safety and Safety and Environmental Protection Management System, to standardise production safety procedures. We have added the Yihai Safety Monitoring Video Management Policy and have installed video monitoring equipment in all factories, to supervise the implementation of safety and environmental protection system in real time and reduce risks of occupational hazardous and production safety accidents. In 2022, the Group had no reported incidents of casualties of employees arising from production and operation nor did it have cases of penalties imposed by relevant authorities due to violation of national laws on working safety and hygiene.

The Group takes a series of measures to ensure the safety of its employees. Relying on the city-level Centres for Disease Control and Prevention, we strictly implement pre-employment, on-the-job and offthe-job physical health examination. In addition, the Group provides the employees involved in occupational health hazard positions (such as dust workshop employees and crushing room employees) with 3M dust-proof cotton face masks, noise-cancelling ear protectors, antismash labour protection shoes, to provide a material basis for their safety and security. Also, we arrange annual medical examinations and purchase employer's liability insurance for them. We attach importance to the mental health of employees, so we invited experts to provide free mental health consultations for employees.

員工健康與安全

本集團持續追蹤並嚴格遵守對生產管理 及日常運營有重大影響的健康安全相關 法律及規例,包括《中華人民共和國勞動 法》、《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》、 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》、《中華人 民共和國消防法》、《食品生產企業安全 生產監督管理暫行規定》等。在此基礎 上,結合業務特點,本集團建立了《安全 檢查管理制度》、《職業危害警示與告知 制度》、《承包商安全管理制度》、《消防 安全管理制度》、《粉塵作業場所安全管 理辦法》、《環保、消防、職業衛生、安 全生產責任制度》、《進入受限空間作業 安全管理辦法》、《臨時用電作業安全管 理辦法》、《入廠安全須知》、《頤海安全 環保風險變更管理辦法》、《頤海食品安 全與安全環保管理制度》等一系列安全管 理制度,規範安全生產作業流程。集團 增設《頤海安全監控視頻管理制度》,並 在所有工廠中都安設了視頻監控設備, 以便實時監督工廠對安全環保制度執行 情況,降低員工遭受職業性危害與生產 安全事故的風險。本年度,本集團未有 員工因生產安全事故而死亡的情況發 生,亦沒有因違反關於勞動安全衛生的 國家法律而受到相關政府部門的處罰。

本集團採取系列措施保障員工安全,集 團依托各地市級疾病預防控制中心嚴格 執行職業健康崗前、崗中和離崗體檢。 此外,我們為涉及職業健康危害崗位的 員工(如粉塵車間員工、粉碎間員工)配 備3M防塵棉口罩、防噪護耳器、防砸傷 的勞保鞋等,為其安全保障提供物質基 礎,安排進行年度體檢,並為其購買僱 主責任險。我們同樣重視員工的心理健 康,聘請專家為員工開展了免費的心理 健康諮詢活動。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Additionally, the Group developed events such as "Safety Promotion Month" and "Safety Knowledge Contest" to publicise the importance of safety production. During the year, we continued to conduct "5S Improvement" and optimised equipment with dust risk to greatly reduce the dust hazard on site and eliminate the risk of dust explosion, so as to ensure the occupational health of employees. Each Yihai factory organizes targeted safety training for the relevant departments every month. The workshop operation specifications, fire safety practice, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation performance (CPR) have been included in the induction training, to enhance the awareness of employees on safety production.

此外,本集團還開展了「安全宣傳月」「安 全知識競賽」等活動,宣傳安全生產的重 要性。本年度,我們持續進行「5S精益改 善1,對存在粉塵風險的設備進行優化改 造, 極大降低了現場的粉塵危害並杜絕 塵爆風險,保證了員工的職業健康。同 時,頤海各個工廠在每個月都會組織相 關部門開展有針對性的安全培訓,包括 安全生產演練培訓、緊急逃生演練以及 消防安全應急演練等等,我們還將規範 化車間操作、消防實操、心臟復蘇現場 演示等內容包含到入職培訓中,以提高 員工的安全生產意識。



Training for Safety Production 安全生產培訓



Fire Drill 消防實操演練

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In 2022, the continuously repeating COVID-19 pandemic has posed a huge threat to the lives and property safety of employees. In order to continue to well prevent and control COVID-19, the Group set up a pandemic prevention and control team, with clearly defined functions of various prevention and control teams at the factory and headquarters. and formulated the Prevention and Control Standards for COVID-19. the Disinfection Standards, and other management and control measures, including pandemic prevention and control into regular management. We have also actively encouraged employees to be vaccinated against COVID-19 and have carried out several pandemic evacuation drills and award-winning question-and-answer (Q&A), which effectively strengthened employees' awareness of pandemic prevention and control.

2022年,不斷反覆的新冠肺炎疫情對員 工的生命安全和財產安全帶來了巨大的 威脅。為繼續做好新冠疫情防控工作, 本集團成立了新冠疫情防控小組,明確 規定工廠和總部的各個防控小組職能, 同時制定了《新冠疫情防控標準》、《消毒 標準》等管控措施,將疫情防控提升為常 態化管理。我們積極鼓勵員工接種新冠 疫苗並多次開展疫情疏散演練和疫情防 控知識有獎問答活動,有效提升了員工 的疫情防控意識。

Key Performance Indicators for Employee Health and Safety¹

員工健康安全概況1

	Programme/Year	2022	2021	2020
	項目/年度	2022年	2021年	2020年
Number of Work-related fatalities (persons) Rate of work-related fatalities (%) Number of Work injuries (persons) Lost days due to work injuries (day)	因工死亡人數(人)	0	0	0
	因工死亡比率(%)	0	0	0
	因工受傷人數(人)	9	7	13
	因工傷損失工作時間(天)	242.5	171	286

Note:

Data of health and safety is based on the information on attendance sheets and statistics of manual recording.

註:

健康與安全數據來源於考勤表及手工台 1. 賬統計。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Satisfaction and Communication of Employees

Yihai attaches importance to listening to every employee's voice and constantly expands the channels of communication with employees to protect their legitimate rights and interests. In 2022, the Group set up the Employee Problem Feedback Management Regulations. which clarified that the administrative group of the headquarters is responsible for collecting employee feedback issues, among which, the general business issues are followed up by the corresponding system leader and major issues are followed up by the headquarters. At the same time, Yihai has published the contact information of the general manager's office on Ding Talk (釘釘), as well as the auditing email and phone number for employees to give feedback on their problems. Meanwhile, we also specify the anonymity protection mechanism for employee feedback to protect employees' personal information.

Yihai values the career satisfaction of the employees and makes it an important indicator in the performance appraisal of the relevant departments of the Group. Yihai has established various channels to collect employees' opinions and actively respond to them. During the Reporting Period, Yihai's General Manager's Office used three main channels to understand employee satisfaction:

- General Manager Assistant: Receive feedback from employees and get their satisfaction with the business by talking to frontline employees during the factory site visits.
- Union President: Receive and coordinate employee feedback issues. In the process of communication with employees, understand the problems of the company's business implementation and system.
- Feedback from Superiors: Obtain employees' satisfaction with positions and personnel arrangements by listening to employees and collecting their feedback in daily business and meetings.

In addition, the Group has also established the Management of Ruling, which stipulates that when an employee faces punishment for violating the company's ban, he or she can challenge it and apply for a ruling, in order to protect the employee's right to appeal. In the past year, Yihai has further refined and standardized the company's reward and punishment system, explaining each specific case of employee violation and specifying the punishment.

員工滿意度與溝通

頤海重視傾聽每一位員工的聲音,並不 斷擴展與員工溝通的渠道,保障員工的 合法權益。2022年,頤海設立了《員工問 題反饋管理辦法》,明確由本集團總部行 政組負責收集員工反饋問題,其中,一 般業務問題由相應體系負責人跟進,重 大問題由總部負責跟進。同時,頤海在 釘釘平台上公布了總經理辦公室的聯繫 方式,以及稽查郵箱和電話,供員工反 饋問題。同時,我們還在辦法中明確了 員工反饋的匿名保護機制,以保護員工 的個人信息。

頤海重視員工的職業滿意度, 並將其作 為公司相關職能部門績效考核的重要 指標。頤海建立了多種渠道收集員工意 見,並積極對其做出回應。報告期間, 頤海的總經辦主要通過三種渠道以了解 員工的滿意度情況:

- 總經理助理:負責接收員工問題反 饋,並且在工廠實地參觀的過程也 會通過與一線員工交談,了解其對 於業務的滿意情況;
- 工會主席:負責接收、協調員工反 饋問題。在與員工的溝通過程中, 了解到公司業務執行和制度可能存 在的問題;
- 上級反饋:員工上級通過在日常業 務與會議中傾聽員工發言、收集員 工反饋,從而獲得員工對於職位以 及人事安排的滿意程度。

此外,頤海還新增了《裁決管理辦法》, 規定了員工在因違反公司禁令而面臨處 罰時,可以對此提出疑問並申請裁決, 以保障員工的申訴權利。在過去的一年 中,頤海在公司獎懲制度方面進一步精 細化、規範化,針對員工違規的每一種 具體情況都能予以相應的説明,並明確 處罰辦法。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Training and Development of Employees

We are committed to forging an ideal career development platform for our employees and cultivating talents in line with our goals and development strategies by establishing branded and professional talent development system. At the same time, we constantly update our internal strategies on talent cultivation, in combination with increasing requirements on the comprehensive quality of employees and the tendency of younger, better educated and more professional business teams. The Group organised various training programs, including orientation for new recruits, food safety training, production safety training, ESG training and fire safety training this year.

The Group further improves the training mode of centralised management, division of labour responsibilities and implementation by levels. In order to enable employees to quickly adapt to the working environment, understand the work requirements and intensify their safety awareness, the Group organises on-site training on corporate regulations, system operation, finance and HR for new recruits, to help employees understand their labour rights and the Group's prohibitions. In addition, each factory requires on-job certification and provides on-the-job skill training for employees. They may obtain an on-job qualification certificate after passing the on-job skill training. This year, the Group provided HR department with targeted external training and organised training related to business management for some senior executives, to improve their management skills and experience.

In 2022, we focused employee training on methodology, i.e. "criticizing, proving, and verifying", and continued to refine this training to guide the work of each department in the Group. In terms of professional training, Yihai focuses on the practicality and relevance of employee training, which is closely related to specific businesses and performanceoriented, with the aim of helping employees achieve their performance goals through efficient training. Most of the training programs are based on practical problems, to meet the needs of employees in specific practices, improve their abilities and help them grow together with the Group. In the coming year, Yihai will focus on building systematic modules for training. For example, we will clarify the specific conditions for promotion in different positions and conduct more precise training based on employees' lacking in the business.

員工培訓與發展

我們致力於成為員工理想的職業發展平 台,通過建立品牌化、專業化的人才 發展體系,培養與集團目標及發展戰略 一致的人才。我們也持續更新內部培養 理念,對從業人員綜合素質要求日益提 高,對業務團隊年輕化、知識化、專業 化的要求不斷提升。本集團本年度組織 了包括新員工入職培訓、食品安全衛生 培訓、生產安全規範培訓、消防安全培 訓、ESG培訓等多種類型的培訓。

頤海進一步完善歸口管理、分工負責、 分級落實的培訓模式。為使員工快速適 應工作環境,理解工作要求,提高自身 安全意識,本集團為新入職的員工統一 組織公司制度、系統操作、財務及人事 現場培訓,幫助員工了解自己的勞動權 益以及公司的禁令規定。此外,頤海的 每個工廠都設置了上崗認證,為員工提 供崗位技能培訓,員工崗位技能培訓合 格後方可取得上崗資格證明。本年度, 頤海為人力資源部門提供了有針對性的 外部培訓,並為部分高管提供工商管理 相關培訓,以提高管理人員的管理水平 和經驗技能。

2022年,頤海將員工培訓的重點放在 方法論層面,即「考證、論證、驗證」, 並持續對此方面培訓進行細化,以此指 導集團各個業務部門工作的開展。在專 業培訓方面,頤海側重員工培訓的實用 性與針對性,將培訓與具體業務緊密相 連,以績效為導向,意在通過高效的培 訓幫助員工達成績效目標。培訓項目大 多基於工作實際問題展開,滿足員工在 具體實踐中能力提升的需求,幫助員工 與企業共同成長。在未來一年中,頤海 將聚焦於搭建公司培訓的系統模塊,例 如在崗位晉升方面,我們會對不同崗位 的晉升具體條件進行明確,並針對員工 在業務中所欠缺的部分開展更加精準化 的培訓。

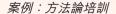
環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Case: Methodological training

Yihai has always believed that good products and good product sales are the lifeblood of the Group, in March 2022, Yihai held a "Lobster to the sea, which fish to compete" event in Changzhou, in which the heads of the pickled fish and cravfish categories were responsible for their products to test, prove, and verify the stage of sharing.

Case: External Training Event

In July 2022, Yihai's HR department participated in the CHRO City Forum (Xiamen) organized by SAP. During the event, we learned about the frontier information of the industry and how to transform to the digital and intelligent management model of the enterprise through technology empowerment.



頤海始終堅信好的產品及好的產品銷售 是公司的命脈。2022年3月,頤海在常 州舉辦了「龍蝦出海,誰魚爭鋒」活動, 其中,酸菜魚及小龍蝦品類負責人分別 對其負責的產品進行了考證、論證、驗 證階段分享。

案例:外部培訓活動

2022年7月,頤海的人力資源部門參加 了思愛普(SAP)組織的CHRO城市論壇 (廈門站)。活動中,我們了解行業前沿 信息,並學習如何通過科技賦能實現企 業的數字化、智能化管理模式轉型。





環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators for Employee Trainings

員工培訓概況

	Year	2022		2021	
	年度	2022年		2021年	
Number of trainees (persons)	培訓人數(人)	2,446		1,021	
By gender	按性别分類				
Male (persons)	男性(人)	1,291	53%	622	60.9%
Female (persons)	女性(人)	1,155	47%	399	39.1%
By employee category	按僱傭類别分類				
Senior management (persons)	高級管理層人員(人)	4	0%	6	0.6%
Middle management (persons) Employees other than senior or	中級管理層人員(人) 非管理層人員(人)	165	7%	47	4.6%
middle management (persons)		2,277	93%	968	94.8%
Total hours of training(hours)	總培訓時長(小時)	46,007		9,633.0	
By gender	按性别分類				
Male (hours)	男性(小時)	23,575	51%	6,040	62.7%
Female (hours)	女性(小時)	22,432	49%	3,593	37.3%
By employee category	按僱傭類别分類				
Senior management (hours)	高級管理層人員(小時)	30	0.1%	41	0.4%
Middle management (hours) Employees other than senior or	中級管理層人員(小時) 非管理層人員(小時)	8,745	19.0%	849.3	8.8%
middle management (hours)		37,232	80.9%	8,742.7	90.8%
Average hours of training(hours)	平均培訓時長(小時)	18.8		9.4	
By gender	按性别分類				
Male (hours)	男性(小時)	18.2		9.7	
Female (hours)	女性(小時)	19.4		9.0	
By employee category	按職能分類				
Senior management (hours)	高級管理層人員(小時)	7.5		6.8	
Middle management (hours) Employees other than senior or	中級管理層人員(小時) 非管理層人員(小時)	53.0		18.1	
middle management (hours)		16.4		9.0	

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

STEADY AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT BASED ON COMPLIANCE

Protection of Information Security

The Group strictly abides by the Cybersecurity Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumers' Rights and Interests, Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China and the requirements of other laws and regulations, and has formulated the Yihai Corporate Confidentiality Policy, which specifies data security measures and supervision methods, as well as corresponding punitive measures in case of any violation, to protect the information of relevant departments and customers, standardise online store accounts and safeguard the Group's rights and interests. For sales by distributors, we fully respect the privacy of customers and strictly protect their information. In terms of online sales, the Group has an increasing requirement for IT with the continuous development of the business, and it also attaches great importance to information and data security, account access and cybersecurity specifications, operation and maintenance procedures and rules and regulations. During the year, we have protected the privacy and security of our customers by cooperating with logistics companies to encrypt user information throughout the process.

Establishment of Brand Image

We continued to strictly adhere to the applicable laws and regulations governing advertising and labelling, such as the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China, the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China and the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China. As a result of the updated Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China further increasing the requirements on e-commerce, we have added the Yihai Company Brand Management System and established a brand management group, aiming to effectively standardize the brand marketing authorization process and maximize control over the legal compliance of promotional literature and media release content for major marketing activities. In the authorization process for new brands, the Group Business Brand Management Department and the Legal Department will review the appearance and packaging, the use of the brand in advertising and marketing content, and the content presented on social media platforms before the products are launched, so as to ensure that the use of the brand logo is compliant and legal and meets the requirements of the Group's strategy. The perfect advertising and logo use management mechanism strongly guarantees the Integrity Marketing of the Group and avoids passing on wrong information to consumers.

合規為基,穩健持續發展

保護信息安全

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國網絡安 全法》、《中華人民共和國消費者權益保 護法》、《中華人民共和國個人信息保護 法》等法律法規的要求,制定了《頤海公 司保密制度》,明確相關保密措施細則及 監察方法, 並對各類違反該保密制度的 行為作出相應的懲處規定,以保護客戶 資料信息、規範管理線上店舗賬號並維 護本集團權益。對於經銷商模式,我們 充分尊重客戶隱私,對客戶信息進行嚴 密保護;對於線上銷售模式, 頤海基於 業務發展不斷提高對IT的要求,對信息 安全和數據安全、賬號權限以及網絡安 全規範、運維操作流程、規章制度高度 重視。本年度,我們通過與物流公司合 作,對用戶信息進行全程加密,保護客 戶的隱私安全。

樹立品牌形象

本集團我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國廣 告法》、《中華人民共和國商標法》和《中 華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》等與廣 告宣傳營銷及標識規範使用相關的法律 法規。由於《中華人民共和國食品安全 法》的更新對於電商的要求進一步提升, 我們新增了《頤海公司品牌管理制度》, 並設立了品牌管理組,旨在有效規範品 牌營銷授權流程,最大程度把控重大市 場活動的宣傳文案和媒體發佈內容的合 法合規性。在新增品牌的授權流程中, 集團業務品牌管理部和法務部會在產品 投放前,依次對其外觀包裝、廣告營銷 內容中的品牌使用情況,以及社交媒體 平台呈現內容進行審核,以確保品牌標 誌的使用行為合規合法且符合本集團策 略要求。完善的廣告宣傳與標識使用管 理機制強有力地保障了本集團的誠信營 銷,避免向消費者傳遞錯誤信息。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

In addition, we have formulated the Emergency Treatment Management Procedures and the Emergency Reporting Management Procedures. which, according to the degree of urgency, classify public events into three levels, namely, blue, orange and red, with corresponding responses. Major emergencies are redefined to standardise reporting and response management thus enhancing the Group's ability to deal with risks. At the same time, through the establishment of a public opinion monitoring and control system, we continuously strengthen public opinion monitoring and control, and gradually improve the Group's emergency response capability.

Protection of Intellectual Property Rights

The Group strictly abides by the Anti-unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, the Patent law of the People's Republic of China, the Copyright Law of the People's Republic of China, the Rules for the Implementation of the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, the Implementing Regulation of the Patent Law of the People's Republic of China and other applicable laws and regulations to establish and maintain intellectual property rights. Also, we have established internal measures and monitoring methods to prevent related infringements, such as the Intellectual Property Management Measures, Yihai Brand Management Regulation and VI Product Manual, and have updated the corresponding penalties for non-compliance at the same time. The above policies regulate the application, use and examination of the company's own brands and authorized trademarks, respectively. We always respect the intellectual property rights of others and actively protect the Group's intellectual property rights, standing firmly against counterfeiting, trademark infringement, malicious competition, and other acts, minimising possible infringement risks of the Group resulting from publishing pictures, texts, videos, and other information in new internet channels, and safeguard the rights and interests of the Group.

Yihai regards patent application as a necessary part of new products. In 2022, we added new pre-cast steps for it such as brand trademark, exterior design, invention patent and utility model design, which better protects our legitimate rights and interests while enriching the Assets of the Group. As of the end of the year, the Group had submitted 19 patent applications and carried out a total of 32 technological innovation projects. There was no litigation relating to intellectual property or brand infringement during the year.

此外,我們制定了《緊急事件處理管理辦 法》及《緊急事件上報管理辦法》,根據緊 急程度將輿情事件劃分為藍色、橙色、 紅色三個等級,並設置了相應的處理辦 法; 並對重大緊急事件重新定義, 對上 報及處理管理進行規範,從而提升企業 應對風險的能力。同時,通過建立健全 輿情監測及防控體系,我們不斷加強輿 情監測及防控工作,逐步提高公司緊急 事件處理能力。

保障知識產權

本集團遵照《中華人民共和國反不正當競 爭法》、《中華人民共和國商標法》、《中 華人民共和國專利法》、《中華人民共和 國著作權法》、《商標法實施細則》、《專 利法實施細則》及相關法律法規,開展 本集團知識產權的建立及維護,並於內 部制定了《知識產權管理辦法》、《頤海公 司品牌管理制度》、《VI產品手冊》等防止 相關侵權的措施與監察方法,並同步更 新了相應的違規懲處辦法。以上制度分 別對公司自有品牌及被授權商標等內容 在申請、使用和審查中進行了規範。我 們始終尊重他人知識產權,堅決抵制假 冒偽劣、商標侵害、惡意競爭等不良行 為,最大程度上規避本集團在各互聯網 新渠道展示的圖片、文字與視頻等信息 可能存在的侵權風險,保障集團權益。

頤海將專利申請作為新品上市前的必要 環節,2022年,我們新增了品牌商標、 外觀設計及發明專利、實用新型專利申 請的前置步驟;在豐富本集團資產的同 時,更好地保護了我們的合法權益。截 至年末,本集團共遞交專利申請19項, 開展技術創新項目32項。本年度,本集 團未有涉及知識產權訴訟或品牌侵權相 關事件的發生。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Persisting in Integrity

The Group strictly abided by the national laws and regulations related to the prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including the Anti-unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China, the Interim Provisions on Banning Commercial Bribery and the Anti-money Laundering Law of the People's Republic of China. We advocate a corporate culture of honesty and integrity, actively create an anti-fraud and anti-corruption corporate cultural environment, regularly assess fraud and corruption risks and establish specific control procedures and mechanisms to reduce the chances of fraud and corruption occurring, and adhere to integrity building.

Anti-Corruption

We identified anti-corruption-related laws and regulations during the Reporting Period and systematically established an anti-corruption management system within the Group. For our directors and all employees, including full-time, part-time and temporary employees, we have established the Code of Discipline for Directors and Employees and the Anti-Code of Discipline for Directors and Employees Money Laundering Management System to regulate the behavior of directors and employees, stipulating that the relevant personnel must strictly comply with the relevant rules and regulations on anti-bribery and fraud when performing any affairs of the Group, and prohibit the solicitation, acceptance or provision of any benefits to others directly or indirectly. During the year, we sorted out the corporate prohibitions against corruption and bribery and updated the Yihai Prohibition Management Measures to further clarify the corresponding penalties and handling process for violation of the prohibitions in the system.

The Group formulates a special audit and internal control audit plan every year, and conducts anti-fraud audit according to the plan and relevant reporting information, covering the main business processes and key areas of concern of the Group. In addition, we also conduct audits on assignment or resignation of personnel in key positions. In 2022, the internal audit department of the Group carried out nearly 20 special audits. Among them, we dealt with more than 10 violations of the personnel and issued circulars and warnings on the cases investigated and handled to protect the interests of the Group.

堅持廉潔建設

本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國反不正 當競爭法》、《關於禁止商業賄賂行為的 暫行規定》、《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》 等與防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢相關 的國家法律法規要求。我們倡導誠信正 直的企業文化,積極營造反舞弊、反貪 腐的企業文化環境,定期評估舞弊、貪 腐風險並建立具體的控制程序和機制, 以降低舞弊、貪腐發生的機會,堅持廉 潔建設。

反貪污

我們在報告期內對反貪污相關法律法規 進行識別,系統化建立起本集團內部的 反貪腐管理制度。我們針對本集團董事 及包括全職、兼職及臨時工在內的全部 員工,制定了《董事及職員紀律守則》、 《反洗錢工作管理制度》等制度用於約束 董事與員工行為,規定相關人員在執行 本集團任何事務時,必須嚴格遵守反賄 胳舞弊的相關制度條例,禁止直接或問 接索取、接受或向他人提供任何利益。 本年度,我們梳理了禁止貪污、收受賄 賂等的公司禁令,更新了《頤海禁令管理 辦法》,進一步在制度中明確違反禁令的 相應處罰措施及處理流程。

本集團每年制定專項審計和內控審計計 劃,並根據該計劃及相關舉報信息進 行反舞弊稽查,範圍覆蓋本集團主要業 務流程和重點關注領域,同時亦會對集 團關鍵崗位人員調動或離職執行離任審 計。2022年,本集團內審部門就禁令開 展了近20次的專項審計。其中,處理違 反禁令人員10餘起,並針對查處的案例 進行通報警示,樹立廉潔和勤勉敬業的 良好風氣,以保障公司利益。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Whistle-blow mechanism

We have a whistle-blowing policy and system in place for our employees and third parties (including customers and suppliers) with whom the Group does business. The Group has established open channels and posted them on company's corporate WeChat platform. OA platform and the Group's official website for receiving internal and external reports on financial, internal control and fraud, ensuring that all reports are received and given adequate attention in a timely manner. Reported issues include, but are not limited to, violations of prohibitions, procurement and sales integrity commitments, disciplinary codes for directors and staff, corruption, and fraud. In 2022, we received 5 complaints, which were handled by the Audit Department in accordance with the Group's system.

Employees can anonymously report any suspected incidents of corruption to company, and it is stipulated that the receiving department will keep the information of the whistle-blower strictly confidential, and the Group strictly prohibits any retaliation against the whistle-blower. We have released the Yihai Employee Problem Feedback Management Measures, which announces the channels for receiving employee problems and the personnel who receive them, and specifies the protection mechanism for employees who file complaints.

Integrity Training

The Group actively organizes the promotion of the integrity system. among which all directors are trained on anti-corruption related systems including the Code of Discipline for Directors and Staff, Conflict of Interest Management System, and Yihai Prohibition Management Measures. For high-risk positions such as procurement and sales promotion, we require employees to sign the "Procurement Integrity Pledge" and the "Sales Promotion Pledge", which stipulate the high pressure lines they are not allowed to touch in the course of their work, effectively restrain and regulate their behavior, and enhance their moral integrity and sense of integrity.

We carried out "sunshine publicity" activities and integrity examinations and sent integrity reminders to our partners on public holidays. By above ways, we have trained and publicized the integrity policy of the group for members of board and employees and important partners, further deepening their understanding of the integrity policy and antifraud requirements of the Group.

舉報機制

我們為員工及與本集團有業務往來的第 三方(包括客戶及供貨商)制定了舉報政 策及體系。本集團設立了公開的渠道, 並在公司企業微信平台、OA平台、集 團官網公布,用於接收關於財務、內部 控制及欺詐等方面的內外部舉報,確保 各項舉報均得到及時的接收和充分的關 注。舉報問題包括但不限於違反禁令、 採購銷售廉潔承諾、董事及職員紀律守 則、貪污腐敗、舞弊等方面。接收到的 舉報將主要由稽查部統一處理,並每半 年向審計委員會做出匯報。2022年,我 們接收到舉報投訴共5起,已經由公司的 稽查部門按照公司制度處理完成。

員工可匿名向公司舉報任何涉嫌貪污事 件,並規定受理部門對舉報人信息進行 嚴格保密,集團嚴禁任何針對舉報人的 打擊報復行為。我們發佈了《頤海員工問 題反饋管理辦法》,公布了員工問題受理 渠道和受理人員,並明確了對投訴員工 的保護機制。

廉潔培訓

本集團積極組織關於廉潔制度的宣導, 其中,對全體董事進行了包括《董事及 職員紀律守則》、《利益衝突管理制度》、 《頤海禁令管理辦法》等反貪污相關制度 的培訓。針對採購、銷售推廣等高風險 崗位,我們要求崗位從業員工簽署《採購 廉潔承諾書》和《銷售推廣承諾書》,規定 其在從業過程中不得觸碰的高壓線,有 效約束並規範其行為,增強道德操守與 廉潔從業意識。

我們開展了陽光宣傳、廉潔制度考試, 並在節假日對合作夥伴進行廉潔提醒, 通過以上方式對董事、員工和重要合作 夥伴進行廉潔政策培訓和宣導,進一步 深化其對本集團廉潔政策和反舞弊要求 的理解。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Supply Chain Anti-Corruption

The Group also values integrity and honesty in external business cooperation. Yihai promotes integrity matters on the spot during the first visit to suppliers. This year, Yihai has set up a whistleblowing mechanism for reporting the integrity situation in the supplier management system to ensure an open and transparent business environment together with suppliers. The key partners, including suppliers and distributors, are required to sign the Letter of Commitment Relating to Supplier Integrity or the Letter of Commitment Relating to Distributor Integrity, prior to officially signing contracts with us. These letters of commitment explicitly express our integrity requirement for suppliers and distributors and inform them of complaints and whistle-blowing channels that aim to prevent possible corruption and fraud to the greatest extent during cooperation. Besides, the Group is entitled to terminate or cease partnership with suppliers, distributors, or other partners under the contracts, if they violate any clause under their commitment to cooperate with integrity, and to hold them liable to any breach of contract pursuant to the liability clause in the contract. The Group also implements a reward incentive system for our partners to promote our partners to disclose any non-compliance, misconduct or fraud perpetuated by any employees of the Group.

Further, During the Reporting Period, the performance indicators related to anti-corruption are as follows:

供應鏈反貪污

本集團亦注重在外部商業合作中的廉潔 與誠信。頤海在對供應商進行首次拜 訪時,就會在現場宣導廉潔事官。本年 度, 頤海在供應商管理系統中設置了廉 潔情況舉報反饋機制,確保與供應商企 業共同建立陽光透明的營商環境。重要 商業合作夥伴在與我們正式簽署合同之 前,首先需簽署廉潔承諾書,例如供應 商需簽訂《供應商廉潔承諾書》、經銷商 需簽訂《經銷商廉潔承諾書》,該廉潔承 諾書向各供應商與經銷商明確表達了本 集團的廉潔要求,並告知其相關投訴和 舉報渠道,以最大程度杜絕在合作過程 中可能出現的貪腐舞弊事件。另外,若 供應商或經銷商等合作方違反廉潔合作 承諾的任一條款,本集團有權按照合同 約定解除合作關係,亦可履行合同中約 定的相應違約責任承擔條款。合作方如 投訴或舉報本集團工作人員有違規、舞 弊等行為,相關情況一經查實,我們將 對該合作夥伴進行相應獎勵。

此外,報告期內,反貪污相關績效指標

Performance Indicators Related to Anti-corruption

反貪污相關績效指標數據

	Description/Year 項目 / 年度	2022 2022年
	——————————————————————————————————————	2022
Number of Concluded Legal Cases Regarding	對本集團及本集團員工提出並已審結	
Corrupt Practices Brought Against the Group and	的貪污訴訟案件的數目(起)	
Its Employees (case)		0
Number of anti-corruption trainings provided to	向董事會提供的反貪污培訓次數(次)	
the Board of Directors (times)		1
Number of Directors Participating in Anti-corruption	參與反貪污培訓的董事人數(人)	
Training (person)		9
Number of anti-corruption trainings provided to	向員工提供的反貪污培訓次數(次)	
employees (times)		1
Number of Employees Participating in Anti-corruption	參與反貪污培訓員工的人數(人)	
Training (person)		2,369
riaming (porcorr)		2,000

In 2022, there were no litigation cases arising from corruption, fraud, extortion, and money laundering raised by the Group or its employees, nor were any major internal control deficiencies identified.

2022年,本集團未發生因集團或集團員 工提出的貪污、欺詐、勒索及洗黑錢等 因素導致的訴訟案件,亦未發現重大內 控缺陷。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

CONTRIBUTION TO THE PUBLIC WELFARE

The Group has constantly carried forward the idea of undertaking social responsibility that provides safe and quality food for the market and customers. We give back to society by fulfilling our social responsibility and actively participating in public welfare undertakings. We take the initiative to understand the needs and expectations of local and neighbouring communities where we operate and encourage the staff to participate in community public welfare activities. The Group also takes concrete actions to ensure that it has taken the interests of local communities into consideration when conducting our business activities. In addition, we are dedicated to promoting common growth of ourselves and communities and to contributing to public welfare.

The Group focused on social pain points and continued to increase input in social public welfare extensively and deeply. We carried out a series of social public welfare activities, with a total investment of over RMB500 thousand.

以愛為名,助力公益事業

本集團不斷傳承優良的社會責任理念, 在為市場和廣大消費者提供安全優質食 品的同時,注重履行企業責任,關注公 益事業,努力回饋社會。我們主動了解 運營所在社區及其周邊的內在需求與期 望,鼓勵員工參與各項社區公益活動, 以實際行動將社區利益與本集團業務共 融,促進企業與社區的共同成長,為公 益事業助力。

本集團關注社會痛點,由廣泛到深入不 斷加大在社會公益方面的投資力度。我 們開展了一系列形式多樣的社會公益活 動,共投入資金折合約人民幣50餘萬元。

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Case:

On September 5, 2022, a 6.8 magnitude earthquake occurred in Luding County, Ganzi Tibetan Autonomous Prefecture, Sichuan Province. Luding County and Shimian County were greatly affected by the earthquake. After the earthquake, Yihai paid great attention to the disaster and started the relief emergency plan, donating 13,500 self-heating hot pots and 20,000 selfheating rice to the earthquake-stricken areas, for the post-quake reconstruction in Luding and resettlement of people in Shimian disaster area.

案例:

2022年9月5日,四川省甘孜藏族 自治州瀘定縣發生6.8級地震,其中 甘孜州瀘定縣、雅安市石棉縣受地 震影響較大。地震發生後,頤海高 度關注災情, 啟動救助應急預案, 向地震災區捐贈13.500份自熱火 鍋、20,000份自熱米飯,用於瀘定 災後重建和雅安石棉災區民眾安置。





Disaster Relief Activities 賑災活動

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

- In March 2022, to support the front-line workers in Ma'anshan to fight the Covid-19, Yihai (Ma'anshan) Food Co., Ltd. donated 9,000 ordinary medical masks, 500 N95 masks, as well as disinfectant, rice and brewing powder and other materials. In the same month, Yihai (Luohe) Food Co., Ltd. donated medical masks, hot pot products, reunion-dinner gift sets and other supplies to Linving County Charity Federation to fight the epidemic.
- On June 1st 2022, Yihai (Kaifeng) Food Co., Ltd. participated in the Children's Day corporate care activities for left-behind children, sending donations to 40 underprivileged children.
- In 2022, Yihai (U.S.) Food Co., Ltd. donated sweet sausages and spicy sausages of Haidilao, Green Pepper & Beef Tallow Hotpot Condiment, Tomato Vegetarian Self-heating Hot Pot Meal, etc. to North Orange County Cross Church, Los Angeles Chinese SDA Church and Food Bank.
- 2022年3月,為支持馬鞍山市抗擊 新冠疫情的一線工作者, 頤海(馬 鞍山)食品有限公司捐贈普通醫用 口罩9.000個、N95口罩500個,以 及消毒液、拌飯和沖泡粉等物資。 同月頤海(漯河)食品有限公司為漯 河市臨潁縣抗擊新冠疫情,向臨潁 縣慈善總會捐贈一次性醫用口罩、 火鍋底料、團圓飯禮盒等物資。
- 2022年6月, 頤海(開封) 食品有限 公司參與了六一兒童節企業關愛留 守兒童的活動,向40名貧困兒童送 出慰問品。
- 2022年, 頤海(美國)食品有限公 司向北橙十字架教會、洛杉磯華人 教會、Food Bank(美國食物賑濟 處),捐贈海底撈甜腸、海底撈辣 腸、青椒牛油火鍋底料、番茄素食 自熱火鍋等。



Fighting COVID-19 Activities 抗疫活動



Caring Donation 愛心捐助

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

APPENDIX: ESG REPORTING GUIDE INDEX TABLE

附錄:《環境、社會及管治報告指引》索

引表

Key Performance Indicators

Correspondent Chapters

指標內容 相關章節

Mandatory Disclosure Requirements

強制披露規定

Governance Structure:

Board Statement

A statement from the board containing the following elements:

- a disclosure of the board's oversight of ESG issues; (i)
- the board's ESG management approach and strategy, including the process used to evaluate, prioritise and manage material ESG-related issues (including risks to the issuer's businesses); and
- how the board reviews progress made against ESG-related goals and targets with an explanation of how they relate to the issuer's businesses.

管治架構:

(i)

董事會聲明

由董事會發出的聲明,當中載有下列內容:

- 披露董事會對環境、社會及管治事宜的監管;
- (ii) 董事會的環境、社會及管治管理方針及策略,包括評估、優次排列及管理重 要的環境、社會及管治相關事宜(包括對發行人業務的風險)的過程;及
- (iii) 董事會如何按環境、社會及管治相關目標檢討進度、並解釋它們如何與發行 人業務有關連。

A description of, or an explanation of, the application of the Reporting Principles (Materiality, Quantitative and Consistency) in the preparation of the ESG report.

About the Report

描述或解釋在編備環境、社會及管治報告時如何應用匯報原則(重要性、量化和一 致性)。

關於本報告

A narrative explaining the reporting boundaries of the ESG report and describing the process used to identify which entities or operations are included in the ESG report. If there is a change in the scope, the issuer should explain the difference and reason for the change.

About the Report

解釋環境、社會及管治報告的匯報範圍,及描述挑選哪些實體或業務納入環境、社 會及管治報告的過程。若匯報範圍有所改變,發行人應解釋不同之處及變動原因。

關於本報告

"Comply or Explain" Provisions

「不遵守就解釋」條文

Environmental

環境範疇

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key 指標	Performance Indicators 內容	Correspondent Chapters 相關章節
A1 A1	Emissions 排放物	
	neral Disclosure rmation on: the policies; and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.	Improvement of Safety and Environmental Protection Management System, Emissions Control
	战披露 關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: 政策;及 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	完善安全環保管理體系、控制污 染排放
	A1.1 The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 績效指標A1.1排放物種類及相關排放數據。	Environmental Performance 環境數據績效表
emi 關鍵	A1.2 Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas ssions and, where appropriate, intensity. 建績效指標A1.2直接(範圍一)及能源間接(範圍二)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算) 如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Performance 環境數據績效表
關鍵	A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity. 建績效指標A1.3所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Performance 環境數據績效表
關鋌	A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity. 建績效指標A1.4所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Performance 環境數據績效表
	A1.5 Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 建績效指標A1.5描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions Control, Environmental Targets 控制污染排放、環境目標
and 關鍵	A1.6 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 建績效指標A1.6描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標 建到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions Control, Environmental Targets 控制污染排放、環境目標

A2 Use of Resources

A2 資源使用

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators 指標內容	Correspondent Chapters 相關章節
General Disclosure Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. Note: Resources may be used in production, in storage, transportation, in buildings, electronic equipment, etc.	Promotion of Energy Conservation and Consumption Reduction
一般披露 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。 註:資源可用於生產、儲存、交通、樓宇、電子設備等。	推進節能降耗
KPI A2.1 Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental Performance
關鍵績效指標A2.1按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以 千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境數據績效表
KPI A2.2 Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Environmental Performance
關鍵績效指標A2.2總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	環境數據績效表
KPI A2.3 Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental Targets
關鍵績效指標A2.3描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境目標
KPI A2.4 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Environmental Performance
關鍵績效指標A2.4描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境數據績效表
KPI A2.5 Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Environmental Performance
關鍵績效指標A2.5製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位 佔量。	環境數據績效表
A3 The Environment and Natural Resources	

A3 環境及天然資源

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	Pollution Emissions Control, Promotion of Energy Conservation and Consumption Reduction
一般披露 減低上市公司對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	控制污染排放、推進節能降耗
KPI A3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	Pollution Emissions Control, Promotion of Energy Conservation and Consumption Reduction
關鍵績效指標A3.1描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	控制污染排放、推進節能降耗
A4 Climate Change	
A4 氣候變化	
General Disclosure Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	Response to Climate Change
一般披露 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	應對氣候變化
KPI A4.1 Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Response to Climate Change
關鍵績效指標A4.1描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	應對氣候變化
B. Social	
B. 社會範疇	

B1 僱傭

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	Employment, Employee Remuneration and Benefits
一般披露 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及 其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	員工僱傭、員工待遇與福利
KPI B1.1 Total employees by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region.	Employee Remuneration and Benefits
關鍵績效指標B1.1按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	員工待遇與福利
KPI B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region.	Employee Remuneration and Benefits
關鍵績效指標B1.2按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	員工待遇與福利
B2 Health and Safety	
B2 健康與安全	

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	Health and Safety of Employees
一般披露 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	員工健康與安全
KPI B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 關鍵績效指標B2.1過去三年 (包括匯報年度) 每年因公亡故的人數及比率。	Health and Safety of Employees 員工健康與安全
KPI B2.2 Lost days due to work injury. 關鍵績效指標B2.2因工傷損失工作日數。	Health and Safety of Employees 員工健康與安全
KPI B2.3 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 關鍵績效指標B2.3描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Health and Safety of Employees 員工健康與安全
B3 Development and Training B3 發展及培訓	

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容 General Disclosure Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. Note: Training refers to vocational training. It may include internal and external courses paid by the employer.	相關章節 Training and Development of Employees
一般披露 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。 註:培訓指職業培訓,可包括由僱主付費的內外部課程。	員工培訓與發展
KPI B3.1 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 關鍵績效指標B3.1按性別及僱員類別 (如高級管理層、中級管理層) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Training and Development of Employees 員工培訓與發展
KPI B3.2 The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 關鍵績效指標B3.2按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Training and Development of Employees
B4 Labour Standards B4 勞工準則	

環境、社會及管治(ESG)報告

Key Performance Indicators Correspondent Chapters 指標內容 相關章節 General Disclosure **Employment** Information on: (a) the policies; and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 一般披露 員工僱傭 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: 政策;及 (a) (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 KPI B4.1 Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child **Employment** and forced labour. 關鍵績效指標B4.1描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。 員工僱傭 KPI B4.2 Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. Employment 關鍵績效指標B4.2描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。 員工僱傭 **Supply Chain Management B5 B**5 供應鏈管理

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Risk-oriented Devotion to Supply Chain System
一般披露 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	風險為尺,深耕供應鏈體系
KPI B5.1 Number of suppliers by geographical region.	Key Performance Indicators for Suppliers
關鍵績效指標B5.1按地區劃分的供應商數目。	供應商數據統計
KPI B5.2 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Strengthen the Construction of Supplier System, Key Performance Indicators for Suppliers
關鍵績效指標B5.2描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察辦法。	夯實供應商體系建設、供應商數 據統計
KPI B5.3 Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Strict Selection Criteria for Suppliers
關鍵績效指標B5.3描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	嚴把供應商准入關口
KPI B5.4 Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Strict Selection Criteria for Suppliers
關鍵績效指標B5.4描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	嚴把供應商准入關口
B6 Product Responsibility	
B6 產品責任	

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labeling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	Focus on Food Safety
一般披露 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	專注食品安全
KPI B6.1 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Focus on Food Safety
關鍵績效指標B6.1已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	專注食品安全
KPI B6.2 Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Protecting customer rights
關鍵績效指標B6.2接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	維護客戶權益
KPI B6.3 Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 關鍵績效指標B6.3描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	Protection of Intellectual Property Rights 保障知識產權
KPI B6.4 Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Promotion of Product Traceability
關鍵績效指標B6.4描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	推動產品全程追溯
KPI B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Protection of Information Security
關鍵績效指標B6.5描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	保護信息安全
B7 Anti-corruption	
B7 反貪污	

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.	Persisting in Integrity
一般披露 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	堅持廉潔建設
KPI B7.1 Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Persisting in Integrity
關鍵績效指標B7.1於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的 數目及訴訟結果。	堅持廉潔建設
KPI B7.2 Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Persisting in Integrity
關鍵績效指標B7.2描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	堅持廉潔建設
KPI B7.3 Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 關鍵績效指標 B7.3描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	Persisting in Integrity 堅持廉潔建設
B8 Community Investment B8 社區投資	

Key Performance Indicators	Correspondent Chapters
指標內容	相關章節
General Disclosure Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Contribution to the Public Welfare
一般披露 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政 策。	以愛為名,助力公益事業
KPI B8.1 Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Contribution to the Public Welfare
關鍵績效指標 B8.1專注貢獻範疇 (如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	以愛為名,助力公益事業
KPI B8.2 Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Contribution to the Public Welfare
關鍵績效指標 B8.2在專注範疇所動用資源 (如金錢或時間)。	以愛為名,助力公益事業

獨立核數師報告

To the Shareholders of Yihai International Holding Ltd. (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Yihai International Holding Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 198 to 312, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

致頤海國際控股有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

頤海國際控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公 司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」) 列載於第198至312頁的綜合財務報表, 包括:

- 於2022年12月31日的綜合資產負
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他 全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動 表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量 表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計 政策及其他解釋信息。

獨立核數師報告

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據《國 際財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了貴 集團於2022年12月31日的綜合財務狀 况及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現 及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條 例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據《國際審計準則》進行審計。 我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報 告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責 任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充 足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據國際會計師職業道德準則理事會頒 佈的《國際會計師職業道德守則(包含 國際獨立性標準)》(以下簡稱「道德守 則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行道 德守則中的其他職業道德責任。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to impairment provision for inventories.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷, 認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為 重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整 體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理 的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意 見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是關 於存貨減值準備。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Impairment provision for inventories 存貨減值準備

Refer to Notes 2.12, 4.1(a) and 11 to the consolidated 請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.12、4.1(a)及11 financial statements

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, where applicable, and impairment provision is recognised to write down the inventories to their net realisable value.

存貨乃按其成本與可變現淨值(即為預估的銷售價格減去 估計完工成本及進行銷售所需估計成本計算)孰低者列 賬,適用時,確認減值準備以將存貨撇減至其可變現淨 值。

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of the Group's inventories was RMB387,484,000 and no provision for impairment of inventories has been recognised.

於2022年12月31日,貴集團存貨的賬面值為人民幣 387,484,000元及並無確認存貨減值準備。

The estimation of impairment provision for inventories involves significant management's judgment and estimates based on the consideration of certain key factors such as aging profile, prior experiences, estimated future selling prices and estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

存貨的減值準備估計涉及管理層重大判斷及估計,該等判 斷及估計需考慮庫齡結構、過往經驗、預估未來售價以及 估計完工成本及進行銷售所需估計成本等若干關鍵因素。

The impairment assessment of inventories is an area of focus for us given the estimation of net realisable value of inventories is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty and the significant amount of the inventory balance.

鑒於存貨可變現淨值的估計受限於估計高度不確定性以及 存貨結額金額龐大,存貨減值評估是我們關注的範疇。

獨立核數師報告

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment provision for inventories 存貨減值準備

to management bias.

Our audit procedures relating to impairment provision for inventories included the following:

我們針對存貨減值準備的審計程式包括以下各項:

我們獲得並了解了貴集團的存貨準備政策。

- We obtained and understood the Group's inventory provision policy.
- We understood and evaluated the relevant management's internal controls and assessment process of net realisable value of inventories and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as

complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility

我們對管理層就存貨可變現淨值採取的相關內部監 控及評估程序進行了解及評估,並通過考慮估計的 不確定程度及其他固有風險因素(例如複雜性、主觀 性、變動及受管理層偏見影響的程度)水平,評估重

大錯誤陳述的固有風險。

- We evaluated, on sample basis, the assumptions in estimating the future selling prices, costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale by reference to historical records and sales transactions after year end.
- 我們參考歷史記錄及年結日後的銷售交易,在抽樣 的基礎上對預估未來售價、估計完工成本及進行銷 售所需估計成本的假設進行了評估。
- We tested, on sample basis, the aging profile of the year end inventories.
- 在抽樣的基礎上,我們對年結日的存貨的庫齡結構 進行了測試。
- We observed the physical conditions of inventories during stocktake to identify if any inventories were slow-moving, damaged or obsolete.
- 我們在存貨盤點期間查看了存貨的物理狀況,以確 定存貨是否出現滯銷、損壞或報廢。

Based on the above, we considered that management's judgement and estimates applied in the assessment of impairment provision for inventories were supportable by the evidence obtained and procedures performed.

基於上述各項,我們認為管理層在評估存貨減值準備時所 作出的判斷及估計有可得的證據及所進行的程序支持。

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in Yihai International Holding Ltd. 2022 Annual Report (the "annual report") other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. We have obtained some of the other information including Management Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. The remaining other information, including the Five-Year Performance Review, Chairman's Statement, Profiles of Directors and Senior Management, Corporate Governance Report, Directors' Report and the Environmental, Social and Governance Report and the other sections to be included in the annual report, is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the remaining other information to be included in the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the Audit Committee of the Company and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信 息包括所有包含在頤海國際控股有限公 司2022年年報(「年報 |) 除綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告外的信息。我們 在本核數師報告日前已取得部分其他信 息包括管理層討論與分析。餘下的其他 信息,包括五年業績回顧、董事長報告 書、董事及高級管理層簡介、企業管治 報告、董事會報告和環境、社會及管治 報告及將包括在年報內的其他部分,將 預期會在本核數師報告日後取得。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們既不也將不對該等其他信 息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們 的責任是閱讀上述的其他信息,在此過 程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報 表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存 在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述 的情況。

基於我們對在本核數師報告日前取得的 其他信息所執行的工作,如果我們認為 其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何 報告。

當我們閱讀該等將包括在年報內餘下的 其他信息後,如果我們認為其中存在重 大錯誤陳述,我們需要將有關事項與貴 公司審計委員會溝通,並考慮我們的法 律權利和義務後採取適當行動。

獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee of the Company is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

貴公司董事及審計委員會就綜合財務報 表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據《國際財務報告準 則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真 實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為 為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的 內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況 下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使 用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他 實際的替代方案。

貴公司審計委員會須負責監督貴集團的 財務報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我 們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向閣下(作 為整體)報告我們的意見,除此之外本報 告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的 內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責 任。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能 保證按照《國際審計準則》進行的審計, 在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。 錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果 合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響 綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表 所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述 可被視作重大。

獨立核數師報告

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

在根據《國際審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對 這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的 審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。 由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄 意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部 控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設 計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰 當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計 憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況 有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導 致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重 大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不 確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中 提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的 相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我 們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所 取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項 或情況可能導致貴集團不能持續經 營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方 式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及 綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和 事項。

獨立核數師報告

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee of the Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee of the Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Wong Cheuk Kay.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證, 以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我 們負責貴集團審計的方向、監督和 執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責 任。

除其他事項外,我們與貴公司審計委員 會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、 重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識 別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向貴公司審計委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業 道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地 被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和 其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以 消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的 防範措施。

從與貴公司審計委員會溝通的事項中, 我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報 表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計 事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事 項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些 事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合 理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的 **自面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決** 定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥 人是黃焯棋。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,2023年3月30日

Consolidated Balance Sheet

綜合資產負債表

As at 31 December 於12月31日

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				於12)	月31日
Non-current assets				2022年 RMB'000	2021年 RMB'000
Non-current assets		No. of the			
Property, plant and equipment					
Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 8 239,270 281,103 11changible assets			7	1 668 759	1 283 259
Intangible assets 無形資產					
Deferred income tax assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Term deposits with initial term over one year Over one year Total non-current assets # 非論				-	
Term deposits with initial term	Deferred income tax assets		10	57,717	45,162
Term deposits with initial term over one year	Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益的金融資產			
Note			16	135,687	114,929
Other non-current assets 其他非流動資產 12 121,492 205,373 Total non-current assets 非流動資產總值 2,439,808 2,610,121 Current assets 流動資產 2,439,808 2,610,121 Current assets 流動資產 11 387,484 395,280 Trade receivables 貿易應收款項 13 155,627 236,522 Other financial assets at am value amortised cost 其他流動資產 14 17,383 17,646 Other current assets 其他流動資產 12 54,224 166,684 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 打力 的容 16 - 5,000 Term deposits with initial term over three months and within one year 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制現金 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制现金 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制现金 15 611,236 204 Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total seets 資產總值 5,551,293 <		初始期限超過一年的定期存款	4.5		000.000
# 正		甘州北流新次文		-	
Current assets	Other non-current assets	共 他非流動質產	12	121,492	205,373
Inventories	Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		2,439,808	2,610,121
Inventories	Current assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Trade receivables			11	387.484	395,280
Other financial assets at amortised cost 技機銷成本計量的 其他金融資產 14 17,383 17,646 Other current assets 其他金融資產 12 54,224 166,684 Financial assets at fair value browners of the Company Non-controlling interests 其他金融資產 12 54,224 166,684 Financial assets at fair value browners of the Company Non-controlling interests 其他金融資產 12 54,224 166,684 Total current assets tributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 有名 Total and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 其股權益 A公司擁有人應估資本及儲備 19 382,959 3,905,586 A,319,872 3,805,586 A,319,872 3,805,586 A,319,872 3,805,586 A,317,49 303,150	Trade receivables			-	
Other current assets 其他流動資產 12 54,224 166,684 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss current deposits with initial term over three months and within one year 16 - 5,000 Term deposits with initial term over three months and within one year 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制現金 15 5,000 - Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 15 1,880,531 1,573,621 Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total assets 資產總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity 權益 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益 of restricted share unit scheme 財行的股份 18 (4) (4) Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應估資本及儲備 4,319,872 3,805,586 Non-controlling interests <td< td=""><td>Other financial assets at</td><td></td><td></td><td>ŕ</td><td></td></td<>	Other financial assets at			ŕ	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 16 - 5,000 Term deposits with initial term over three months and within one year 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制現金 15 5,000 - 204 Restricted cash 受限制現金 15 1,880,531 1,573,621 Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total assets 資產總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #	amortised cost				
through profit or loss Term deposits with initial term over three months and within one year	Other current assets		12	54,224	166,684
Term deposits with initial term over three months and within one year 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制現金 15 5,000 — Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 15 1,880,531 1,573,621 Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total assets 資產總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity 權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 of the Company Share capital 股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) Cher reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Rhare capital Rhare Land Rhare Lan		按公平值計入損益的金融資產			
over three months and within one year 15 611,236 204 Restricted cash 受限制現金 15 5,000 - Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 15 1,880,531 1,573,621 Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total assets 資產總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity 權益 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔權益 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 規令股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備 4,319,872 3,805,586 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150		初始期限超過一個日本	16	-	5,000
### Page 15					
Restricted cash		十以內的定朔行級	15	611 226	204
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 15 1,880,531 1,573,621 Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total assets 資產總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity 權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 68 68 Equity attributable to owners of the Company 股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 放受限制股份單位計劃	-	受限制現金			204
Total current assets 流動資產總值 3,111,485 2,394,957 Total assets 資產總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity 權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 of the Company Both are capital Both ar				-	1,573,621
Total assets 資産總值 5,551,293 5,005,078 Equity 權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益 of the Company Share capital 股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150		·····································			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital 股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) (4) Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150					
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital 股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150	Total assets	貝		5,551,295	5,005,076
of the CompanyShare capital股本176868Shares held for restricted share unit scheme就受限制股份單位計劃 持有的股份18(4)(4)Other reserves Retained earnings其他儲備19382,959558,686Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備 非控股權益4,319,872 	Equity				
Share capital 股本 17 68 68 Shares held for restricted share 就受限制股份單位計劃		本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Shares held for restricted share		80	4-		
unit scheme 持有的股份 18 (4) (4) Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備 4,319,872 3,805,586 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150	·		17	68	68
Other reserves 其他儲備 19 382,959 558,686 Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備 4,319,872 3,805,586 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150			10	(4)	(4)
Retained earnings 保留盈利 3,936,849 3,246,836 Capital and reserves attributable 本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備 4,319,872 3,805,586 Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150					
Capital and reserves attributable 本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備 to owners of the Company			13	,	•
to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 3,805,586	-			-,,- 10	=,= :=,===
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 9 217,149 303,150	Capital and reserves attributable	本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備			
			0		
Total equity 權益總額 4,537,021 4,108,736	ivon-controlling interests		9	217,149	303,150
	Total equity	權益總額		4,537,021	4,108,736

Consolidated Balance Sheet

綜合資產負債表

As at 31 December 於12月31日

			η: 12 F	131 日
		Note	2022	2021
		附註	2022年	2021年
		NO BILL		·
			RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Liabilities	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8	75,730	104,415
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	10	,	
			53,412	36,062
Other non-current liability	其他非流動負債	24	25,297	22,563
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		154,439	163,040
	71 716-27 52 152 1405 457		,	100,010
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	21	396,254	294,260
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	22	203,915	197,197
Contract liabilities	合約負債	23	102,785	108,466
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8	38,577	36,976
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債	0	118,302	96,403
Current income tax habilities	以 知 川 待 饥 只 良		110,302	90,403
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		859,833	733,302
Total liabilities	 負債總額		1,014,272	896,342
•				
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		5,551,293	5,005,078

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合資產負債表應與隨附附註一併 閱讀。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 198 to 312 were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 30 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

第198頁至第312頁的綜合財務報表於 2023年3月30日獲本公司董事會批准, 並由下列董事代為簽署。

GUO QIANG

郭強 Director 董事

SUN SHENGFENG 孫勝峰

Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Year	ended	31 D	ecemb	er
截	至12月	31 H	⊩年度	

			截至12月31日止年度		
		Note 附註	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5 25	6,147,011 (4,293,129)	5,942,617 (4,018,664)	
Gross profit	毛利		1,853,882	1,923,953	
Distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other income and gains – net	經銷開支 行政開支 其他收入及收益淨額	25 25 27	(646,588) (227,796) 138,214	(697,926) (246,663) 167,667	
Operating profit	經營溢利		1,117,712	1,147,031	
Finance income Finance costs	融資收入 融資成本	28 28	30,291 (5,856)	28,605 (5,475)	
Finance income - net	融資收入淨額	28	24,435	23,130	
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		1,142,147	1,170,161	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	29	(326,161)	(312,602)	
Profit for the year	年內溢利		815,986	857,559	
Profit is attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		741,987 73,999	766,201 91,358	
Other comprehensive loss Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss - Currency translation differences	其他全面虧損 <i>可重新分類至損益的項目</i> s 一匯兑差額		(3,138)	(9,413)	
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面虧損 (扣除税項)		(3,138)	(9,413)	
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額		812,848	848,146	
Total comprehensive income attributable to: - Owners of the Company - Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔全面 收入總額: 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		738,849 73,999	757,001 91,145	
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (expressed in RMB cents per share))本公司擁有人 應佔每股盈利 (以每股人民幣分列示)				
– Basic – Diluted	- 基本 - 攤薄	30 30	75.7 75.7	78.2 78.2	

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合損益及其他全面收益表應與隨 附附註一併閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Attributable to owners of the Company	
本公司擁有人應佔	

Part						平公可擁有人應怕				
計畫時報				capital	held for employee share scheme (Note 18)	reserves		Total	controlling	
Balance at 1 January 2021 comprehensive income Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss Currency translation differences # 2021 年 月日 目前 日前				股本 (附註17) RMB'000	就僱員股份 計劃持有 的股份 (附註18) RMB'000	(附註19) RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	權益總額 RMB'000
Profit for the year	Balance at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日結餘		68	(4)	779,046	2,516,148	3,295,258	218,329	3,513,587
Currency translation differences 厘美額	Profit for the year	年內溢利			-		766,201	766,201	91,358	857,559
Transactions with owners		匯兑差額		_	-	(9,200)	_	(9,200)	(213)	(9,413)
In their capacity as owners:	Total comprehensive (loss)/income	全面(虧損)/收入總額		_	_	(9,200)	766,201	757,001	91,145	848,146
interests (Note 9(a)(iv))	in their capacity as owners: Appropriation to statutory reserves	身份)交易: 撥作法定儲備		-	-	35,513	(35,513)			
Balance at 31 December 2021	interests (Note 9(a)(iv))	(附註9(a)(iv))	31	Ī	- -		-		(6,324)	
Year ended 31 December 2022	Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額		-	-	(211,160)	(35,513)	(246,673)	(6,324)	(252,997)
Balance at 1 January 2022 於2022年1月1日結餘 68 (4) 558,686 3,246,836 3,805,586 303,150 4,108,736 Comprehensive income 全面收入 Frofit for the year 年內溢利 - - - - 741,987 741,987 73,999 815,986 Other comprehensive loss 其他全面虧損 - - - (3,138) - (3,138) - (3,138) - (3,138) [Balance at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日結餘		68	(4)	558,686	3,246,836	3,805,586	303,150	4,108,736
Other comprehensive loss Currency translation differences 其他全面虧損 匯兑差額 - - (3,138) - - (3,138) -	Balance at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日結餘		68	(4)	558,686	3,246,836	3,805,586	303,150	4,108,736
Currency translation differences 匯兑差額 - - (3,138) - (3,138) - (3,138) Total comprehensive (loss)/income 全面(虧損)/收入總額 - - (3,138) 741,987 738,849 73,999 812,848 Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: 與擁有人(以彼等之擁有人 身份)交易: - - 51,974 (51,974) -				-	-	-	741,987	741,987	73,999	815,986
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners: 與擁有人(以彼等之擁有人 身份)交易: Appropriation to statutory reserves Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders 場份)交易: Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder 31 (224,563) - (224,563) - (224,563) Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder 9(b) (172,589) Total transactions with owners 與擁有人交易總額				-	-	(3,138)	-	(3,138)	-	(3,138)
in their capacity as owners: 身份)交易: Appropriation to statutory reserves 撥作法定儲備 - - 51,974 (51,974) - - - Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders 31 - - (224,563) - (224,563) - (224,563) Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder 9(b) - - - - - (160,000) (160,000) Total transactions with owners 與擁有人交易總額 - - (172,589) (51,974) (224,563) (160,000) (384,563)	Total comprehensive (loss)/income	全面(虧損)/收入總額		-	-	(3,138)	741,987	738,849	73,999	812,848
Company's shareholders 31 - - (224,563) - (224,563) - (224,563) Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder 9(b) - - - - - - (160,000) (160,000) Total transactions with owners 與擁有人交易總額 - - (172,589) (51,974) (224,563) (160,000) (384,563)	in their capacity as owners: Appropriation to statutory reserves	身份)交易: 撥作法定儲備		-	-	51,974	(51,974)	-	-	-
Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder 向一名非控股股東派付股息 9(b) - - - - - - (160,000) (160,000) Total transactions with owners 與擁有人交易總額 - - (172,589) (51,974) (224,563) (160,000) (384,563)		 	31	_	_	(224.563)	_	(224,563)	_	(224.563)
Total transactions with owners	Dividends paid to a	向一名非控股股東派付股息		_	_	-	_		(160.000)	
		與擁有人交易總額	1.7	_	_	(172,589)	(51,974)	(224,563)		
	Balance at 31 December 2022			68	(4)					

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併 閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year	ended 31	December
截	至12月31	日止年度

			截至12月31日止年度		
		Note 附註	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest received Income tax paid	經營活動所得現金流量 經營所得現金 已收利息 已付所得税	32(a)	1,541,002 30,291 (299,467)	1,158,321 28,605 (357,437)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		1,271,826	829,489	
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of property, plant and equipment Receipt of government grants for capital expenditure Purchases of intangible assets Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	投資活動所得現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備 就資本開銷收取政府補助 購買無形資產 購買按公平值計入損益的金融資產	24	(413,550) 4,000 (3,423) (2,056,084)	(632,031) 23,750 (5,023) (2,128,982)	
Proceeds from disposal of investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Increase in term deposits Decrease in term deposits Increase in restricted cash	出售按公平值計入損益的 金融資產投資所得款項 出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項 定期存款增加 定期存款減少 受限制現金增加	32(b)	2,050,119 1,936 (561,236) 410,204 (5,000)	2,156,775 1,722 (338,267) –	
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(573,034)	(922,056)	
Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid to the Company's shareholders Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder Principal and interest element of lease payments Acquisition of non-controlling interest	融資活動所得現金流量 向本公司股東派付股息 向一名非控股股東派付股息 租賃付款本金及利息 收購非控股權益	31 9(b)	(224,563) (160,000) (32,083)	(243,529) - (46,029) (9,468)	
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(416,646)	(299,026)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 增加/(減少)淨額 年初現金及現金等價物 現金及現金等價物匯率變動的影響	15	282,146 1,573,621 24,764	(391,593) 1,986,929 (21,715)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等價物	15	1,880,531	1,573,621	

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併 閱讀。

綜合財務報表附註

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Yihai International Holding Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the production and sales of hot pot condiment, Chinese-style compound condiment, and convenient ready-to-eat food products in the People's Republic of China.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 18 October 2013 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 31119, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands.

The Company's global offering of its shares (the "Global Offering") on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEx" or the "Stock Exchange") was completed on 13 July 2016.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board of Directors") on 30 March 2023.

1. 一般資料

頤海國際控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)在 中華人民共和國主要從事火鍋調味 料、中式複合調味料及方便速食產 品的生產及銷售。

本公司於2013年10月18日在開曼 群島根據開曼群島1961年第3號 法例第22章公司法(經綜合及修 訂)註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。 本公司的註冊辦事處地址為Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, P.O. Box 31119, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands •

本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「香港聯交所」或「聯交所」) 主板的全球發售(「全球發售」)已於 2016年7月13日完成。

除非另有指明,否則綜合財務報表 以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列。

該等綜合財務報表已於2023年3月 30日獲本公司董事會(「董事會」)批 准刊發。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries.

2.1 Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with IFRS and HKCO

The consolidated financial statements of the Group has been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("HKCO") Cap. 622.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which are measured at fair value.

重大會計政策概要 2.

本附註列出於編製此等綜合財務報 表時採納的重大會計政策清單。除 另有註明外,此等政策於所有列報 年度內貫徹應用。綜合財務報表乃 為本集團(包括本公司及其附屬公 司)編製。

2.1 編製基準

遵守國際財務報告準則 及香港公司條例

本集團的綜合財務報表 已按照所有適用國際財 務報告準則(「國際財務 報告準則 1) 及香港公司 條例(「香港公司條例」) (第622章)的披露規定 編製。

歷史成本法

綜合財務報表已按歷史 成本基準編製,惟若干 按公平值計入損益的金 融資產按公平值計量除 外。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and

> Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

Amendments to IAS 37 Onerous Contracts - Cost of

Fulfilling a Contract

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020

Amendments to IFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The Group did not change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting the above mentioned amended standards or annual improvements.

(iv) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published but are not mandatory for 31 December 2022 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group. These standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the Group in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則

> 本集團已就自2022年1 月1日起的年度報告期間 首次採用下列修訂本:

> 國際會計準 物業、廠房及

則第16號的 設備:作擬定

修訂本 用途前的

所得款項

國際會計準 虧損性合

則第37號的 約-履行合

修訂本 約的成本

對國際財務報告準則2018

年-2020年週期的年度改

國際財務報 概念框架的引

告準則第3 用

號的修訂本

本集團並無因應用上述 經修訂準則或年度改進 而對其會計政策作出改 變或追溯調整。

(iv) 尚未採納的新準則及詮 釋

> 若干新會計準則、會計 準則的修訂及詮釋已頒 佈但並非於2022年12 月31日報告期間強制生 效,亦並無獲本集團提 早採納。該等準則、修 訂或詮釋預期不會對本 集團於本報告期間或未 來報告期間以及對可預 見未來交易產生重大影

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Principles of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group (refer to Note 2.3).

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 合併原則

附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團擁有 控制權的所有實體(包括 結構性實體)。當本集團 透過參與實體業務而享 有或有權取得該實體的 可變回報且有能力透過 其指揮該實體業務的權 力影響該等回報時,則 本集團控制該實體。附 屬公司自控制權轉移至 本集團之日起全部合併 入賬,並自控制終止之 日起取消合併。

本集團採用收購會計法 將業務合併入賬(請參閱 附註2.3)。

集團公司間的公司間交 易、結餘及未變現交易 收益予以對銷。未變現 虧損亦會予以抵銷,除 非有關交易顯示所轉讓 資產的減值證據。附屬 公司的會計政策已按需 要調整,以確保與本集 **團採納的政策貫徹一致。**

業績內的非控股權益及 附屬公司權益分別獨立 呈列於綜合損益及其他 全面收益表、權益變動 表及資產負債表。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.2 Principles of consolidation (Continued)

(ii) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

When the Group ceases to consolidate an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable IFRSs.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 合併原則(續)

所有權權益變動 (ii)

本集團將不導致喪失控 制權的非控股權益交易 視作與本集團權益擁有 人的交易。所有權權益 變動導致控股與非控股 權益賬面值的調整,以 反映其於附屬公司的相 關權益。非控股權益調 整數額與任何已付或已 收代價之間的任何差額 於本公司擁有人應佔權 益中的獨立儲備內確認。

當本集團因喪失控制 權、共同控制權或重大 影響力而停止綜合入賬 一項投資時,於實體的 任何保留權益重新按公 平值計量,而賬面值變 動於損益確認。就其後 入賬列作聯營公司、合 營企業或金融資產的保 留權益而言,該公平值 為初始賬面值。此外, 先前於其他全面收入就 該實體確認的任何金額 按猶如本集團已直接出 售有關資產或負債的方 式入賬。這意味著先前 於其他全面收入確認的 金額重新分類至損益或 轉撥至適用國際財務報 告準則所指明/許可的 另一權益類別內。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.3 Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred.
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business.
- equity interests issued by the Group,
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any noncontrolling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisitionby-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred,
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 業務合併

本集團採用收購會計法將所有 業務合併入賬,而不論收購權 益工具或其他資產。收購附屬 公司的已轉讓代價包括:

- 所轉讓資產的公平值,
- 所收購業務先前擁有人 產生的負債,
- 本集團發行的股權,
- 或然代價安排產生的任 何資產或負債的公平 值,及
- 於附屬公司任何已存在 股權的公平值。

除少數特殊情況外,在業務合 併中所收購的可識別資產、所 承擔的負債及或然負債初步按 收購日期的公平值計量。本集 團按逐項收購基準確認被收購 實體任何非控股權益,以公平 值或以非控股權益應佔被收購 實體可識別資產淨值的比例計

收購相關成本於產生時支銷。

- 所轉讓代價,
- 於被收購實體的任何非 控股權益金額,及
- 於被收購實體的任何過 往股權於收購日期的公 平值

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.3 Business combinations (Continued)

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 業務合併(續)

高於所收購的可識別資產淨值 的公平值時,其差額以商譽列 賬。倘該等金額低於所收購業 務可識別資產淨值的公平值, 其差額將直接在損益內確認為 議價購入。

或然代價分類為權益或金融負 債。分類為金融負債的金額隨 後按公平值重新計量,而公平 值變動則於損益內確認。

如業務合併分階段進行,收購 方之前在被收購方持有的股權 於收購日期的賬面值於收購日 期按公平值重新計量。重新計 量產生的任何收入或虧損於損 益內確認。

2.4 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本扣除 減值入賬。成本包括直接應佔 投資成本。本公司按已收及應 收股息基準將附屬公司的業績 入賬。

倘股息超過附屬公司於股息宣 派期間的全面收入總額或於獨 立財務報表中有關投資的賬面 值超過投資對象的淨資產(包 括商譽)於綜合財務報表中的 賬面值,則於收取該等投資的 股息時,須對附屬公司的投資 進行減值測試。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the management of the Company ("Management") that makes strategic decisions.

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the Company's functional currency and the Company's and Group's presentation currency.

Transactions and balances (ii)

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.5 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要 經營決策者作出內部呈報的方 式貫徹一致。主要經營決策者 負責分配資源及評估經營分部 的表現,並已被認定為本公司 作出戰略決策的管理層(「管理 層 |)。

2.6 外幣換算

功能及呈報貨幣

計入本集團各實體財務 報表的項目均採用該實 體經營所在主要經濟環 境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」) 計量。綜合財務報表以 本公司的功能貨幣及本 公司及本集團的呈報貨 幣人民幣(「人民幣」)呈 列。

交易及結餘

外幣交易均按交易當日 的匯率折算為功能貨 幣。結算該等交易以及 將以外幣計價的貨幣資 產及負債按年終匯率折 算產生的匯兑收入及虧 損一般於損益內確認。 倘其與合資格現金流量 對沖及合資格淨投資對 沖有關或屬於海外業務 淨投資的一部分,則於 權益遞延。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowing are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within 'Finance income - net'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income within 'Other income and gains - net'.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on nonmonetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算(續)

交易及結餘(續)

與借款有關的匯兑收入 及虧損乃於綜合損益及 其他全面收益表「融資收 入淨額」內呈列。所有其 他匯兑收入及虧損乃於 綜合損益及其他全面收 益表「其他收入及收益淨 額|內呈列。

按外幣公平值計量的非 貨幣項目乃按於釐定公 平值當日的匯率換算。 按公平值列賬的資產及 負債的換算差額呈報為 公平值收入或虧損的一 部分。例如,非貨幣資 產及負債(如按公平值計 入損益的權益)的換算差 額,於損益內確認為公 平值收入或虧損的一部 分;而非貨幣資產(如按 公平值計入其他全面收 入的權益)的換算差額, 則於其他全面收入內確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet.
- income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions), and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不 同的海外業務(當中不涉 及嚴重通脹經濟體的貨 幣)的業績及財務狀況按 下列方法換算為呈列貨 幣:

- 每份呈報的資產負 債表內的資產與負 債按該資產負債表 日期的收市匯率換 篁,
- 各損益及其他全面 收益表的收入及開 支按平均匯率換 算(除非該匯率並 非在交易當日的匯 率累計影響的合理 估計內,在此情況 下,收入及開支於 交易日期換算), 及
- 所有由此產生的換 算差額於其他全面 收入確認。

於合併時,換算海外實 體任何投資淨額及借款 以及指定為對沖有關投 資的其他金融工具產生 的匯兑差額均於其他全 面收入確認。當出售海 外業務或償還構成該投 資淨額部分的任何借 款,相關匯兑差額於損 益重新歸類為出售的部 分收入或虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iv) Disposal of foreign operation and partial disposal

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated currency translation differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Freehold land is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost represents consideration paid for the purchase of the land. Freehold land is not subject to depreciation.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算(續)

(iv) 處置海外業務及部分處置

於處置海外業務時(即處 置本集團於海外業務的 全部權益,或處置涉及 失去對一家附屬公司(包 括海外業務)的控制權) 時,所有於本公司擁有 人就該項業務應佔的權 益累計的匯兑差額重新 分類至損益。

對於並不導致本集團喪 失對擁有海外業務的附 屬公司的控制權的部分 處置,本集團在累計匯 兑差額中的比例份額重 新歸屬於非控股權益並 且不在損益中確認。

2.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程 除外)按歷史成本減累計折舊 及減值列賬。歷史成本包括收 購該等項目直接應佔的開支。

永久業權土地按成本減累計減 值虧損(如有)列賬。成本指 購買土地的已付代價。永久業 權土地不計提折舊。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives or, in the case of leasehold improvements, the shorter of lease term and estimated useful lives as follows:

•	Buildings	20 years
•	Machinery	5-10 years
•	Equipment and others	3-5 years
•	Vehicles and furniture	5 years
•	Leasehold improvements	5 years or over lease term,

whichever is shorter

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed. and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.9).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備(*續*)

後續成本只有在該項目很可能 為本集團帶來與之有關的未來 經濟利益,且其成本能可靠計 量時,才計入資產的賬面值 或確認為一項單獨資產(倘適 用)。入賬列作獨立資產的任 何部分被替換時,其賬面值會 終止確認。所有其他維修及保 養費用在其產生的報告期間內 於損益扣除。

折舊以直線法於其估計可使用 年期或(倘為租賃裝修)租期 或估計可使用年期(以較短者 為準)分配其成本(扣除其剩 餘價值),詳情如下:

樓宇 20年 機器 5-10年 設備及其他 3-5年 車輛及家具 5年 租賃裝修 5年或租期 (以較短者 為準)

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期 在各呈報期末進行檢討,及在 適當時調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可 收回金額,其賬面值即時撇減 至可收回金額(附註2.9)。

出售收入及虧損按所得款項與 賬面值的差額釐定,並計入損 益。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Construction-in-progress ("CIP") represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction or pending for installation and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any). Cost includes the costs of construction and acquisition. No provision for depreciation is made on CIP until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are available for use, the costs are transferred to the respective categories of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

2.8 Intangible assets

Trademarks

Acquired trademarks are shown at historical cost. Trademarks are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. They have a finite useful lives of 10 years and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Software (ii)

Acquired computer software are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備(續)

在建工程(「在建工程」)指在 建或正在安裝的建築、廠房及 機器設備,並按成本減累計減 值虧損(如有)列賬。成本包 括建設成本與收購成本。在建 工程不涉及折舊撥備,直至相 關資產建設完成至可使用狀 態。當相關資產達到可使用狀 態時,成本將轉至相應的物 業、廠房及設備類別,並根據 上述政策進行折舊。

2.8 無形資產

商標 (i)

收購的商標按歷史成本 列示。商標按收購日期 的公平值確認。商標具 有10年的有限可使用年 期且隨後按成本減累計 攤銷及減值虧損列賬。

軟件 (ii)

購買的電腦軟件按購買 及投入使用特定軟件所 產生的成本資本化。該 等成本於其估計可使用 年期5年內按直線法進行 攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.10 Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI"), or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 非金融資產減值

資產會於發生事項或情況出現 變化而顯示其賬面值未必能夠 收回時,進行減值測試。減值 虧損按有關資產賬面值超逾其 可收回金額的數額確認。可收 回金額為資產的公平值減出售 成本與使用價值兩者的較高 者。就減值評估而言,資產按 獨立可識別現金流入的最低 分類組合(現金產生單位)分 類,其所產生的現金流入基本 上獨立於其他資產或資產組 別。出現減值的非金融資產 (商譽除外)於各報告期末檢討 是否可能撥回減值。

2.10 投資及其他金融資產

分類

本集團按以下計量類別 將其金融資產分類:

- 隨後按公平值計量 (計入其他全面收 入(「其他全面收 入」)或計入損益) 的金融資產,及
- 按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產。

分類視乎實體管理金融 資產的業務模式及現金 流量的合約條款而定。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Classification (Continued) (i)

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The Group reclassifies financial assets when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

分類(續)

就按公平值計量的資產 而言, 收益及虧損將計 入損益或其他全面收 入。就並未持作買賣 權益工具投資而言,其 將視乎本集團於初步確 認時有否作出不可撤回 的選擇將股本投資按公 平值計入其他全面收入 (「按公平值計入其他全 面收入」)列賬。

本集團當月僅當其管理 該等資產的業務模式變 動時重新分類金融資產。

確認及終止確認

常規購入及出售的金融 資產於交易日(本集團承 諾購入或出售該資產的 日期)確認。於從該等金 融資產收取現金流量的 權利屆滿或已轉讓而本 集團已實質上轉移一切 所有權風險及回報時, 終止確認有關金融資產。

(iii) 計量

初步確認時,本集團按 公平值加(倘並非按公 平值計入損益的金融資 產) 收購金融資產直接應 佔交易成本計量金融資 產。按公平值計入損益 的金融資產的交易成本 於損益支銷。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income and gains-net together with foreign exchange gains and losses.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

在確定具有嵌入衍生工 具的金融資產的現金流 是否僅為支付本金和利 息時,需從金融資產的 整體進行考慮。

債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取 決於本集團管理資產的 業務模式及資產的現金 流量特徵。本集團將債 務工具分為兩個計量類 別:

攤銷成本:就持作 收回合同現金流量 的資產而言,倘有 關資產的現金流量 僅為支付本金及利 息,則按攤銷成本 計量。來自該等金 融資產的利息收入 按實際利率法計入 融資收入。終止確 認產生的任何收益 或虧損連同外匯收 益及虧損於損益直 接確認,並於其他 收入及收益淨額呈 列。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Measurement (Continued) (iii)

Debt instruments (Continued)

FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other income and gains-net in the period in which it arises

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income and gains-net when the Group's right to receive payments is established. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other income and gains-net in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

按公平值計入損 益:不符合攤銷成 本或按公平值計入 其他全面收入標準 的資產按公平值計 入損益計量。其後 按公平值計入損益 計量的債務投資的 收益或虧損於損益 中確認及於其產生 期間在其他收入及 收益淨額以淨值呈 列。

權益工具

本集團隨後就所有股本 投資按公平值計量。當 本集團的管理層已選擇 於其他全面收入呈列股 本投資的公平值收益及 虧損,公平值收益及虧 損於終止確認投資後不 會重新分類至損益。該 等投資的股息於本集團 收取款項的權利確立時 繼續於損益確認為其他 收入及收益淨額。按公 平值計入其他全面收入 計量的股本投資的減值 虧損(及減值虧損撥回) 不會與其他公平值變動 分開呈報。

按公平值計入損益的金 融資產的公平值變動於 綜合損益及其他全面收 益表確認為其他收入及 收益淨額。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Notes 13 and 3.1(b) for further details.

2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Group has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iv) 減值

本集團按前瞻基準評估 與其按攤銷成本列賬的 債務工具相關的預期信 貸虧損。所應用減值方 法視乎信貸風險有否明 顯增加。

就貿易應收款項而言, 本集團採用國際財務報 告準則第9號允許的簡 化方法,規定自初步確 認應收款項起確認整個 存續期內的預期虧損, 詳情請參閱附註13及 3.1(b) °

2.11 抵銷金融工具

當本集團現有法定可強制執行 權力可抵銷已確認金額,且有 意圖按其淨額作結算或同時變 現資產及結算負債時,有關金 融資產與負債可互相抵銷,並 在資產負債表報告其淨值。本 集團亦已訂立不符合抵銷標準 但仍可於某些情況下對銷相關 金額(如歸類為破產或終止合 約)的安排。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.12 Inventories

Raw materials and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated subsequent production costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.13 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30-90 days and therefore are all classified as current.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 13 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and Note 3.1(b) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other shortterm, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.12 存貨

原材料及產成品按成本與可變 現淨值兩者中較低者入賬。成 本包括直接材料、直接勞工以 及適當比例的可變及固定經常 開支(後者按一般運作產能分 配)。成本按加權平均成本分 配至個別存貨項目。購買存貨 的成本乃經扣減回扣及折讓後 釐定。可變現淨值按日常業務 過程中的估計售價減完成估計 其後生產成本及進行銷售所需 估計成本計算。

2.13 貿易應收款項

貿易應收款項為在日常業務渦 程中就銷售的商品而應收客戶 的款項。貿易應收款項一般於 30至90日內進行結算,因此 全部被分類為流動資產。

當貿易應收款項按公平值確認 時,初步按無條件的代價金額 確認,惟彼等包含重大融資部 分除外。本集團持有貿易應收 款項旨在收回合約現金流量, 從而隨後使用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。有關本集團貿易 應收款項的會計處理的進一步 資料請參閱附註13及有關本 集團減值政策的描述請參閱附 註3.1(b)。

2.14 現金及現金等價物

就於現金流量表的呈列而言, 現金及現金等價物包括手頭現 金、金融機構通知存款,以及 其他初始到期期限為三個月或 以下、可即時轉換為已知金額 的現金及價值變動風險微小的 短期高流動性投資。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.15 Share capital and shares held for restricted share unit scheme

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Where any group company purchases the Company's equity instruments, for example as the result of a share buy-back or a share-based payment plan, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the owners of the Company as treasury shares until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such ordinary shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the owners of the Company.

Shares held by the Restricted Share Unit Scheme ("RSU" Scheme) Trustee are disclosed as treasury shares and deducted from contributed equity.

2.16 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30-90 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.15 股本及就受限制股份單位計劃 持有的股份

普通股分類為權益。

倘集團公司購買(例如因股份 購回或以股份為基礎支付計 劃)本公司的權益工具,已付 代價(包括任何直接應佔增支 成本,扣除所得税)從列為庫 存股份的本公司擁有人應佔權 益中扣除,直至股份被註銷或 重新發行為止。倘其後重新發 行該等普通股,則任何已收取 代價(扣除任何直接應佔增支 交易成本及相關所得税影響) 計入本公司擁有人應佔權益。

根據受限制股份單位計劃(「受 限制股份單位」計劃)信託持 有的股份從權益股轉換為庫存 股。

2.16 貿易及其他應付款項

該等款項指於財政年度結束前 向本集團提供商品及服務的尚 未支付負債。該等款項為無抵 押,且通常於確認後30至90 日內支付。除非付款並非於報 告期後12個月內到期,否則 貿易及其他應付款項呈列為流 動負債。其初步按公平值確 認,隨後使用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.17 即期及遞延所得税

本期間的所得税開支或抵免指 就本期間應課税收入按各司法 權區的適用所得税税率支付的 税項(就暫時差額及未動用税 項虧損應佔的遞延所得税資產 及負債變動作出調整)。

即期所得税

即期所得税支出根據本公司及 其附屬公司營運及產生應課税 收入所在的國家於報告期末已 頒佈或實質已頒佈的稅法計 算。管理層就適用税務法規須 作出詮釋的情況定期評估報税 表的狀況,並須在適用情況下 根據預期向税務機關支付的税 款計提撥備。

遞延所得稅

遞延所得税採用負債法就資產 及負債的税基與其在綜合財務 報表中的賬面值之間的暫時差 額計提全額撥備。然而,倘遞 延所得税負債於初步確認商譽 時產生,則不予確認;倘自初 步確認一項交易(業務合併除 外)中的資產或負債而產生的 遞延所得稅於交易時對會計或 應課税損益並不構成影響,則 該遞延所得税亦不會列賬。遞 延所得税乃使用於報告期末已 頒佈或實質已頒佈且預期將於 相關遞延所得税資產變現或遞 延所得税負債結算時適用的税 率(及税法)釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred income tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current income tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred income tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.17 即期及遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得税資產僅於可能獲得 未來應課税款項可動用該等暫 時差額及虧損的情況下予以確 認。

倘本集團能夠控制撥回暫時差 額的時間,且該等差額可能不 會於可見將來撥回,則不會就 海外業務的投資賬面值與稅基 之間的暫時差額確認遞延所得 税負債及資產。

當存在合法可強制執行的權利 將即期所得税資產與負債抵 銷,且遞延所得税結餘涉及同 一税務機關,遞延所得稅資產 與負債互相抵銷。倘實體擁有 合法可強制執行的權利抵銷並 有意以淨額結算或變現資產及 同時償付負債,則即期所得税 資產與税項負債互相抵銷。

除與於其他全面收入或直接於 權益確認的項目有關外,即期 及遞延所得税於損益內確認。 於此情況下,税項亦分別於其 他全面收入或直接於權益確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.18 Employee benefits

Short-term obligations (i)

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits and accumulating sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Pension obligations

In accordance with the rules and regulations in mainland China, the Group has arranged for its mainland China employees to join defined contribution plans, including pension, medical, housing and other welfare benefits, recognised by mainland China government. According to the relevant regulations, the monthly contributions that should be borne by mainland China subsidiaries of the Company are calculated based on percentages of the total salary of employees, subject to a certain ceiling. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independent funds managed by mainland China government.

The Group has no further payment obligations once the above contributions have been paid. The Group's contributions to these plans are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.18 僱員福利

短期責任

預期將於僱員提供相關 服務之期間結束後12個 月內全數清償之工資及 薪金(包括非貨幣福利及 累計病假)負債,就截至 報告期末止之僱員服務 而確認,並按預期於清 償負債時將支付之款項 計量。該等負債於資產 負債表內呈列為即期僱 員福利責任。

退休責任 (ii)

根據中國內地的規則及 法規,本集團已安排中 國內地僱員參與中國內 地政府組織的界定供款 計劃,包括退休、醫 療、住房及其他福利。 根據有關規例,每月供 款應由本公司的中國內 地附屬公司承擔,供款 額按僱員總薪金的百分 比計算,但設有若干上 限。該等計劃的資產與 本集團其他資產分開, 由中國內地政府管理的 獨立基金持有。

本集團於支付上述供款 後不再承擔支付責任。 本集團對上述計劃的供 款於產生時計入損益。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.19 Share-based payments

Share-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via restricted share unit scheme plans. Information relating to the schemes is set out in Note 20. The fair value of the services received in exchange for the grant of the restricted shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the restricted shares granted as at date of grant, including any market performance conditions, excluding the impacts of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions as well as including any non-vesting conditions, when applicable. The total amount expensed is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

For the Company's separate financial statements, fair value of restricted shares granted to its subsidiaries' employees is recognised as increase in investment in subsidiaries and equity.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of restricted shares that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the shares are exercised.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 以股份為基礎的付款

通過受限制股份單位計劃向僱 員提供以股份為基礎的薪酬福 利。有關計劃的資料載於附註 20。為獲授受限制股份而提供 的服務的公平值確認為開支。 將予支銷總額乃參考授出日期 授出受限制股份的公平值釐 定,包括任何市場表現條件, 但不包括任何服務及非市場表 現歸屬條件的影響以及包括任 何非歸屬條件(如適用)。已支 銷總額於歸屬期內確認,期內 所有特定歸屬條件將獲達成。

對於本公司單獨財務報表,授 予附屬公司僱員受限制股份的 公平值確認為對附屬公司的投 資和權益增加。

於各報告期末,本集團會根據 非市場歸屬條件修改其估計預 期將予歸屬的受限制股份數 目,並於損益內確認修改原來 估計數字(如有)的影響,以 及對權益作出的相應調整。

倘股份獲行使,所收取的所得 款項扣除任何直接應佔交易成 本後計入股本(面值)及股份 溢價內。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.20 Revenue recognition

(i) Sale of goods - wholesales

For wholesale business, sales of goods are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contracts, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

No significant element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 30-90 days, which is consistent with market practice.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(ii) Sale of goods - on-line

Revenue from the sale of goods on the internet is recognised at the point that the control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Transactions are settled by credit or payment card or through on-line payment platforms.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.20 收入確認

銷售貨品 - 批發

對於批發業務,當產品 控制權已轉移(即產品 已交付予批發商),批發 商對銷售產品的渠道和 價格擁有完全決定權, 且不存在可能影響批發 商對產品接收的未履行 義務時,本集團即確認 產品銷售收入。當產品 已運至指定地點,過時 和損失風險已轉讓予批 發商,而批發商已根據 銷售合約接收產品,或 本集團有客觀證據顯示 所有接收條款已獲達成 後,交付才算產生。

由於銷售的信貸期為30 至90日,符合市場慣 例,故並不存在重大融 資因素。

當產品交付後,並從那 一刻開始,可以無條件 收到代價(到期付款前的 時間流逝除外),便可確 認為應收款。

銷售貨品 - 線上

互聯網上銷售貨品所得 收益於產品控制權轉移 時(即產品交付客戶及沒 有可能會影響客戶接受 產品的未履行義務)確 認。交易以信用卡或支 付卡或透過線上支付平 台結算。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(Continued)

2.21 Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.21 每股盈利

每股基本盈利 (i)

每股基本盈利,乃按:

- 本公司擁有人應佔 溢利(不包括普通 股以外的服務股權 的任何成本)
- 除以財政年度內發 行在外普通股加權 平均數(就年內已 發行普通股的分紅 因素而調整且不包 括庫存股份)計算。

每股攤薄盈利 (ii)

每股攤薄盈利調整釐定 每股基本盈利所用的數 字,以計及:

- 與具潛在攤薄效應 之普通股有關的利 息及其他融資成 本的除所得税後影 響;及
- 假設所有具潛在攤 薄效應之普通股獲 轉換後,發行在外 額外普通股之加權 平均數。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.22 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

2.22 和賃

重大會計政策概要(續)

在本集團預期可使用和賃資產 之日,租賃應確認為使用權資 產和相應負債。

合約可包含租賃及非租賃部 分。本集團根據其相對獨立的 價格將合約的代價分配至和賃 及非租賃部分。然而,就本集 團作為承租人租賃房地產而 言,其已選擇不區分租賃及非 租賃部分,而是將該等租賃入 賬作為單一租賃部分。

租賃條款按個別基準協商,並 包含多種不同的條款和條件。 除出租人持有租賃資產的抵押 權益外,租賃協議不施加任何 契諾。租賃資產不得用作借款 抵押。

租賃產生的資產和負債在現值 基礎上進行初始計量。租賃負 債包括下列租賃付款額的淨現 值:

- 固定付款額(包括實質固 定付款額),扣除應收的 租賃激勵;
- 取決於指數或比率的可 變租賃付款額;
- 本集團根據餘值擔保預 計應付的金額;
- 購買選擇權的行權價, 前提是本集團合理確定 將行使該選擇權;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額, 前提是租賃期反映出本 集團將行使終止租賃選 擇權。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.22 Leases (Continued)

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received,
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 租賃(續)

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付 的租賃付款亦計入負債計量之 內。

租賃付款額按照租賃內含利率 折現。如果無法確定該利率, 則應採用承和人的增量借款利 率,即個別承租人為在類似經 濟環境下獲得價值相近的資 產,以類似條款和條件借入資 金而必須支付的利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集 事:

- 在可能情況下,使用個 別承租人最近獲得的第 三方融資為出發點作出 調整以反映自獲得第三 方融資以來融資條件的 變動,
- 使用累加法,首先就本 集團所持有租賃的信用 風險(最近並無第三方融 資)調整無風險利率,及
- 進行特定於租約的調 整,例如期限、國家、 貨幣及抵押。

倘個別承租人(通過近期融資 或市場數據)可以隨時觀察到 攤銷貸款利率,而該等承租人 的付款情況與租賃相似,則集 團實體可將該利率作為釐定增 量借款利率的起點。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(Continued)

2.22 Leases (Continued)

Lease payments are allocated between the principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use asset are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straightline basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Shortterm leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

2. 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 租賃(續)

和賃付款額均在相應本金與融 資成本之間分攤。融資成本在 租賃期限內計入損益,以使各 期負債餘額產生的利息率保持 一致。

使用權資產按照成本計量,包 括:

- 租賃負債初始計量金 額;
- 在租賃期開始日或之前 支付的租賃付款額,扣 除收到的租賃激勵;
- 任何初始直接費用; 及
- 復原成本。

使用權資產一般於資產的可使 用年期及租賃期(以較短者為 準)內按直線法予以折舊。倘 本集團合理確定行使購買選擇 權,則使用權資產於相關資產 的可使用年期內予以折舊。

與短期租賃相關的付款按直線 法於損益確認為開支。短期租 賃指租賃期為12個月或以下 的租賃。

綜合財務報表附註

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

2.22 Leases (Continued)

The Group has adopted Amendment to IFRS 16 - Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions retrospectively from 1 January 2020. The amendment provides an optional practical expedient allowing lessees to elect not to assess whether a rent concession related to COVID19 is a lease modification. Lessees adopting this election may account for qualifying rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met: a. the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; b. any reduction in lease payments affects only payments due on or before 30 June 2021; and c. there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group has adopted Amendment to IFRS 16 - Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021, which extended the practical expedient to lease payments that were due on or before 30 June 2022.

The Group has applied the practical expedient to all qualifying COVID-19-related rent concessions.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 租賃(續)

本集團已自2020年1月1日起 追溯採用國際財務報告準則 第16號的修訂本 - 與2019新 型冠狀病毒疫情相關的租金減 免。該修訂本提供一種可選擇 的可行權宜方法,允許承租人 選擇不評估與2019新型冠狀 病毒疫情相關的租金減免是否 為租賃變更。承租人採用該選 擇時可以採用與不作為租賃變 更同等的會計處理方式處理符 合條件的租金減免。該可行權 官方法僅適用於與2019新型 冠狀病毒疫情直接相關的租金 减免, 並且必須滿足以下所有 條件:a. 租賃付款變動導致的 租賃經修訂代價與緊接變動前 的租賃代價大致相同或低於有 關代價; b. 租賃付款的任何 減幅僅影響原到期日為2021 年6月30日或之前的付款;及 c. 租賃的其他條款及條件並無 實質變動。

本集團已採用國際財務報告準 則第16號的修訂本-2021年 6月30日後與2019新型冠狀病 毒疫情相關的租金減免,將可 行權宜方法擴展至2022年6月 30日或之前到期的租賃付款。

本集團已將可行權宜方法應用 於所有符合條件的與2019新 型冠狀病毒疫情相關的租金減 免。

本集團作為出租人的經營租賃 的租賃收入按直線法於租賃期 內確認為收入。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

(Continued)

2.23 Dividends distribution

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

2.24 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

2.25 Interest income

Interest income from financial assets at FVPL is included as part of the net fair value gains/(losses) on these assets, see note 27 below. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as part of other income and gains-net.

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes, see Note 28 below. Any other interest income is included in other income and gains-net.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.23 股息分派

就於報告期末或之前已宣派但 於報告期末並未分派的任何股 息金額(已經適當授權及不再 由實體酌情決定)作出撥備。

2.24 政府補助

當能夠合理地保證補助將可收 取及本集團將符合所有附帶條 件時,按公平值確認政府補 助。

與成本有關的政府補助遞延入 賬,並於需要匹配擬補償的相 關成本期間在損益確認。

與購買物業、廠房及設備有關 的政府補助列入非流動負債作 為遞延收入,並於有關資產的 預計年期以直線法計入損益。

2.25 利息收入

按公平值計入損益的金融資產 所得利息收入計為該等資產公 平值收益/(虧損)淨額的一 部分,見下文附註27。採用 實際利率法計算的按攤銷成本 計量的金融資產之利息收入, 作為其他收入及收益淨額的一 部分於綜合損益及其他全面收 益表確認。

利息收入呈列為持作現金管理 用途的金融資產所賺取的融資 收入,請參閱下文附註28。 任何其他利息收入計入其他收 入及收益淨額。

綜合財務報表附註

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

重大會計政策概要(續)

(Continued)

2.25 Interest income (Continued)

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become creditimpaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial assets (after deduction of the loss allowance).

2.25 利息收入(續)

利息收入是用實際利率乘以金 融資產賬面總額計算得出,惟 後續發生信貸減值的金融資產 除外。就信貸減值的金融資產 而言,其利息收入是用實際利 率乘以金融資產賬面淨額(經 扣除虧損撥備)得出。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3.

This note explains the Group's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Group's future financial performance. Current year profit and loss information has been included where relevant to add further context.

財務風險管理 3.

附註闡述本集團面臨的財務風險及 該等風險對本集團未來財務表現的 影響。倘與增加額外內容有關,則 載入本年度溢利及虧損資料。

Risk 風險	Exposure arising from 風險產生原因	Measurement 計量
Market risk – foreign exchange	Financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency different from the functional currency.	Cash flow forecasting sensitivity analysis
市場風險-外匯	以不同於其功能貨幣的外幣計值的金融資產及負債。	現金流量預測 敏感性分析
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, trade receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost.	Aging analysis Credit limits
信用風險	現金及現金等價物、定期存款、貿易應收款項及 按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產。	賬齡分析 信用限額
Liquidity risk 流動資金風險	Trade payable and other liabilities 貿易應付款項及其他負債	Rolling cash flow forecasts 滾動現金流量預測

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk, primarily the US\$ and HK\$. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities and net investments denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the relevant Group entity. The risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable RMB/US\$ and RMB/HK\$ expenditures. The Group did not enter into any forward contract to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Exposure

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in RMB, was as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本集團在國際上經 營業務及面臨主要 由於美元及港元產 生的外匯風險。外 匯風險來自以非相 關集團實體的功能 貨幣的貨幣計值的 已確認資產及負債 以及投資淨額。風 險透過對極可能美 元兑人民幣及港元 兑人民幣支出的預 測而計量。於截至 2022年及2021年 12月31日止年度, 本集團並未訂立任 何遠期合約對沖其 外匯風險敞口。

風險敞口

本集團於報告期末 以人民幣列示的外 匯風險敞口如下:

		31 Decen 2022年1	nber 2022 2月31日	31 December 2021 2021年12月31日		
		US\$ 美元 RMB'000 人民幣千元	HK\$ 港元 RMB'000 人民幣千元	US\$ 美元 RMB'000 人民幣千元	HK\$ 港元 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Cash and bank deposits Term deposits Financial assets at fair value through profit	現金及銀行存款 定期存款 按公平值計入損益 的金融資產	405,774 561,236	64,074 -	276,379 -	47,103 -	
or loss Trade receivables and	貿易應收款項及	22,266	-	32,692	-	
other assets Trade payables, other payables and accruals and	其他資產 貿易應付款項、 其他應付款項及 應計費用以及	1,702	212	5,557	245	
contract liabilities	合約負債	(3,382)	(1,674)	(1,765)	(311)	

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- Market risk (Continued)
 - Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

Sensitivity

As shown in the table above, the Group is primarily exposed to changes in RMB/US\$ and RMB/HK\$ exchange rates. The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises in US\$ and HK\$ in the Company and its mainland China subsidiaries, the functional currency of which are RMB.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
 - 外匯風險(續) (i)

敏感度

如上表所示,本集 團主要承受美元兑 人民幣以及港元兑 人民幣匯率的變動 風險。本公司及其 中國內地附屬公司 以人民幣為功能貨 幣,其損益對匯率 變動的敏感度源於 美元及港元。

Impact on post tax profit 對稅後溢利的影響

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元_
RMB/US\$ exchange rate -	美元兑人民幣匯率 -		
increase 10%	上升10%	74,070	23,465
RMB/US\$ exchange rate -	美元兑人民幣匯率-		
decrease 10%	下降10%	(74,070)	(23,465)
RMB/HK\$ exchange rate -	港元兑人民幣匯率-		
increase 10%	上升10%	4,696	3,528
RMB/HK\$ exchange rate -	港元兑人民幣匯率-		
decrease 10%	下降10%	(4,696)	(3,528)

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Credit risk (b)

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, trade receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost.

(i) Risk management

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily in relation to its bank balances, trade receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost.

The carrying amounts of each class of the above financial assets represent the Group's maximum exposures to credit risk in relation to financial assets. To manage this risk arising from bank balances, the Group only transacts with stateowned financial institutions and reputable commercial banks which are all high-credit quality financial institutions. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

信用風險 (b)

信用風險產生自現金及 現金等價物、定期存 款、貿易應收款項及按 攤銷成本計量的其他金 融資產。

風險管理 (i)

本集團面對主要與 銀行結餘、貿易應 收款項及按攤銷成 本計量的其他金融 資產有關的信用風 險。

上述各類金融資產 的賬面值為本集團 所面對與金融資 產有關的最大信用 風險。為管理由銀 行結餘所引起的風 險,本集團僅與國 有金融機構及信譽 良好的商業銀行 (均為高信用質量 金融機構)交易。 近期並無與該等金 融機構有關的違約 記錄。

綜合財務報表附註

- 3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - Credit risk (Continued)
 - Risk management (Continued)

Trade receivables at the end of each reporting period were mainly due from Haidilao International Holding Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Haidilao Group") and the distributors in cooperation with the Group. As at 31 December 2022, the amounts due from Haidilao Group represented approximately 96% of total trade receivables of the Group. The management of the Group believes the credit risk on amounts due from related parties is limited because they continuously monitor the credit quality and financial conditions of the related parties. Aging analysis of the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Note 13. The directors of the Company believe that the credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding trade receivables balances due from the distributors is low.

- 3. 財務風險管理(續)
 - 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信用風險(續)
 - 風險管理(續)

各報告期末的貿易 應收款項主要為應 收海底撈國際控股 有限公司及其附屬 公司(「海底撈集 團」)及與本集團 合作的經銷商的款 項。於2022年12 月31日,應收海底 撈集團的款項佔本 集團貿易應收款項 總額的約96%。本 集團管理層認為, 應收關聯方款項的 信用風險有限,因 為彼等持續監察關 聯方的信用質量及 財務狀況。對本集 團貿易應收款項的 賬齡分析於附註 13中披露。本公司 董事認為本集團應 收經銷商的未收取 貿易應收款項結餘 固有的信用風險較 低。

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- Credit risk (Continued)
 - Risk management (Continued)

For other financial assets at amortised cost. management makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other financial assets at amortised cost based on historical settlement records and past experience. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forwardlooking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The directors of the Company believe that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balance of other financial assets at amortised cost.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has two types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model.

- trade receivables, and
- other financial assets at amortised cost

While cash and cash equivalents and term deposits are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 信用風險(續) (b)
 - 風險管理(續)

就按攤銷成本計量 的其他金融資產而 言,管理層根據過 往結算記錄及過往 經驗對按攤銷成本 計量的其他金融資 產的可收回性定期 進行整體及個別評 估。歷史虧損率予 以調整以反映影響 客戶結算應收款項 能力的宏觀經濟因 素的現有及前瞻性 資料。本公司董事 認為本集團按攤銷 成本計量的其他金 融資產的未結餘額 並無重大固有信用 風險。

(ii) 金融資產減值

本集團擁有兩類金 融資產需採用預期 信貸虧損模型。

- 貿易應收款 項,及
- 按攤銷成本 計量的其他 金融資產

雖然現金及現金等 價物以及定期存款 亦須遵守國際財務 報告準則第9號的 減值規定,但已識 別到的減值虧損並 不重大。

綜合財務報表附註

- 3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Trade receivables

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 12 months before 31 December 2022 or 1 January 2022 respectively and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

- 3. 財務風險管理(續)
 - 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - 信用風險(續) (b)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

貿易應收款項

本集團採用國際財 務報告準則第9號 簡化法計量預期信 貸虧損,就所有貿 易應收款項採用整 個存續期預期虧損 撥備。

為計算預期信貸虧 損,已根據共有信 用風險特徵及到期 日將貿易應收款項 分組。

預期虧損率乃分別 基於2022年12月 31日或2022年1月 1日之前12個月期 間的銷售付款情況 及該期間內所錄得 之相應過往信貸虧 損。過往虧損率已 經調整以反映影響 客戶結清應收款項 能力的宏觀經濟因 素的現時及前瞻性 資料。

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

On that basis, the loss allowance as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 was determined as follows for trade receivables:

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信用風險(續)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

按該基準計算,貿易 應收款項於2022年 及2021年12月31 日的虧損撥備釐定 如下:

			More than	More than	
			30 days	90 days	
		Current	past due	past due	Total
			逾期超過	逾期超過	
31 December 2022	2022年12月31日	即期	30日	90日	總計
Expected loss rate Gross carrying amount	預期虧損率 總賬面值	0.12%	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
 trade receivables 	- 貿易應收款項	155,815	_	_	155,815
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	188	-	_	188
			More than	More than	
			30 days	90 days	
		Current	past due	past due	Total
			逾期超過	逾期超過	
31 December 2021	2021年12月31日	即期	30日	90日	總計
Expected loss rate Gross carrying amount	預期虧損率 總賬面值	0.09%	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	
- trade receivables	- 貿易應收款項	236,732	_	_	236,732
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	210	_	_	210
2000 4110 1141100	(E) 15<110	210			210

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Movements in the loss allowances for trade receivables are as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信用風險(續)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

貿易應收款項的虧 損撥備變動如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 1 January 於1月1日 Net (reversal)/provision of 年內減值虧損	210	67
impairment losses for the (撥回)/撥備		
year	(22)	143
As at 31 December 於12月31日	188	210

The creation and release of provision for impaired receivables have been included in 'Administrative expenses' in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 180 days past due.

已減值應收款項撥 備增設及解除已計 入綜合損益及其他 全面收益表的「行 政開支」內。

倘無合理預期可收 回貿易應收款項, 則予撇銷。無合理 預期收回的指標包 括(其中包括)債務 人未能參予本集團 的還款計劃及未能 就逾期超過180日 的賬款作出合約付 款。

綜合財務報表附註

- 3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost mainly include deposits for utilities and leases and other receivables. The management of the Group makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables based on historical settlement records and past experiences. The Group measures credit risk using Probability of Default ("PD"), Exposure at Default ("EAD") and Loss Given Default ("LGD").

Other receivables that are not creditimpaired on initial recognition are classified in 'Stage 1' and have their credit risk continuously monitored by the Group. The expected credit loss is measured on a 12-month basis.

- 3. 財務風險管理(續)
 - 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - 信用風險(續) (b)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本計量的 其他金融資產

按攤銷成本計量的 其他金融資產主要 包括公用事業存 款、租賃及其他應 收款項。本集團管 理層根據過往結算 記錄及過往經驗, 定期對其他應收款 項的可收回性進行 集體評估及個別評 估。本集團利用違 約概率(「違約概 率」)、違約風險敞 口(「違約風險敞 口」)及違約虧損率 (「違約虧損率」)計 量信用風險。

於初始確認 時並無信貸 減值的其他 應收款項分 類為「第一階 段 |, 並由本 集團持續監 控其信貸風 險。預期信 貸虧損按12 個月基準計 量。

綜合財務報表附註

- 3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
 - (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

If a significant increase in credit risk (specifically, when the debtor is more than 1 day past due on its contractual payments) since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to 'Stage 2' but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. The expected credit loss is measured on lifetime basis.

If the financial instrument is credit-impaired (specifically, when the debtor is more than 90 days past due on its contractual payments), the financial instrument is then moved to 'Stage 3'. The expected credit loss is measured on lifetime basis.

- 3. 財務風險管理(續)
 - 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信用風險(續)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本計量的 其他金融資產(續)

- 倘從初始確 認起信貸風 險顯著增加 (尤其是當債 務人的合同 付款逾期超 過1天時), 財務工具將 轉移至「第二 階段」,惟尚 未視為信貸 減值。預期 信貸虧損按 存續期基準 計量。
- 倘財務工具 出現信貸減 值(尤其是 當債務人的 合同付款逾 期超過90天 時),財務 工具將轉移 至「第三階 段一。預期信 貸虧損按存 續期基準計 量。

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit risk (Continued)
 - Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

In view of the history of cooperation with the debtors and collection from them, the management of the Group believes that all of the Group's other receivables are classified in Stage 1 as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, and the credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding other receivables is not significant.

Net impairment losses on financial assets recognised in profit or loss

During the year, the following losses were recognised in profit or loss in relation to impaired financial assets:

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 信用風險(續)
 - (ii) 金融資產減值(續)

按攤銷成本計量的 其他金融資產(續)

鑒於本集團與該等 債務人合作及向其 收款的歷史,本集 團管理層認為,於 2022年及2021年 12月31日,本集 團所有其他應收款 項應分類為第一階 段,且本集團的未 清償其他應收款項 的固有信用風險並 不重大。

在損益確認的金融 資產的減值虧損淨

年內,下列虧損就 已減值金融資產於 損益中確認:

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Impairment losses Net (reversal)/provision of impairment losses on	減值虧損 貿易應收款項減值虧損 (撥回)/撥備淨額		
trade receivables Net (reversal)/provision of impairment losses on other financial assets at	按攤銷成本計量的其他 金融資產的減值虧損 (撥回)/撥備淨額	(22)	143
amortised cost		(3)	106
Net (reversal)/provision of impairment losses on	金融資產的減值虧損 (撥回)/撥備淨額		
financial assets		(25)	249

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group has significant cash and bank balances, investments in wealth management products and term deposits and liquidity risk is considered to be minimal. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Group's finance department maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flow forecasting is performed by the finance department of the Group. The Group's finance department monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs as well as the liabilities to other parties.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

流動資金風險

本集團有大量現金及銀 行結餘、理財產品投資 及定期存款,流動資金 風險被視為極微。由於 相關業務屬動態性質, 本集團的財務部持有充 足的現金及現金等價物 從而維持資金方面的靈 活性。

現金流量預測乃由本集 團財務部作出。本集團 財務部監控對本集團流 動資金需求的滾動預測 以確保持有充足現金滿 足營運需求及對其他方 的負債。

下表載列本集團的金融 負債按照由資產負債表 日期至合約到期日的餘 下期間分成相關的到期 組別進行的分析。表內 所披露金額為合約未貼 現現金流量。

						Total	Carrying
		Less than	Between	Between	Over	contractual	amount
		1 year	1 and 2 years	2 and 5 years	5 years	cash flows 合約現金	liabilities
		少於1年	1至2年	2至5年	超過5年	流量合計	負債賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日						
Trade payables (Note 21)	貿易應付款項(附註21)	396,254	-	_	_	396,254	396,254
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	82,188	-	_	_	82,188	82,188
Lease liabilities (Note 8)	租賃負債(附註8)	40,888	15,369	35,787	29,737	121,781	114,307
Total	總計	519,330	15,369	35,787	29,737	600,223	592,749
As at 31 December 2021	於 2021 年12月31日			'			
Trade payables (Note 21)	貿易應付款項(附註21)	294,260	_	_	_	294,260	294,260
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	69,257	_	_	_	69,257	69,257
Lease liabilities (Note 8)	租賃負債(附註8)	39,515	30,995	42,601	41,862	154,973	141,391
Total	總計	403,032	30,995	42,601	41,862	518,490	504,908

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.2 Capital management

Risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to

- safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, or return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

As the Group has no external borrowing in 2022 and 2021, the directors of the Company consider that the capital risk is low.

3.3 Fair value estimation

Financial assets and liabilities

(a) Fair value hierarchy

> This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本管理

風險管理 (a)

本集團的資本管理目標為

- 保障本集團的持續 運營,以繼續為股 東提供回報及為其 他股權持有人帶來 利益,及
- 保持最優資本架構 以降低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架 構,本集團可調整分派 予股東的股息金額,或 向股東返還資本、發行 新股或出售資產以減少 債務。

由於本集團於2022年及 2021年並無向外借款, 本公司董事認為資本風 險較低。

3.3 公平值估計

金融資產及負債

公平值層級 (a)

> 本節説明於釐定綜合財 務報表內按公平值確認 及計量的金融工具公平 值時作出的判斷及估 計。為得出釐定公平值 所用輸入數據的可信程 度指標,本集團根據會 計準則將其金融工具分 為三層。各層級的説明 如下表所示。

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

金融資產及負債(續)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

(a) 公平值層級(續)

At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	Note 附註	Level 1 第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)	金融資產 按公平值計入損益 (按公平值計入損益) 的金融資產	16				
Private equity fund investmentsUnlisted equity securities	- 私募股權基金投資 - 非上市股本證券		-	-	42,187	42,187
(Note 3.3(d)(ii)) – Unlisted investment in AFTP (i)	(附註3.3(d)(ii)) - 於集合資金信託計		-	-	69,434	69,434
	劃的非上市投資(i)		-	24,066	_	24,066
Total	總計		-	24,066	111,621	135,687
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	Note 附註	Level 1 第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 2 第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Level 3 第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)	金融資產 按公平值計入損益 (按公平值計入 損益)的金融資產	16				
Private equity fund investmentsUnlisted equity securities	- 私募股權基金投資 - 非上市股本證券	10	-	-	32,692	32,692
(Note 3.3(d)(ii)) – Unlisted investment in AFTP (i)	(附註3.3(d)(ii)) - 於集合資金信託計		-	-	60,033	60,033
- Wealth management products	劃的非上市投資(i) -理財產品		-	22,204	-	22,204
("WMPs")	(「理財產品」)		_	_	5,000	5,000
Total	總計		_	22,204	97,725	119,929

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

- Fair value hierarchy (Continued)
 - As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value using level 2 inputs represent investment in an assemble fund trust plan (the "AFTP") that are redeemable on demand and with quoted net worth (i.e. the unit return) published by the trust company on a weekly basis. Although the quoted net worth of the AFTP is considered observable, it is included in level 2 as such AFTP is not traded in an active market.

There were no transfers between each level for recurring fair value measurement during the year.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

公平值層級(續)

於2022年及2021 年12月31日,本 集團採用第二層輸 入數據按公平值計 量的金融資產為對 集合資金信託計劃 (「集合資金信託計 劃」)的投資,可按 要求贖回,並由信 託公司每週發佈淨 值報價(即單位回 報)。儘管集合資 金信託計劃的淨值 報價被認為是可觀 察的,但由於該集 合資金信託計劃未 有在活躍市場上交 易,其被計入第二 層。

年內經常性公平值計量 各層級之間並無轉移。

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

(a) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

> The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

> Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

> Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

公平值層級(續) (a)

> 本集團政策為確認於報 告期末公平值層級的轉 入及轉出。

> 第一層:對於在市場上 交易活躍的金 融工具(如公 開買賣的衍生 工具與股本證 券),其公平值 乃根據於報告 期末市場報價 而計算。本集 團持有的金融 資產所用市場 報價為即期市 值報價。該等 工具計入第一 層。

> 第二層:對於未有在活 躍市場上交易 的金融工具 (如場外衍生工 具),其公平值 乃使用估值技 術而釐定。該 等估值技術盡 量使用可觀察 市場數據並極 少依賴針對實 體的估計。倘 工具公平值所 需的所有重大 輸入數據可觀 察,則該工具 計入第二層。

綜合財務報表附註

- FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

- Fair value hierarchy (Continued)
 - Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for private equity fund investments, unlisted equity securities, and wealth management products.

- 財務風險管理(續) 3.
 - 3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

公平值層級(續)

第三層:倘一項或多項 重大輸入數據 並非基於可觀 察市場數據, 則該工具計入 第三層。私募 股權基金投 資、非上市股 本證券及理財 產品即屬此種 情況。

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 items for the periods ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021:

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

(b) 公平值計量使用重大不 可觀察輸入數據(第三 層)

> 下表呈列截至2022年12 月31日及2021年12月 31日止期間第三層工具 的變動:

		Private equity fund investments 私募股權	Unlisted equity securities 非上市	Wealth management products	Total
		基金投資 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股本證券 RMB'000 人民幣千元	理財產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Opening balance as at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日的				
	年初結餘	19,576	23,088	-	42,664
Acquisitions	購買	69,112	-	2,059,870	2,128,982
Disposals (including realised gains	出售(包括於損益確認的				
recognised in profit or loss)	已變現收益)	(70,674)	-	(2,066,742)	(2,137,416)
Gains recognised in other income and	於其他收入及收益淨額				
gains – net *	確認的收益*	14,678	36,945	11,872	63,495
Closing balance as at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日的 年末結餘	32,692	60,033	5,000	97,725
		,		,	
Acquisitions	購買	25,004	-	2,031,080	2,056,084
Disposals (including realised gains	出售(包括於損益確認的 已變現收益)	(7.440)		(0.040.707)	(0.050.440)
recognised in profit or loss) (Loss)/gains recognised in other income and	於其他收入及收益淨額	(7,412)	-	(2,042,707)	(2,050,119)
gains – net *	確認的(虧損)/收益*	(8,097)	9,401	6,627	7,931
gains net	唯一的17(准月只// 九皿	(0,031)	3,701	0,021	7,501
Closing balance as at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日的				
	年末結餘	42,187	69,434	-	111,621
*!	*与长却生物士花牡什龄市				
*Includes unrealised (loss)/gains recognised in profit or loss attributable to balances held	*包括報告期末所持結餘中 於損益確認的未變現				
at the end of the reporting period	於損益唯認的不變現 (虧損)/收益				
2022	2022年	(9,156)	9,401	_	245
2021	2021年	9,129	36,945	_	46,074
	2021 T	3,123	00,340	<u>-</u>	40,074

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

Valuation processes

The Group has a team of personnel who performs valuation on these level 3 instruments for financial reporting purposes. The team determines the fair value of these level 3 instruments based on available information obtained from the relevant counter parties (including the general partners of the private equity funds, the management of unlisted investees as well as the banks sponsoring and managing the WMPs, etc), at least twice every financial year, which coincides with the Group's semi-annually reporting dates.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

(c) 估值程序

本集團有一隊專員出於 財務報告目的對該等第 三層工具進行估值。該 隊人員每個財政年度至 少兩次(與本集團每半年 的報告日期一致)根據從 有關對手方(包括私募股 權基金普通合夥人、非 上市投資對象管理層以 及發起及管理理財產品 的銀行等)獲得的可用資 料釐定該等第三層工具 的公平值。

綜合財務報表附註

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

(d) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements:

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

(d) 估值輸入數據及與公平 值的關係

> 下表概述與第三層公平 值計量所用重大不可觀 察輸入數據相關的定量 資料:

	Fair va 公平	alue at 值於					
Description 描述	31 December 2022 2022年 12月31日	31 December 2021 2021年 12月31日	Valuation Techniques 估值技術	Un-observable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	31 December 2022 2022年 12月31日	31 December 2021 2021年 12月31日	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
JIM &E	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	旧但以前	了·马利尔·博八文/	12/J01 H	12/301 H	门门即东州八双峰六石 国时附体
Private equity fund investments (i)	42,187	32,692	Net Asset Value	N/A as quantitative unobservable inputs are not developed by the Group	n/a	n/a	n/a
私募股權基金投資(i)	42,187	32,692	資產淨值	不適用(因定量不可觀察輸入數 據並非本集團所制定)	不適用	不適用	不適用
Unlisted equity securities (ii)	69,434	60,033	Market comparable companies	PS (price to sales/sales) DLOM (discount for lack of marketability)	PS: 4.1 DLOM: 15.8%	PS: 4.7 DLOM: 25%	Increased or decreased PS by 1 would increase or decrease fair value by RMB18,809,000 (2021: RMB15,452,000).
							Increased or decreased DLOM by 10% would decrease or increase fair value by RMB1,440,000 (2021: RMB2,310,000).
非上市股本證券(ii)	69,434	60,033	市場可比較 公司	PS (市銷率) DLOM (缺乏市場流通性貼現 率)	PS: 4.1 DLOM: 15.8%	PS:4.7 DLOM: 25%	PS增加或減少1將使公平值增加或減少人民 幣18,809,000元(2021年:人民幣15,452,000 元)。
							DLOM增加或减少10%將使公平值減少或增加人民幣1,440,000元(2021年:人民幣2,310,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

- 3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
 - 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value (Continued)

- 3. 財務風險管理(續)
 - 3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

估值輸入數據及與公平 值的關係(續)

	Fair va 公平	alue at 值於			Range of probability-wei 輸入數據範圍 (根	ighted average)	
Description描述	31 December 2022 2022年 12月31日	31 December 2021 2021年 12月31日	Valuation Techniques 估值技術	Un-observable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	31 December 2022 2022年 12月31日	31 December 2021 2021年 12月31日	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
) III ACC	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	11日以刊	小可则宏刊八 数源	12 / OT H	12/30111	小可斯尔····································
Wealth management products (iii)	-	5,000	Discounted cash flow	Expected rate of return	n/a	3.55%-4%	Increased or decreased expected rate of return by 1% would increase or decrease fair value by RMB12,000 at 31 December 2021.
理財產品(iii)	-	5,000	貼現現金流量	預期回報率	不適用	3.55%-4%	於2021年12月31日,預期回報率增加或減少 1%將使公平值增加或減少人民幣12,000元。

Notes:

- The Group determines the fair value of the private equity fund investments as at 31 December 2022 based on the net asset values of the private equity funds with underlying assets and liabilities measured at fair value as reported by the general partners of the funds.
- (ii) For unlisted equity securities as at 31 December 2022, the fair values are determined by using the market approach and the significant unobservable inputs include the valuation multiples, such as PS and DLOM. Management determines the valuation multiples with reference to the respective multiples of comparable companies, as adjusted by the lack of marketability that market participants would consider when estimating the fair value of these investments.

附註:

- 本集團基於私募股權 基金的資產淨值(相關 資產及負債按基金普 通合夥人所報的公平 值計量)釐定於2022 年12月31日私募股權 基金投資的公平值。
- 對於2022年12月31 日的非上市股本證 券,公平值乃使用市 場法釐定, 而重大不 可觀察輸入數據包 括估值乘數(如PS及 DLOM)。管理層參照 可比公司各自的乘數 釐定估值乘數,其中 已就市場參與者在估 算該等投資公平值時 會考慮的缺乏市場流 通性作出調整。

綜合財務報表附註

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

Financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

- (d) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value (Continued)
 - The Group also invested in certain short-term wealth management products ("WMPs") as at 31 December 2021. The expected rate of return of the WMPs are updated by the banks periodically on a quarterly or more frequent basis. Management uses the expected rate of return for approximation for both cash flow assessment and the discount rate in evaluating the fair values of the WMPs.

CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates

Net realisable value of inventories (a)

> Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. These estimates are based on the current market condition and historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. Management reassesses these estimates at each balance sheet date.

財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

金融資產及負債(續)

- 估值輸入數據及與公平 值的關係(續)
 - 於2021年12月31日, 本集團亦投資若干短 期理財產品(「理財 產品」)。銀行按季度 或更頻繁地定期更新 理財產品的預期回報 率。管理層於評估理 財產品的公平值時使 用預期回報率粗略估 算現金流量評估及貼 現率。

重大估計及判斷

編製財務報表需要使用會計估計, 顧名思義,該等估計甚少符合實際 結果。管理層亦須在應用本集團會 計政策時作出判斷。

估計及判斷會予以持續評估,且基 於歷史經驗及其他因素,包括對未 來事件的預期,而該等事件可能對 實體造成財務影響且據信在某些情 況下屬合理。

4.1 重大會計估計

存貨的可變現淨值

存貨的可變現淨值按日 常業務渦程中的估計售 價減估計完工成本及作 出銷售的估計必要成本 計算。該等估計乃基於 當前市況以及製造及銷 售類似性質產品的過往 經驗作出。管理層於各 資產負債表日期重估該 等估計。

綜合財務報表附註

CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

4.1 Critical accounting estimates (Continued)

Current and deferred income taxes

There are certain transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will be reflected in the income tax expense and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. In addition, the realisation of future income tax assets is dependent on the Group's ability to generate sufficient taxable income in future years to utilise income tax benefits and tax loss carry-forwards. Deviations of future profitability from estimates or in the income tax rate would result in adjustments to the value of future income tax assets and liabilities that could have a significant effect on the income tax expenses.

Dividends derived from the Company's subsidiaries in mainland China to foreign investors are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 5% (2021: 5%). The Group regularly assesses its needs to make distributions out of its subsidiaries in mainland China. In this regard, deferred income tax liability will be provided on the undistributed profits to the extent they are expected to be distributed in the future.

重大估計及判斷(續)

4.1 重大會計估計(續)

即期及遞延所得稅 (b)

於日常業務過程中有若 干交易及計算難以明確 作出最終的税務釐定。 本集團根據對是否將繳 付額外税項的估計確認 負債。倘該等事宜的最 終税務結果與初步記錄 的金額有所差異,則有 關差異將於作出有關釐 定期間內所得税開支及 遞延税項撥備中反映。 此外,未來所得税資產 能否變現視乎本集團於 未來年度能否產生足夠 應課税收入,以使用所 得税利益及結轉税項虧 損的能力而定。倘估計 的未來盈利能力或所得 税税率有所偏離,則須 對未來所得税資產及負 債價值作出調整,繼而 可能對所得税開支構成 重大影響。

本公司於中國內地的附 屬公司向境外投資者分 派股息須按5%(2021 年:5%)的税率繳納預 扣税。本集團定期評估 自其中國內地的附屬公 司作出分派的需求。就 此而言,將就未分派溢 利(倘預期日後將獲分 派)作出遞延所得税負債 撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

5. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management determines the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision makers ("CODM") that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group's revenue, expenses, assets, liabilities and capital expenditure are primarily attributable to the manufacturing and sales of hot pot condiment, Chinese-style compound condiment, convenient ready-toeat food products and others to third party and related party customers, which are considered by the CODM as one segment. The Group's principal market is Mainland China and its sales to overseas customers contributed to less than 10% of the total revenues. Accordingly, no geographical information is presented. As at 31 December 2022, the total non-current assets other than financial assets and deferred income tax assets located in the PRC amounted to RMB1,771,896,000 (2021: RMB1,639,903,000) and those located in other countries and regions amounted to RMB274,508,000 (2021: RMB150,127,000).

Breakdown of revenue by product category is as follows:

5. 收入及分部資料

管理層基於主要經營決策者(「主要 經營決策者 1) 審閱的報告 (用以作 出戰略決策)釐定經營分部。本集 團的收入、開支、資產、負債及資 本開支主要來源於製造及向第三方 和關聯方客戶銷售火鍋調味料、中 式複合調味料、方便速食產品及其 他(獲主要經營決策者視為一個分 部)。本集團的主要市場為中國內 地,其向海外客戶的銷售額佔總收 入不足10%。因此,並無呈列地 區資料。截至2022年12月31日, 在中國除金融資產及遞延所得稅資 產以外的非流動資產總值為人民幣 1,771,896,000元(2021年:人民幣 1,639,903,000元),而在其他國家 及地區則為人民幣274,508,000元 (2021年:人民幣150.127.000元)。

按產品系列劃分的收入明細如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue recognised at point in time Hot pot condiment - Related parties - Third parties	於某一時點確認的收入 火鍋調味料 - 關聯方 - 第三方	1,400,798 2,263,898	1,774,938 1,831,898
Subtotal	小計	3,664,696	3,606,836
Chinese-style compound condiment - Related parties - Third parties	中式複合調味料 - 關聯方 - 第三方	10,414 558,449	47,765 482,683
Subtotal	小計	568,863	530,448
Convenient ready-to-eat food products - Related parties - Third parties	方便速食產品 - 關聯方 - 第三方	78,430 1,791,639	112,074 1,590,986
Subtotal	小計	1,870,069	1,703,060
Others - Related parties - Third parties	其他 - 關聯方 - 第三方	9 43,374	241 102,032
Subtotal	小計	43,383	102,273
Total	總計	6,147,011	5,942,617

綜合財務報表附註

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 5.

Revenue from sales attributable to related parties accounted for approximately 24.2% and 32.6% of the Group's total revenue for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, respectively.

收入及分部資料(續) 5.

關聯方應佔銷售收入分別佔截至 2022年及2021年12月31日止年度 本集團總收入約24.2%及32.6%。

INTANGIBLE ASSETS 6.

6. 無形資產

		Trademark 商標 RMB'000	Software 軟件 RMB'000	Total 總計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日			
Cost	成本	160	32,075	32,235
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(43)	(10,699)	(10,742)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	117	21,376	21,493
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至2021年12月31日止年度			
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	117	21,376	21,493
Additions	添置	_	5,023	5,023
Amortisation charge	攤銷費用	(16)	(6,205)	(6,221)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	101	20,194	20,295
At 31 December 2021	於 2021 年12月31日			
Cost	成本	160	37,098	37,258
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(59)	(16,904)	(16,963)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	101	20,194	20,295
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至2022年12月31日止年度			
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	101	20,194	20,295
Additions	添置	_	3,423	3,423
Disposal	處置	_	(100)	(100)
Amortisation charge	攤銷費用	(16)	(6,719)	(6,735)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	85	16,798	16,883
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日			
Cost	成本	160	40,241	40,401
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(75)	(23,443)	(23,518)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	85	16,798	16,883

綜合財務報表附註

INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued) 6.

Amortisation expenses has been charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

6. 無形資產(續)

攤銷費用已於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表中扣除,列示如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of sales Distribution expenses Administrative expenses	銷售成本 經銷開支 行政開支	516 441 5,778	497 163 5,561
Total	總計	6,735	6,221

綜合財務報表附註

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

7. 物業、廠房及設備

		Freehold land	Buildings	Machinery	Equipment and others	Vehicles and furniture	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress	Total
		永久業權土地 RMB'000 人民幣千元	樓字 RMB'000 人民幣千元	機器 RMB'000 人民幣千元	設備及其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	車輛及家具 RMB'000 人民幣千元	租賃裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2021	於 2021 年1月1日								
Cost	成本	38,652	223,462	421,509	105,273	9,492	18,762	158,326	975,476
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(40,891)	(89,253)	(44,707)	(4,501)	(6,029)	-	(185,381)
Net book amount	賬面淨值 ——	38,652	182,571	332,256	60,566	4,991	12,733	158,326	790,095
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至2021年12月31日止年度								
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	38,652	182,571	332,256	60,566	4,991	12,733	158,326	790,095
Additions	添置	-	541	193,376	50,434	1,919	1,493	338,984	586,747
Disposals	處置	-	-	(2,564)	(2,103)	(124)	-	-	(4,791)
Transfers	轉讓	_	136,120	-	23,187		22,898	(182,205)	
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	_	(10,124)	(48,401)	(16,680)	(1,264)	(5,629)	-	(82,098)
Exchange rate difference	匯率差異	(4,738)	-	(594)	(81)	(1)	(1,280)	-	(6,694)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	33,914	309,108	474,073	115,323	5,521	30,215	315,105	1,283,259
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日								
Cost	成本	33,914	360,123	607,162	174,905	11,286	41,873	315,105	1,544,368
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(51,015)	(133,089)	(59,582)	(5,765)	(11,658)	-	(261,109)
Net book amount		33,914	309,108	474,073	115,323	5,521	30,215	315,105	1,283,259
As at 1 January 2022	於 2022 年1月1日								
Cost	成本	33,914	360,123	607,162	174,905	11,286	41,873	315,105	1,544,368
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(51,015)	(133,089)	(59,582)	(5,765)	(11,658)	-	(261,109)
Net book amount	 賬面淨值	33,914	309,108	474,073	115,323	5,521	30,215	315,105	1,283,259
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至2022年12月31日止年度								
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	33,914	309,108	474,073	115,323	5,521	30,215	315,105	1,283,259
Additions	添置	- 00,014	-	147,972	16,962	2,369	14,899	320,683	502,885
Disposals	處置	_	_	(5,981)	(1,343)	(30)	(1,261)	020,000	(8,615)
Transfers	轉讓	_	343,899	13,167	78,693	144	14,846	(450,749)	(0,010)
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	_	(16,380)	(70,279)	(22,264)	(1,665)	(7,485)	(100,110)	(118,073)
Exchange rate difference	匯率差異	1,818	2,833	742	1,234	24	82	2,570	9,303
Closing net book amount	—————————————————————————————————————	35,732	639,460	559,694	188,605	6,363	51,296	187,609	1,668,759
			,	,					
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	05.700	700.055	757.044	000 440	40.744	70.440	407.000	0.000.700
Cost	成本	35,732	706,855	757,211 (107,517)	268,142	13,741	70,440	187,609	2,039,730
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(67,395)	(197,517)	(79,537)	(7,378)	(19,144)	-	(370,971)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	35,732	639,460	559,694	188,605	6,363	51,296	187,609	1,668,759

綜合財務報表附註

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation expenses has been charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

物業、廠房及設備(續) 7.

折舊開支已於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表中扣除,列示如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of sales Distribution expenses Administrative expenses	銷售成本 經銷開支 行政開支	96,618 3,894 17,561	66,491 2,451 13,156
Total	總計	118,073	82,098

LEASES

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

(i) Amounts recognised in the balance sheet

The consolidated balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

8. 租賃

該附註載列有關本集團作為承租人 所訂立租約的資料。

(i) 於資產負債表內確認的款項

綜合資產負債表所載列與租賃 有關的款項如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
Land use rights	土地使用權	126,488	129,872
Leased properties and warehouses	租賃物業及倉庫	112,782	151,231
Total	總計	239,270	281,103

綜合財務報表附註

8. **LEASES** (Continued)

8. 租賃(續)

- Amounts recognised in the balance sheet (Continued) (i)
- 於資產負債表內確認的款項 (i) (續)

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		//\ I=/	,о. д
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Current	流動	38,577	36,976
Non-current	非流動	75,730	104,415
Total	總計	114,307	141,391

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the additions to land use rights and leased properties and warehouse amounted to Nil and RMB7,899,000 (2021: Nil and RMB114,432,000), respectively.

截至2022年12月31日止年 度,土地使用權和租賃物業及 倉庫新增金額分別為零及人民 幣7,899,000元(2021年:零 及人民幣114,432,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

LEASES (Continued)

8. 租賃(續)

- Amounts recognised in the balance sheet (Continued) (i)
- 於資產負債表內確認的款項 (i) (續)

Movements on the Group's right-of-use assets are as follow:

本集團使用權資產變動如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		#X := / I V : E		
		2022	2021	
		2022年	2021年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
At 1 January	於1月1日			
Cost	成本	333,988	239,900	
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(52,885)	(32,391)	
		, , ,		
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	281,103	207,509	
V 1.104 B	* 7.40 0.4 0.1 5 6			
Year ended 31 December	截至12月31日止年度			
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	281,103	207,509	
Additions	添置	7,899	114,432	
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	(40,777)	(34,881)	
Lease termination	租賃終止	(9,262)	(5,989)	
Exchange rate difference	匯率差異	307	32	
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	239,270	281,103	
At 31 December	於12月31日			
Cost	成本	323,561	333,988	
		•		
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(84,291)	(52,885)	
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	239,270	281,103	

綜合財務報表附註

8. **LEASES** (Continued)

(ii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

8. 租賃(續)

於損益內確認的款項 (ii)

綜合損益及其他全面收益表所 載列與和賃有關的款項如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產的折舊費用		
Land use rights	土地使用權	3,384	3,841
Leased properties and warehouses	租賃物業及倉庫	37,393	31,040
Total	總計	40,777	34,881
Interest expense (included in finance costs) Expense relating to short-term leases	利息支出(計入融資 成本) 與短期租賃有關的	5,856	5,475
(included in cost of sales and administrative expenses)	開支(計入銷售成本 及行政開支)	13,735	16,486

- (iii) The total cash outflow for leases in 2022 was RMB43,711,000 (2021: RMB60,025,000).
- (iv) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, warehouses and has land use rights under long-term lease agreements. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

- (iii) 2022年租賃相關現金流出 總額為人民幣43.711.000元 (2021年:人民幣60,025,000 元)。
- (iv) 本集團的租賃活動及其會計處

本集團租賃多處辦公室、倉庫 及擁有長期租賃協議下的土地 使用權。每份合同的租賃條款 均單獨商定,並且包括眾多不 同的條款及條件。租賃協議不 包含契約條款,但租賃資產不 得用作借款抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES 9.

附屬公司 9.

- (a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below:
- (a) 本集團於2022年12月31日的 附屬公司載列如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及 法定實體類型	Principal activities and place of operation 主要活動及經營地點	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足普通股股本/ 註冊資本	by the	interest held Group 的所有權權益	Ownership i by non-co inter 非控股權 所有相	ontrolling rests 益持有的
				2022 2022年	2021 2021年	2022 2022年	2021 2021年
				2022# %	2021 4 %	2022# %	2021 4 %
Directly held: 直接持有:							
Yihai Ltd.	British Virgin Islands Limited liability company	Investment holding and consulting in British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Ltd.	英屬處女群島有限責任公司	在英屬處女群島從事投資 控股與諮詢	1美元	100%	100%	-	-
Indirectly held: 間接持有:							
Yihai (China) Food Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong Limited liability company	Investment holding, consulting, and sales of hot pot condiment in Hong	HK\$10,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(中國)食品有限公司	香港有限責任公司	Kong 在香港從事投資控股、諮 詢及銷售火鍋調味料	10,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Singapore) Food Pte. Ltd.	Singapore Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in Singapore	SGD 5,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Singapore) Food Pte. Ltd.	新加坡有限責任公司	在新加坡銷售火鍋調味料	5,000,000新加坡元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (US) Food Inc.	USA Incorporated company	Sales of hot pot condiment in the United States	US\$100,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (US) Food Inc.	在美國註冊成立公司	在美國銷售火鍋調味料	100,000美元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Australia) Food Proprietary Limited	Australia Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in Australia	AUD 10,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Australia) Food Proprietary Limited	澳大利亞有限責任公司	在澳大利亞銷售火鍋 調味料	10,000澳大利亞元	100%	100%	-	-

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

9. 附屬公司(續)

(a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below: (Continued)

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足	-	interest held Group	Ownership i by non-c	ontrolling
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立地點及 法定實體類型	主要活動及經營地點	普通股股本/ 註冊資本	本集團持有的	的所有權權益		益持有的 星權益
BYBII			Harry J.	2022	2021	2022	2021
				2022 年 %	2021年 %	2022 年 %	2021年 %
				//	70	70	70
Taiwan Yihai Food Co.,Ltd.	Taiwan Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in Taiwan	TWD 6,500,000	100%	100%	-	-
Taiwan Yihai Food Co.,Ltd.	台灣有限責任公司	在台灣銷售火鍋調味料	6,500,000新台幣	100%	100%	-	
Yihai Food (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in in Thailand	THB 523,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Food (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	泰國有限責任公司	在泰國生產及銷售火鍋調味料	523,000,000泰銖	100%	100%	-	
Yihai (Korea) Food Co., Ltd.	South Korea Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in South Korea	KRW 989,990,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Korea) Food Co., Ltd.	韓國有限責任公司	在韓國銷售火鍋調味料	989,990,000韓元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Natural Food Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. (iv)	Malaysia Private limited company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in Malaysia	MYR 9,000,000	100%	100%	-	_
Yihai Natural Food Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. (iv)	馬來西亞私人有限責任公司	在馬來西亞生產及銷售火 鍋調味料	9,000,000 馬來西亞令吉	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (UK) Food Ltd.	The United Kingdom Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in the United Kingdom	GBP 1,000,000	100%	100%	-	_
Yihai (UK) Food Ltd.	英國有限責任公司	在英國銷售火鍋調味料	1,000,000英鎊	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Shanghai) Food Co., Ltd. (i)	Mainland China Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in China	US\$50,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(上海)食品有限公司(i)	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國銷售火鍋調味料	50,000,000美元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Zhengzhou) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(鄭州)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國生產及銷售火鍋調味料	人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司(續)

(a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below: (Continued)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及 法定實體類型	place of operation capital 已發行及繳足 普通股股本/		Ownership i by the 本集團持有自	Group	Ownership in by non-co inter 非控股權 所有權	ontrolling ests 益持有的
				2022	2021	2022	2021
				2022 年 %	2021年 %	2022 年 %	2021年 %
Indirectly held: 間接持有:							
Chengdu Yueyihai Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
成都悦頤海商貿有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國生產及銷售火鍋調味料	人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Beijing Trading Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(北京)商貿有限責任公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國銷售火鍋調味料	人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Bazhou) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(霸州)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	· .	人民幣10,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Maanshan) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB30,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(馬鞍山)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司		人民幣30,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Fuhai (Maanshan) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB10,000,000	60%	60%	40%	40%
馥海(馬鞍山)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	•	人民幣10,000,000元	60%	60%	40%	40%
Fuhai (Shanghai) Food Technology Co., Ltd. (ii)	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB10,000,000	60%	60%	40%	40%
馥海(上海)食品科技有限公司(ii)	中國內地有限責任公司	•	人民幣10,000,000元	60%	60%	40%	40%

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

9. 附屬公司(續)

(a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below: (Continued)

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足	-	interest held Group	Ownership i by non-co inter	•
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立地點及 法定實體類型	主要活動及經營地點	普通股股本/ 註冊資本	木隹圃共有	的所有權權益	非控股權	益持有的 藿權益
A -7 'H III'	似龙貝提尔王	工女们却久社古地叫	山川只 个	2022	2021	2022	2021
				2022年	2021年	2022年	2021年
				%	%	%	%
Indirectly held: 間接持有:							
Fuhai Bazhou Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	60%	60%	40%	40%
馥海霸州食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國生產及銷售火鍋調 味料	人民幣1,000,000元	60%	60%	40%	40%
Yihai (Chengdu) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%	-	
頤海(成都)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	'	人民幣10,000,000元	100%	100%	-	
Yihai (Luohe) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(漯河)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	•	人民幣10,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in Japan	JPY 99,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Japan Co., Ltd.	日本有限責任公司	在日本銷售火鍋調味料	99,000,000日圓	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Canada) Food Inc.	Canada Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in Canada	CAD 10	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai (Canada) Food Inc.	加拿大有限責任公司	在加拿大銷售火鍋調味料	10加元	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Malaysia Food SDN.BHD.	Malaysia Limited liability company	Sales of hot pot condiment in Malaysia	MYR10,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
Yihai Malaysia Food SDN.BHD.	馬來西亞有限責任公司	在馬來西亞銷售火鍋調味料	10,000,000 馬來西亞令吉	100%	100%	-	-

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

附屬公司(續)

(a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below: (Continued)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及 法定實體類型	Principal activities and place of operation 主要活動及經營地點	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足普通股股本/ 註冊資本	Ownership i by the 本集團持有自	Group	Ownership i by non-cc inter 非控股權 所有複	ontrolling ests 益持有的
				2022	2021	2022	2021
				2022 年 %	2021年 %	2022 年 %	2021年 %
Chengdu Fuhai Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	60%	60%	40%	40%
成都馥海食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國生產及銷售火鍋調 味料	人民幣1,000,000元	60%	60%	40%	40%
Yihai (Kaifeng) Food Co.,Ltd	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(開封)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國生產及銷售火鍋調味料	人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Fuhai (Henan) Food Co.,Ltd	Mainland China Limited liability company	Manufacture and sales of hot pot condiment in China	RMB1,000,000	60%	60%	40%	40%
馥海(河南)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	在中國生產及銷售火鍋調味料	人民幣1,000,000元	60%	60%	40%	40%
Fuhai (Zhaoqing) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Yet to commence operation in China	RMB5,000,000	60%	60%	40%	40%
馥海(肇慶)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	尚未在中國營運	人民幣5,000,000元	60%	60%	40%	40%
Yihai (Zhaoqing) Food Co., Ltd.	Mainland China Limited liability company	Yet to commence operation in China	RMB5,000,000	100%	100%	-	-
頤海(肇慶)食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	尚未在中國營運	人民幣5,000,000元	100%	100%	-	-
Fuhai (Singapore) Food Pte.Ltd.	Singapore Limited liability company	Yet to commence operation in Singapore	-	60%	60%	40%	40%
Fuhai (Singapore) Food Pte.Ltd.	新加坡有限責任公司	尚未在新加坡營運	-	60%	60%	40%	40%

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

9. 附屬公司(續)

(a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below: (Continued)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及 法定實體類型	Principal activities and place of operation 主要活動及經營地點	Issued and fully paid ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足普通股股本/ 註冊資本	by the	interest held Group 的所有權權益	by non-c inter 非控股權	interest held ontrolling rests 益持有的 權權益
8.7811	(A) 大阪(A)		HE MAY	2022 2022年 %	2021 2021年 %	2022 2022年 %	2021 2021年 %
Indirectly held: 間接持有:							
Sichuan Yihai Food Chopsticks Ar Hands Co., LTD	nd Mainland China Limited liability company	Yet to commence operation in China	RMB8,000,000	100%	100%	-	
四川頤海筷手食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	尚未在中國營運	人民幣8,000,000元	100%	100%	-	
Yihai (Anhui) Food Technology Co.,Ltd	Mainland China Limited liability company	Yet to commence operation in China	RMB30,000,000	100%	100%	-	
頤海(安徽)食品科技有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	尚未在中國營運	人民幣30,000,000元	100%	100%	-	
NanChong Yihai Food Co., Ltd	Mainland China Limited liability company	Yet to commence operation in China	RMB1,000,000	100%	-	-	-
南充頤海食品有限公司	中國內地有限責任公司	尚未在中國營運	人民幣1,000,000元	100%	-	-	-

綜合財務報表附註

9. **SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

(a) The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 are set out below: (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) This subsidiary is a wholly foreign owned enterprises with limited liability established in mainland China.
- This subsidiary is a foreign invested enterprise with limited (ii) liability established in mainland China.
- Other subsidiaries established in the mainland China are (iii) wholly domestic owned companies.
- During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group acquired the remaining 40% equity interest of Yihai Natural Food Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. ("Yihai Natural Food") from the then non-controlling shareholder at the cash consideration of MYR6,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB9,468,000). The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of RMB6,324,000 and a decrease in equity attributable to owners of the parent of RMB3,144,000. After that transaction, Yihai Natural Food became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.

9. 附屬公司(續)

本集團於2022年12月31日的 (a) 附屬公司載列如下:(續)

附註:

- 該附屬公司為於中國內地成 立的外商獨資企業有限責任 公司。
- 該附屬公司為於中國內地成 立的外商投資企業有限責任 公司。
- 其他於中國內地成立的附屬 (iii) 公司為國內獨資公司。
- 截至2021年12月31日止 年度內,本集團以現金代 價6,000,000馬來西亞令吉 (相當於約人民幣9,468,000 元)向Yihai Natural Food Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd. (「Yihai Natural Food」) 當 時的非控股股東收購尚餘的 Yihai Natural Food 40%股 權。本集團確認非控股權益 減少人民幣6,324,000元及 母公司擁有人應佔權益減少 人民幣3,144,000元。交易 後, Yihai Natural Food成 為本集團的全資附屬公司。

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(b) Non-controlling interests ("NCI")

Set out below is summarised financial information for a subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the Group.

The amounts disclosed for the subsidiary are before intercompany eliminations.

Summarised balance sheet

資產負債表概要

附屬公司(續) 9.

(b) 非控股權益(「非控股權益」)

以下所載為一家附屬公司(擁 有對本集團而言屬重大的非控 股權益)的財務資料摘要。

就該附屬公司披露的金額尚未 進行公司間對銷。

Fuhai (Shanghai) Food Technology Co., Ltd.

馥海(上海)食品科技 有限公司

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	558,193	627,036
Current liabilities	流動負債	200,582	188,370
Current net assets	流動資產淨值	357,611	438,666
Non-current assets	非流動資產	216,031	356,736
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	30,769	37,526
Non-current net assets	非流動資產淨值	185,262	319,210
Net assets	資產淨值	542,873	757,876
Accumulated NCI	累計非控股權益	217,149	303,150

綜合財務報表附註

SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

(b) Non-controlling interests ("NCI") (Continued)

Summarised statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income 損益及其他全面收益表概要

9. 附屬公司(續)

(b) 非控股權益(「非控股權益」) (續)

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	收入 年內溢利 其他全面收入	1,805,812 184,999 -	1,585,717 228,931 –
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	184,999	228,931
Profit allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益的 溢利	73,999	91,572

Summarised cash flows

現金流量概要

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows generated from operating	經營活動所得現金流量		
activities		165,884	224,579
Cash flows generated from/(used in)	投資活動所得/		
investing activities	(所用)現金流量	89,648	(220,553)
Cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金流量		
(Note)	(附註)	(411,320)	(9,840)
Net decrease in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物		
equivalents	減少淨額	(155,788)	(5,814)

Note:

Pursuant to the shareholders' resolution on 10 June 2022, a nonwholly owned subsidiary of the Group has declared a final dividend, among which RMB160,000,000 was distributed to the noncontrolling shareholder which held 40% equity interest of the nonwholly owned subsidiary.

附註:

根據股東於2022年6月10日的 決議案,本集團一家非全資附屬 公司宣派末期股息,其中人民幣 160,000,000元分派予持有該非全 資附屬公司40%股權的非控股股

綜合財務報表附註

10. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

10. 遞延所得税

(i) **Deferred income tax assets**

遞延所得税資產 (i)

As at 31 December 於19日31日

		於12月	月31日
		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:	結餘包括歸屬於下列 各項的暫時差異:		
Unrealised profit on intra-group sales	集團內部銷售未變現溢利	2,687	3,394
Tax losses	税項虧損	45,965	34,373
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29,070	34,754
Government grants	政府補助	6,324	5,641
Others	其他	1,200	929
Total deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產總值	85,246	79,091
Set-off of deferred income tax liabilities	抵銷遞延所得税負債	(27,529)	(33,929)
Net deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產淨額	57,717	45,162
Deferred tax assets:	遞延税項資產:		
- to be recovered within 12 months	- 於12個月內收回	2,687	3,394
- to be recovered after more than 12 months	- 超過12個月後收回	55,030	41,768
		57,717	45,162

綜合財務報表附註

10. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

(i) **Deferred income tax assets** (Continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets during the year ended 31 December 2022, without taking into consideration of the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

10. 遞延所得税(續)

(i) 遞延所得税資產(續)

在不考慮相同税務司法權區內 可抵銷餘額的情況下,於截至 2022年12月31日止年度的遞 延所得税資產變動如下:

		Unrealised profit on					
		intra-group	Tax	Lease	Government		
		sales 集團內部 銷售未變	losses	liabilities	grants	Others	Total
Movements	變動	現溢利	税項虧損	租賃負債	政府補助	其他	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2021 (Charged)/credited to profit or loss	於 2021年1月1日 (扣除)/計入	4,379	10,711	9,681	-	1,199	25,970
	損益	(985)	23,662	25,073	5,641	(270)	53,121
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	3,394	34,373	34,754	5,641	929	79,091
(Charged)/credited to profit or loss	(扣除)/計入						
	損益	(707)	11,592	(5,684)	683	271	6,155
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	2,687	45,965	29,070	6,324	1,200	85,246

The Group only recognises deferred income tax assets for cumulative tax losses if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those tax losses. Management will continue to assess the recognition of deferred income tax assets in future reporting periods. As of December 31, 2022, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of RMB9,683,000 (2021: RMB5,394,000) in respect of cumulative tax losses amounting to RMB38,732,000 (2021: RMB21,576,000). These tax losses will expire from 2026 to 2027.

僅在未來很可能會有應課税金 額用於動用該等税項虧損時, 本集團才會就累計税項虧損確 認遞延所得税資產。管理層將 繼續評估未來匯報期間遞延所 得税資產的確認。於2022年 12月31日,本集團未就金額 為人民幣38,732,000元(2021 年:人民幣21,576,000元) 的累計税項虧損確認遞延所 得税資產人民幣9,683,000元 (2021年:人民幣5,394,000 元)。該等税項虧損將於2026 年至2027年到期。

綜合財務報表附註

10. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

(ii) Deferred income tax liabilities

10. 遞延所得税(續)

(ii) 遞延所得税負債

As at 31 December 於12日31日

		於12月	月31日
		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:	結餘包括歸屬於下列 各項的暫時差異:		
Withholding income tax on profit distribution of mainland China subsidiaries	中國內地附屬公司 分派溢利的預提 所得税	37,000	20,000
Right-of-use assets Fair value changes of investments in	使用權資產 金融資產投資公平值	28,342	37,222
financial assets Total deferred income tax liabilities	變動 	15,599 80,941	12,769 69,991
Set-off of deferred income tax assets	抵銷遞延所得税資產	(27,529)	(33,929)
Net deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債淨值	53,412	36,062
Deferred tax liabilities:	遞延税項負債:		
to be settled within 12 monthsto be settled after more than 12 months	-於12個月內結算 -超過12個月後結算	37,000 16,412	20,000 16,062
		53,412	36,062

綜合財務報表附註

10. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (Continued)

10. 遞延所得税(續)

Deferred income tax liabilities (Continued)

(ii) 遞延所得税負債(續)

Movements	變動	Withholding income tax on profit distribution of mainland China subsidiaries 中國內地附屬公司分派溢利的預提所得稅 RMB'000人民幣千元	Right- of-use assets 使用權 資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value changes of investments in financial assets 金融資產投資公平值變動 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	20,000	9,805	3,435	33,240
Utilised for the year	年內動用	(10,000)	_	_	(10,000)
Charged to the profit or loss	於損益扣除	10,000	27,417	9,334	46,751
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	20,000	37,222	12,769	69,991
Utilised for the year	年內動用	(20,000)	-	-	(20,000)
Charged/(credited) to the	於損益扣除/(計入)	` '			, , ,
profit or loss		37,000	(8,880)	2,830	30,950
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	37,000	28,342	15,599	80,941

11. INVENTORIES

11. 存貨

As at 31 December 於12月31日

2022	2021
2022年	2021年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
145,004	159,209
242,480	236,071
387,484	395,280
	2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 145,004 242,480

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in 'cost of sales' amounted to RMB4,293,129,000 (2021: RMB4,018,664,000), which included write-off of obsolete inventories of RMB2,533,000 (2021: RMB8,180,000).

確認為開支並計入「銷售成本」的 存貨成本為人民幣4,293,129,000 元(2021年:人民幣4,018,664,000 元),其包括存貨報廢人民幣 2,533,000元(2021年:人民幣 8,180,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

12. OTHER ASSETS

12. 其他資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments for property,	物業、廠房及設備預付款項		
plant and equipment		121,492	205,373
Value-added tax recoverable	可收回增值税	26,660	46,346
Prepayments for marketing	營銷及諮詢費用預付款		
and consulting expenses		12,861	20,889
Prepayments for purchase of	購買原材料預付款項	·	
raw materials		7,383	90,579
Prepayments for short-term leases	s 倉庫及員工宿舍短期租約	ŕ	,
of warehouses and staff quarter		1,215	3,283
Others	其他	6,105	5,587
-		ŕ	
		175,716	372,057
Less: non-current items	減:非即期項目	(121,492)	(205,373)
Other current assets	其他流動資產	54,224	166,684

13. TRADE RECEIVABLES

13. 貿易應收款項

As at 31 December

於12月31日

		# · · · · ·	#X -= / 3 0 - F		
		2022	2021		
		2022年	2021年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項				
- Third parties	- 第三方	6,163	20,503		
- Related parties (Note 34(d))	- 關聯方 (附註34(d))	149,652	216,229		
		155,815	236,732		
Less: provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	(188)	(210)		
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項 - 淨額	155,627	236,522		

綜合財務報表附註

13. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The majority of the Group's third party sales are conducted through receiving advances from customers before delivering the goods to customers, with only a few customers who are granted with credit periods ranged from 30 to 90 days. The related party customers of the Group are granted with 30 days credit period. Ageing analysis based on recognition date of the trade receivables at the respective balance sheet dates is as follows:

13. 貿易應收款項(續)

(i) 本集團的第三方銷售大部分以 向客戶交付貨物前收取客戶墊 款的方式進行,當中僅有少數 客戶獲授出介乎30至90天的 信貸期。本集團的關聯方客戶 獲授出30天的信貸期。根據 貿易應收款項的確認日期於各 結算日的賬齡分析如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 3 months More than 3 months	3個月內 3個月以上	155,815 -	236,732
		155,815	236,732

The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values.

貿易應收款項的賬面值與其公 (ii) 平值相若。

(iii) Impairment and risk exposure

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Note 3.1(b) provides for details about the calculation of the allowance.

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and the Group's exposure to credit risk and foreign currency risk has been set out in Note 3.1.

(iii) 減值及風險承擔

本集團採用國際財務報告準則 第9號的簡化方法計量預期信 貸虧損,就所有貿易應收款項 整個存續期計量預期虧損撥 備。附註3.1(b)提供有關撥備 的計算方法詳情。

有關貿易應收款項減值及本集 團信貸風險與外幣風險承擔的 資料載於附註3.1。

綜合財務報表附註

14. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

14. 按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deposit for utilities and leases Others	公用設施及租賃押金 其他	15,365 2,193	16,226 1,598
Less: provision for impairment	減:減值撥備	17,558 (175)	17,824 (178)
Other financial assets at amortised cost – net	按攤銷成本計量的其他 金融資產 - 淨額	17,383	17,646

The carrying amounts of other financial assets at amortised cost approximate their fair values.

按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資 產的賬面值與其公平值相若。

Impairment and risk exposure (ii)

Note 3.1 sets out information about the impairment of financial assets and the Group's exposure to credit risk.

All of the financial assets at amortised cost are denominated in RMB. As a result, there is no exposure to foreign currency risk. There is also no exposure to price risk as the investments will be held to maturity.

(ii) 減值及風險承擔

附註3.1載列有關金融資產減 值及本集團信貸風險承擔的資 料。

全部按攤銷成本計量的金融資 產均以人民幣計值。因此,不 存在外匯風險。由於投資將持 有至到期,因此亦不存在價格 風險。

綜合財務報表附註

15. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

15. 現金及銀行結餘

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents (a)	現金及現金等價物(a)	1,880,531	1,573,621
Term deposits with initial term over one year (b)	初始期限超過一年的定期存款(b)	200,000	660,000
Term deposits with initial term over three months and within	初始期限超過三個月及一年以內 的定期存款(b)		
one year (b)		611,236	204
Restricted cash (d)	受現制現金(d)	5,000	_
		2,696,767	2,233,825

- Cash and cash equivalents include current deposits and term deposits with initial term within three months.
- The interest rates on term deposits with initial term over three months and within one year as at 31 December 2022 range from 3.00% to 4.34% (2021: 2.05%-2.10%) per annum. The interest rates on term deposits with initial term over one year as at 31 December 2022 range from 3.25% to 3.55% (2021: 3.05%-3.65%) per annum. The deposits earn interests at fixed rates based on prevailing market rates.
- (a) 現金及現金等價物包括活期存 款及初始期限為三個月內的定 期存款。
- (b) 於2022年12月31日,初始期 限為三個月以上及一年以內 的定期存款的年利率為介乎 3.00%至4.34%(2021年: 2.05%至2.10%)。於2022年 12月31日,初始期限為一年 以上的定期存款的年利率介 乎3.25%至3.55%(2021年: 3.05%至3.65%)。存款按現 行市價的固定利率賺取利息。

綜合財務報表附註

15. CASH AND BANK BALANCES (Continued)

(c) As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, cash and cash equivalents, and term deposits were denominated in the following currencies:

15. 現金及銀行結餘(續)

(c) 於2022年及2021年12月31 日,現金及現金等價物及定期 存款以下列貨幣計值:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1 □ ※4	4 500 040	1 700 010
	1,536,340	1,788,040
美元	967,010	276,379
港元	64,074	47,103
馬來西亞令吉	40,137	43,617
其他	84,206	78,686
	2.691.767	2,233,825
	馬來西亞令吉	2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣 美元 967,010 港元 64,074 馬來西亞令吉 40,137 其他 84,206

(d) The restricted cash represents bank deposit as restricted guarantee for the Group's investing purpose and therefore not available for general use by the other entities within the Group. The restricted cash is dominated in RMB.

As at 31 December 2022, cash and cash equivalents of RMB7,754,000 (2021: RMB1,687,000) represented deposits held in certain online payment platforms.

The conversion of RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of such foreign currencies denominated bank balances and cash out of mainland China are subject to relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by mainland China government.

(d) 受限制現金指用於本集團投資 用途而作為受限制擔保的銀行 存款,故不可由本集團旗下其 他實體作一般用途。受限制現 金以人民幣計值。

> 於2022年12月31日,現 金及現金等價物人民幣 7,754,000元(2021年:人民 幣1,687,000元) 為在若干網 絡付款平台持有的存款。

> 將以人民幣列值的結餘換算為 外幣及將該等外幣計值的銀行 結餘及現金匯出中國內地,須 遵守中國內地政府頒佈的有關 外匯管制規則及法規。

綜合財務報表附註

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT **OR LOSS**

16. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

Classification of financial assets at fair value through (i) profit or loss

The Group classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL):

- debt investments that do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or FVOCI;
- equity investments that are held for trading; and
- equity investments for which the Group has not elected to recognise fair value gains and losses through OCI.

Financial assets measured at FVPL include the following:

按公平值計入損益的金融資產 (i) 的分類

> 本集團將下列金融資產分類為 按公平值計入損益(按公平值 計入損益):

- 不合資格按攤銷成本或 按公平值計入其他全面 收益計量的債務投資;
- 持作交易的股本投資;
- 本集團並無選擇透過其 他全面收益確認公平值 收益及虧損的股本投資。

按公平值計入損益計量的金融 資產包括以下各項:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current assets非流動資產- Unlisted equity securities- 非上市股本證券- Private equity fund investments- 私募股權基金投資- Unlisted investment in AFTP- 於集合資金信託計的非上市投資	69,434 42,187 24,066	60,033 32,692 22,204
	135,687	114,929
Current assets流動資產– Wealth management products一理財產品	-	5,000

綜合財務報表附註

16. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

Classification of financial assets at fair value through (i) profit or loss (Continued)

Financial assets at FVPL are denominated in the following currencies:

16. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產 (續)

按公平值計入損益的金融資產 (i) 的分類(續)

按公平值計入損益計量的金融 資產以下列貨幣計值:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
– RMB	一人民幣	113,421	87,237
- US\$	一美元	22,266	32,692
		135,687	119,929

(ii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

During the year, the following gains/(losses) were recognised in profit or loss:

(ii) 於損益內確認的金額

年內,下列收益/(虧損)於 損益內確認:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fair value change on WMPs 理財產品公平值變動	6,627	11,872
Fair value change on private equity fund 私募股權基金投資 investments 公平值變動	(8,097)	14,678
Fair value change on unlisted investment 於集合資金信託 in AFTP 計劃的非上市		
投資公平值變動 Fair value change on unlisted equity 非上市股本證券	1,863	555
securities 公平值變動	9,401	36,945
Total (Note 27) 總計 (附註27)	9,794	64,050

(iii) Risk exposure and fair value measurements

Information about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair value has been set out in Note 3.3.

(iii) 風險承擔及公平值計量

有關釐定公平值時所用的方法 及假設的資料載於附註3.3。

綜合財務報表附註

17. SHARE CAPITAL

17. 股本

	2022	2021	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年	2022年	2021年
	Shares	Shares	US\$'000	US\$'000
	股份	股份	千美元	千美元
Authorised: 法定: Ordinary shares of 每股0.00001美元的 US\$0.00001 each 普通股 On 1 January 2021, 31 於2021年1月1日、 December 2021 and 2022 2021年及2022 12月31日	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	50	50

Issued and fully paid ordinary shares:

已發行及繳足普通股:

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值 US\$ 美元	Equivalent nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股 等額面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
On 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021 and 2022	於2021年1月1日、 2021年及2022			
	12月31日	1,046,900,000	10,469	68

18. SHARES HELD FOR RESTRICTED SHARE UNIT SCHEME

18. 就受限制股份單位計劃持有的股

份

2021	2022	2021
2021年	2022年	2021年
Shares	RMB'000	RMB'000
股份	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

		Shares 股份	Shares 股份	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Shares held for restricted share unit scheme of US\$0.00001 each	就受限制股份單位 計劃持有 每股0.00001美元 的股份	66,568,000	66,568,000	4	4

2022 2022年

綜合財務報表附註

19. OTHER RESERVES

19. 其他儲備

The following table shows the movements in other reserves during the year.

下表列示其他儲備於年內的變化。

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Merger reserve (Note a) 合併儲備 (附註a) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Statutory reserve (Note b) 法定儲備 (附註b) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Foreign currency translation reserve 外幣換算 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	602,750	(445)	176,066		675	779,046
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額				-	(9,200)	(9,200)
Appropriation to statutory	撥作法定儲備						
reserves		-	- =	35,513			35,513
Acquisition of non-controlling	收購非控股權益						
interests		_	-	-	(3,144)	-	(3,144)
Dividends paid (Note 31)	已付股息(附註31)	(243,529)	-	-	-	-	(243,529)
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	359,221	(445)	211,579	(3,144)	(8,525)	558,686
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	359,221	(445)	211,579	(3,144)	(8,525)	558,686
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	, -	-	· -	_	(3,138)	(3,138)
Appropriation to statutory	撥作法定儲備						, ,
reserves		-	-	51,974	-	-	51,974
Dividends paid (Note 31)	已付股息(附註31)	(224,563)	-	-	-	-	(224,563)
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	134,658	(445)	263,553	(3,144)	(11,663)	382,959

- The merger reserve represented the aggregate difference between the considerations paid and the carrying amounts of the assets acquired in the reorganisation as completed for the Listing.
- The Company's subsidiaries incorporated in mainland China are required to make appropriations to statutory reserves from their profit for the year after offsetting accumulated losses carried forward from prior years as determined under mainland China accounting regulations and before distribution to equity holders. The percentages to be appropriated to such statutory reserve are determined according to the relevant regulations in mainland China, and further appropriation is optional when the accumulated fund is 50% or more of the registered capital of the subsidiaries.
- (a) 合併儲備指已付代價與為上市 完成重組中所收購資產的賬面 值之間的總差額。
- (b) 本公司於中國內地註冊成立的 附屬公司須自年內溢利中,經 抵銷根據中國內地會計規例釐 定的過往年度結轉累計虧損後 以及於向股權持有人分派前, 提撥法定儲備。向法定儲備撥 款的百分比乃按照中國內地相 關規例釐定,而倘累計資金達 附屬公司註冊資本的50%或 以上,則可選擇是否作進一步 提撥。

綜合財務報表附註

20. RESTRICTED SHARE UNIT SCHEME

The Company adopted Restricted Share Unit (the "RSU") Scheme on 24 February 2016 with a duration of 10 years commencing from the adoption date. The objective of the RSU Scheme is to encourage and retain selected participants which include directors, employees, officers, and distributors of the Group, to work with the Group and to provide additional incentive for them to achieve performance goals.

Under the RSU Scheme, the Company repurchased 53,680,000 ordinary shares from JLJH YIHAI Ltd., one of the shareholders of the Company, at a total consideration of US\$638,108 (equivalent to RMB4,166,000) in 2016. The shares under the RSU Scheme have been changed to 77,220,000 after the capitalisation issue on 13 July 2016. These RSU shares have been held by Vistra Fiduciary (HK) Limited ("RSU Trustee") in trust for the benefit of the participants to the scheme and will be released to participants upon vesting of each RSU.

The maximum number of ordinary shares that may be awarded by the Board of Directors pursuant to the Share Award Scheme must not, on an aggregate basis, exceed 10% of the issued ordinary shares in the share capital of the Company as at 24 February 2016.

The fair value of Restricted Shares based on the market value of the Company's shares on the grant date is charged to profit or loss as employee benefit expenses of the Group.

The Group has granted an aggregate of 10,652,000 shares under the Share Award Scheme and all awarded shares were vested before the year of 2019. There were no new granted shares under the Share Award Scheme in 2021 and 2022, and the impact on profit or loss was nil during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

20. 受限制股份單位計劃

本公司於2016年2月24日採納受限 制股份單位(「受限制股份單位」) 計劃,自採納日期起計為期10年。 受限制股份單位計劃的目的為鼓勵 及留住特定參與者(包括本集團董 事、僱員、高級職員及經銷商)於 本集團工作,並為彼等提供額外獎 勵以實現業績目標。

根據受限制股份單位計劃,於2016 年,本公司自本公司其中一名股東 JLJH YIHAI Ltd.購回53,680,000 股普通股,總代價為638.108美元 (相等於人民幣4.166.000元)。於 2016年7月13日資本化發行後, 受限制股份單位計劃中的股份已變 更為77,220,000股。該等受限制 股份單位股份以信託方式由Vistra Fiduciary (HK) Limited (「受限制股 份單位受託人」) 就計劃參與者的利 益持有,並將於每個受限制股份單 位歸屬後發放予參與者。

董事會根據股份獎勵計劃可能獲得 的普通股數目上限合共不得超過本 公司股本於2016年2月24日已發行 普通股的10%。

按本公司股份於授出日期的市場價 值計算的受限制股份的公平值於本 集團損益內作為僱員福利開支扣除。

本集團根據股份獎勵計劃授出合共 10,652,000股股份, 所有獎勵股份 於2019年前已歸屬。於2021年及 2022年,概無股份獎勵計劃下的新 授出股份,截至2022年及2021年 12月31日止年度,對損益的影響為 零。

綜合財務報表附註

21. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables mainly arose from the purchase of materials. The credit terms of trade payables granted by the vendors are usually 30 to 90 days.

At 31 December 2022 and 2021, the ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

21. 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項主要源自購買材料。 賣方授出的貿易應付款項信貸期通 常為30至90天。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,基 於發票日期的貿易應付款項賬齡分 析如下:

As at 31 December 於12日31日

		//× 12/101 []	
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 3 months	3個月內	204 001	202 107
WILLIIII 3 IIIOIILIIS		394,221	292,197
3 to 6 months	3個月至6個月	1,599	1,737
6 months to 1 year	6個月至1年	434	326
Total	總計	396,254	294,260

22. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

22. 其他應付款項及應計費用

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	64,573	87,281
Wages, salaries and other	工資、薪金及其他僱員福利		
employee benefits		57,154	40,659
Suppliers' deposits	供應商按金	33,154	23,640
Payables for equipment	應付設備款項	22,754	28,208
Payables for legal and	應付法律及專業費用		
professional fees		9,699	3,766
Payables for labour	應付勞務外包費用	,,,,,,	, , , ,
outsourcing fee	76-11336 3231 — 247-3	5,675	2,954
Payables for storage fee	應付存儲費用	1,785	2,866
Payables for construction	應付工程款	1,549	4,371
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項(附註34(d))	1,010	1,07
(Note 34(d))		113	210
Others	其他	7,459	3,242
Total	總計	203,915	197,197

綜合財務報表附註

23. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

23. 合約負債

As at 31 December 於12月31日

			2022	2021
			2022年	2021年
			RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Advances from customers	預收客戶款項		102,785	108,466

Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities: (i)

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current reporting period relates to carriedforward contract liabilities.

就合約負債確認的收益: (i)

下表列示於本報告期確認的與 結轉合約負債有關的收益金 額。

Year ended 31 December

截至12月31日止年度		11日止年度
	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue recognised that was included 計入報告期初合約 in the contract liability balance at the 負債結餘的		
beginning of the reporting period 已確認收益	108,466	80,100

Management expects that the contract liabilities as of 31 December 2022 will be recognised as revenue during the next reporting period. The Group applied the practical expedient of not to disclose the transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied performance obligations as contracts term less than 12 months.

管理層預期於2022年12月31 日的合約負債將於下一報告期 確認為收入。由於合約期少於 12月,本集團採用實際可行 之方法不披露分配至未達成履 約責任的交易價格。

綜合財務報表附註

24. OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITY

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022, the Group received government grants amounting to RMB23,750,000 and RMB4,000,000, respectively, mainly for the construction of manufacturing plants. Such government grants were included in non-current liability as deferred income and were credited to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the related asset of 20-50 years. The amounts of deferred income not expected to be realised to profit or loss within the next twelve months from 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately RMB25,297,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: RMB22,563,000).

24. 其他非流動負債

截至2021年及2022年12月31日 止年度,本集團主要就建設生產 廠房分別收到政府補助人民幣 23,750,000元及人民幣4,000,000 元。該等政府補助列入非流動負債 作為遞延收入,並按有關資產的 20-50年預計使用年期以直線法計 入損益。於2022年12月31日,預 期不會自2022年12月31日起計未 來12個月內變現至損益的遞延收 入金額約為人民幣25,297,000元 (2021年:人民幣22,563,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

25. EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses included in cost of sales, distribution expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

25. 按性質劃分的開支

計入銷售成本、經銷開支及行政開 支的開支分析如下:

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Changes in inventories of	製成品存貨變動		
finished goods		(6,409)	24,305
Raw materials and consumables used	已使用原材料及耗材	3,801,383	3,570,057
Employee benefit expenses (Note 26)	僱員褔利開支(附註26)	545,352	521,595
Transportation and related charges	運輸及相關支出	211,013	199,568
Advertising and other marketing	廣告及其他營銷開支		
expenses		135,783	224,145
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 7)	(附註7)	118,073	82,098
Utilities	公共事業	71,424	52,473
Warehouse expenses	倉儲費用	54,636	60,088
Taxes and surcharges	税項及附加費	40,786	38,095
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊(附註8)		
(Note 8)		40,777	34,881
Travel and entertainment expenses	差旅及招待費	29,464	32,190
Technical supporting fees, professional	技術支援費用、專業費用		
fees and other services fees	及其他服務費用	24,350	25,169
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支		
(Note 8)	(附註8)	13,735	16,486
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷(附註6)		
(Note 6)		6,735	6,221
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		
 Audit services 	-審計服務	3,330	3,260
 Non-audit services 	-非審計服務	837	680
(Reversal of)/provision for impairment	金融資產的減值		
on financial assets (Note 3.1(b))	(撥回)/撥備		
	(附註3.1(b))	(25)	249
Write-off of obsolete inventories	存貨報廢	2,533	8,180
Other expenses	其他開支	73,736	63,513
Total	總計	5,167,513	4,963,253

綜合財務報表附註

26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

26. 僱員福利費用

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Wages, salaries and bonuses	工資、薪金及花紅	500,817	487,019
wages, salaries and boriuses		500,617	407,019
Contributions to pension plans (a)	退休金計劃的供款(a)	22,875	16,528
Other benefits	其他福利	21,660	18,048
Total	總計	545,352	521,595

Contributions to pension plans

Employees of the Group companies in the PRC are required to participate in a defined contribution retirement scheme administered and operated by the local municipal government. The Group contributes funds which are calculated on fixed percentage of the employees' salary (subject to a floor and cap) as set by local municipal governments to each scheme locally to fund the retirement benefits of the employees. During the year ended 31 December 2022, no forfeited contributions were utilised by the Group to reduce its contributions for the current year (2021: Nil)

(a) 退休金計劃供款

本集團中國公司的僱員須參加 由當地市政府管理及運作的界 定供款退休計劃。本集團按當 地市政府設定的僱員薪金的 固定比率(受下限及上限所規 限)向當地各計劃供款,為僱 員的退休福利提供資金。截 至2022年12月31日止年度, 本集團概無使用已沒收供款以 減低其於本年度的供款(2021 年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

26. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 include 3 (Year ended 31 December 2021: 5) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 36. The emoluments payable to the remaining 2 individuals (Year ended 31 December 2021: Nil) during the year are as follows:

26. 僱員福利費用(續)

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

本集團截至2022年12月31日 止年度的五名最高薪酬人士包 括3名董事(截至2021年12月 31日止年度:5名),其酬金 於附註36所示的分析反映。 年內應付其餘2名人士(截至 2021年12月31日止年度: 零)的酬金如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB' 000 人民幣千元
Wages, salaries and bonuses Contributions to pension plans Other benefits	工資、薪金及花紅 退休金計劃供款 其他福利	5,650 93 119	- - -
Total	總計	5,862	_

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金介於以下範圍:

		2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Emolument bands:	酬金範圍:		
HKD3,000,001 to HKD3,500,000	3,000,001港元至		
	3,500,000港元	1	_
HKD3,500,001 to HKD4,000,000	3,500,001港元至		
	4,000,000港元	1	_

綜合財務報表附註

27. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS - NET

27. 其他收入及收益淨額

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Government grants Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through	政府補助 按公平值計入損益的金融資產 的公平值變動(附註16(ii))	83,704	113,939
profit or loss (Note 16(ii))		9,794	64,050
Sales of scrap materials	廢料銷售	9,896	10,228
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	處置物業、廠房及設備 的虧損	(6,679)	(3,069)
Losses on disposal of	處置無形資產的虧損	(0,019)	(5,009)
intangible assets		(100)	<u> </u>
Donation	捐贈	(532)	(6,140)
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)	外匯收益/(虧損)淨額	36,462	(18,810)
Others	其他	5,669	7,469
Total other income and gains - net	其他收入及收益淨額總額	138,214	167,667

Government grant is mainly from tax refund for growing local economic development and amortization of deferred income from assets-related government grants. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these grants. The Group did not benefit directly from any other forms of government assistance.

政府補助主要來自用於提升地方經 濟開發的退税及來自資產相關政府 補助遞延收入的攤銷。概無有關該 等補助的未履行情況或其他或然情 况。本集團並無直接受惠於任何其 他形式的政府資助。

28. FINANCE INCOME - NET

28. 融資收入淨額

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Finance income	融資收入		
 Interest income 	- 利息收入	30,291	28,605
Finance costs	融資成本		
- Interest on lease liabilities	- 租賃負債利息		
(Note 8(ii))	(附註8(ii))	(5,856)	(5,475)
Finance income – net	融資收入淨額	24,435	23,130

綜合財務報表附註

29. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

29. 所得税開支

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current income tax 即期所得税	321,366	328,972
Deferred income tax expense/(credit) 遞延所得税開支 / (抵免)		
(Note 10) (附註10)	4,795	(16,370)
Income tax expense 所得税開支	326,161	312,602

Cayman Islands income tax

The Company was incorporated in Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands and, accordingly, is exempted from payment of local income tax.

(b) Hong Kong profits tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the Group's estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 16.5%).

(c) Overseas income tax

The Company's subsidiaries incorporated overseas are subject to overseas profits tax at 10% to 30% on estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 10% to 27%).

Mainland China Corporate Income Tax ("CIT")

The income tax provision of the Group in respect of operations in mainland China has been calculated at the tax rate of 25% on the estimated assessable profits for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

開曼群島所得税 (a)

本公司根據開曼群島公司法於 開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有 限公司,故獲豁免繳納當地所 得税。

(b) 香港利得税

截至2022年12月31日止年 度,本集團已就估計應課税溢 利按16.5%的税率撥備香港利 得税(2021年:16.5%)。

(c) 海外所得税

截至2022年12月31日止年 度,本公司在海外註冊成立的 附屬公司須就估計應課税溢利 按10%至30%的税率繳納海 外利得税(2021年:10%至 27%)。

中國內地企業所得税(「企業所 (d) 得税」)

本集團已根據現行法例、詮釋 及有關慣例於截至2022年及 2021年12月31日止年度就估 計應課税溢利按25%的税率 計算其中國內地業務的所得税 撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

29. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Mainland China withholding tax ("WHT")

According to the applicable mainland China tax regulations, dividends distributed by a company established in mainland China to a foreign investor with respect to profit derived after 1 January 2008 are generally subject to WHT at the rate of 10%. If a foreign investor incorporated in Hong Kong meets the conditions and requirements under the double taxation treaty arrangement entered into between mainland China and Hong Kong, the relevant withholding tax rate will be 5%.

In anticipation of distributing a proportion of the profit earned for the year ended 31 December 2022 by one of the Company's mainland China subsidiaries to its overseas shareholder, also a subsidiary of the Company, a deferred income tax liability of RMB37,000,000 (2021: RMB20,000,000) was recognised in these consolidated financial statements.

Deferred income tax liabilities of RMB152,534,000 (2021: RMB152,534,000) have not been recognised in these consolidated financial statements as the withholding tax that would be payable on the distributable retained earnings of the Company's subsidiaries in mainland China. Such amounts totaling RMB3,050,678,000 (2021: RMB3,050,678,000) are not currently intended to be distributed to the subsidiaries incorporated overseas in the foreseeable future.

29. 所得税開支(續)

(e) 中國內地預扣税(「預扣税」)

根據適用的中國內地税務法 規,於中國內地成立的公司就 2008年1月1日之後賺取的溢 利向境外投資者分派股息一般 須按10%税率繳納預扣税。 倘若境外投資者於香港註冊成 立,並符合中國內地與香港訂 立的雙邊稅務安排項下的條件 及規定,則相關預扣税税率將 為5%。

預計將截至2022年12月31日 止年度本公司其中一家中國內 地附屬公司賺取的部分溢利分 配予其境外股東(亦為本公司 的附屬公司),已於該等綜合 財務報表確認遞延所得税負 債人民幣37,000,000元(2021 年:人民幣20,000,000元)。

本集團並未於該等綜合財務 報表將遞延所得税負債人 民幣152,534,000元(2021 年:人民幣152,534,000元) 確認為本公司中國內地附屬 公司產生的可分派保留盈利 而可能需支付的預扣税。該 等保留盈利合共為人民幣 3.050.678.000元(2021年: 人民幣3,050,678,000元),目 前並無計劃在可見將來分配予 在海外註冊成立的附屬公司。

綜合財務報表附註

29. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Mainland China withholding tax ("WHT") (Continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective countries are as follows:

29. 所得税開支(續)

中國內地預扣税(「預扣税」) (e) (續)

對本集團除所得稅前溢利所徵稅款 與按有關國家適用於溢利的國內稅 率產生的理論稅款的差額如下:

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before income tax Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the	除所得税前溢利 按有關國家適用於溢利的 國內税率計算的税項	1,142,147	1,170,161
respective countries	不可扣税開支	279,706	293,888
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not subject to tax Reversal of over-provision of withholding tax in the prior year (i) Withholding taxation on the distribution of profits of a mainland China subsidiary to	毋須課税收入 過往年度預扣税超額 撥備撥回(i) 年內中國內地附屬公司 向境外附屬公司所 分派溢利的預扣税	5,275 (109) -	3,349 (29) (10,000)
an overseas subsidiary during the year Tax losses for which no deferred income tax assets was recognised	尚未確認遞延所得税 資產的税項虧損	37,000 4,289	20,000 5,394
Taxation charge		326,161	312,602

- As at 31 December 2020, one of the Company's mainland China subsidiary (the "mainland China company") recognized a deferred income tax liability of RMB20,000,000 with intended distribution of profit to its Hong Kong shareholder ("HK company", also a subsidiary of the Company) amounting to RMB200,000,000 at 10% withholding tax rate. During the year 2021, the HK company completed its tax filing to meet the conditions and requirements under the double taxation treaty arrangement, which leads to a change of applicable withholding tax rate to 5%. Therefore, the mainland China company eventually paid RMB10,000,000 withholding tax and the over-provision of withholding tax of RMB10,000,000 was reversed during this year.
- (i) 於2020年12月31日,本公司其 中一家中國內地附屬公司(「中國 內地公司」)確認遞延所得税負 債人民幣20,000,000元,向其香 港股東(「香港公司」, 亦為本公 司附屬公司)的擬分配利潤為人 民幣200,000,000元,預扣税率 為10%。於2021年,香港公司 完成税務申報,以符合雙重徵税 協定的條件及規定,從而導致適 用預扣税率變更為5%。因此, 中國內地公司最終支付人民幣 10,000,000元的預扣税及撥回預 扣税超額撥備人民幣10,000,000 元。

綜合財務報表附註

30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share a.

Basic earnings per share for each of the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are calculated by dividing the profit of the Group attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue less shares held for restricted share unit scheme during the year.

30. 每股盈利

每股基本盈利 a.

截至2022年及2021年12月31 日止年度各年的每股基本盈利 乃按本公司擁有人應佔本集團 溢利除以已發行普通股加權平 均數與年內根據受限制股份單 位計劃所持股份數目之差額計 算。

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Profit attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔溢利		
Company (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	741,987	766,201
Weighted average number of	已發行普通股的加權平均		
ordinary shares in issue less	數減去就受限制股份		
shares held for RSU Scheme	單位計劃持有的股份		
(thousands)	(千股)	980,332	980,332
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利(人民幣分)		
(RMB cents)		75.7	78.2

b. Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings per share is same as the basic earnings per share since the Group dose not have any potential dilutive ordinary share in issue as of 31 December 2022 and 2021.

每股攤薄盈利 b.

每股攤薄盈利透過調整發行在 外普通股的加權平均數以假設 轉換所有潛在攤薄普通股而計 算。

由於本集團於2022年及2021 年12月31日並無任何潛在攤 薄已發行普通股, 故每股攤薄 盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

綜合財務報表附註

31. DIVIDENDS

(i) **Ordinary shares**

The total dividends paid in 2022 amounted to RMB224,563,000 or RMB21.9563 cents per share (2021: RMB243,529,000 or RMB25.003 cents per share) (which are net of the dividend of RMB15,374,000 (2021: RMB16,643,000) attributable to the shares held for the RSU Scheme).

Dividends declared but not recognised at the end of the (ii) reporting period

Pursuant to resolution passed on 30 March 2023, the Board of Directors of proposed a final dividend of RMB17.72 cents per ordinary share of the Company, amounting to RMB185,511,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022 from the Company's share premium and retained earnings. The final dividend is to be proposed for approval by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting to be held on 18 May 2023. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these consolidated financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation from the share premium and retained earnings for the year ending 31 December 2023.

31. 股息

(i) 普通股

於2022年已付股息總額為人 民幣224,563,000元或每股人 民幣21.9563分(2021年:人 民幣243,529,000元或每股人 民幣25.003分)(已扣除為受 限制股份計劃持有的股份應 佔股息人民幣15,374,000元 (2021年:人民幣16,643,000 元))。

於報告期末已宣派但未確認的 (ii)

根據於2023年3月30日通過 的決議案,董事會建議以本公 司的股份溢價及保留盈利派付 截至2022年12月31日止年度 末期股息每股本公司普通股人 民幣17.72分,金額為人民幣 185,511,000元。末期股息將 於2023年5月18日舉行的股東 週年大會上提呈本公司股東批 准。建議派發的股息不會於該 等綜合財務報表中反映為應付 股息,而是於截至2023年12 月31日止年度反映為股份溢 價及保留盈利撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

32. THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS **INFORMATION:**

32. 綜合現金流量表資料:

(a) Cash generated from operations:

(a) 經營所得現金:

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before income tax Adjustments for:	除所得税前溢利 就以下各項作出調整:	1,142,147	1,170,161
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 7)	(附註7)	118,073	82,098
Depreciation of right-of-use	使用權資產折舊(附註8)		
assets (Note 8)	無形次玄掛紗 / M→ c \	40,777	34,881
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 6)	無形資產攤銷(附註6)	6,735	6,221
Amortization of deferred income	來自政府補助的遞延	0,700	0,221
from government grant	收入的攤銷	(1,266)	(1,187)
Write-off of obsolete inventories	存貨報廢(附註11)		
(Note 11)	去 空 ⁴ 一	2,533	8,180
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 27)	處置物業、廠房及設備 的虧損(附註27)	6,679	3,069
Losses on disposal of intangible	處置無形資產的虧損	0,010	0,000
assets (Note 27)	(附註27)	100	-
Change in fair value of financial	按公平值計入損益的		
assets at fair value through profit	金融資產公平值	(0.704)	(0.4.050)
or loss (Note 27) Finance income – net (Note 28)	變動(附註27) 融資收入淨額(附註28)	(9,794) (24,435)	(64,050) (23,130)
(Reversal of)/provision for	金融資產的減值	(24,400)	(23, 130)
impairment on financial assets	(撥回)/撥備(附註25)		
(Note 25)		(25)	249
Losses on disposal of	處置使用權資產的虧損		
right-of-use assets Net foreign exchange losses	匯兑收入淨額(附註27)	506	_
(Note 27)	医无状八进银(附趾21)	(36,462)	18,810
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:	(55, 152)	. 5,5 . 5
- Inventories	- 存貨	5,263	2,573
- Trade receivables, other financial	- 貿易應收款項、按攤銷		
assets at amortised cost and othe current assets	r 成本計量的其他金融 資產及其他流動資產	193,643	(115,964)
Trade payables, other payables	- 貿易應付款項、其他	190,040	(113,904)
and accruals and contract	應付款項及應計費用		
liabilities	以及合約負債	96,528	36,410
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	1,541,002	1,158,321

綜合財務報表附註

32. THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

INFORMATION: (Continued)

(b) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

32. 綜合現金流量表資料:(續)

(b) 處置物業、廠房及設備所得款 項包括:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net book amount – property, plant and equipment (Note 7) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 27)	賬面淨值 - 物業、 廠房及設備(附註7) 處置物業、廠房及 設備的虧損(附註27)	8,615 (6,679)	4,791 (3,069)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	處置物業、廠房及 設備所得款項	1,936	1,722

(c) Major non-cash transactions

Other than the additions to right-of-use assets as described in Note 8, there were no other material non-cash transactions during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(d) Net cash

This section sets out an analysis of net cash and the movements in net cash for each of the periods presented.

(c) 主要非現金交易

除附註8所述的添置使用權資 產外,於截至2022年及2021 年12月31日止年度概無其他 重大非現金交易。

(d) 現金淨額

這部分列示了所呈列各期的現 金淨額分析及現金淨額變動。

綜合財務報表附註

32. THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

32. 綜合現金流量表資料: (續)

INFORMATION: (Continued)

(d) Net cash (Continued)

(d) 現金淨額(續)

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		7000111 1 78	7(101) 170
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,880,531	1,573,621
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(114,307)	(141,391)
Net cash	現金淨額	1,766,224	1,432,230
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,880,531	1,573,621
Gross debt – fixed interest rates	總債務 - 固定利率	(114,307)	(141,391)
	TO A 100 day		
Net cash	現金淨額 	1,766,224	1,432,230

As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	1,880,531	(114,307)	1,766,224
Foreign exchange adjustments	外匯調整	24,764		24,764
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	-	(5,856)	(5,856)
Termination – leases liabilities	終止一租賃負債	-	8,756	8,756
Addition – leases liabilities	新增-租賃負債	_	(7,899)	(7,899)
Cash flows	現金流	282,146	32,083	314,229
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	1,573,621	(141,391)	1,432,230
Foreign exchange adjustments	外匯調整	(21,715)	_	(21,715)
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	_	(5,475)	(5,475)
Addition – leases liabilities	新增-租賃負債	_	(108,309)	(108,309)
Cash flows	現金流	(391,593)	46,029	(345,564)
As at 1 January 2021		1,986,929	(73,636)	1,913,293
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		現金等價物	租賃負債	合計
		現金及	融資活動負債-	
		equivalents	liabilities	Total
		cash	Leases	
		Cash and	activities-	
			financing	
			from	
			Liabilities	

綜合財務報表附註

33. COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments

Significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities is as follow:

33. 承擔

資本承擔

報告期末已訂約但尚未確認為負債 的重大資本開支如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

# · · · · ·		
2022		2021
2022年		2021年
RMB'000		RMB'000
人民幣千元	,	人民幣千元
266,856		722,114

Property, plant and equipment

物業、廠房及設備

In July 2021, the Group entered into a limited partnership agreement with Yunfeng Fund IV with a total investment commitment of US\$5 million. As of 31 December 2022, the Group has paid a capital investment of US\$2.1 million, with a balance of US\$2.9 million (equivalent to approximately RMB20 million) remaining outstanding. As of 31 December 2021, the remaining balance of the investment commitment was US\$3.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB20 million).

In August 2022, the Group entered into a limited partnership agreement with Huarun runxiang with a total investment commitment of RMB60 million. As of 31 December 2022 the Group has paid a capital investment of RMB24 million, with a balance of RMB36 million remaining outstanding.

於2021年7月,本集團與雲鋒基金 IV訂立一份有限合夥協議,總投資 承擔5百萬美元。於2022年12月31 日,本集團支付資本投資2.1百萬美 元,仍有尚未償還結餘2.9百萬美 元(相當於約人民幣20百萬元)。於 2021年12月31日,投資承擔結餘 為3.0百萬美元(相當於約人民幣20 百萬元)。

於2022年8月,本集團與華潤潤湘 基金訂立一份有限合夥協議,總投 資承擔人民幣60百萬元。於2022年 12月31日,本集團支付資本投資人 民幣24百萬元,仍有尚未償還結餘 人民幣36百萬元。

綜合財務報表附註

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Members of key management and their close family member of the Group are also considered as related parties.

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group has the following related party transactions, and they were carried out in the ordinary course of the Group's business and were determined based on mutually agreed terms.

Name and relationship with related parties:

34. 關聯方交易

如一方有能力直接或間接控制另一 方或對另一方作出財務及經營決策 行使重大影響力,則各方被視為有 關聯。如彼等受共同控制,各方亦 被視為有關聯。本集團主要管理層 成員及其近親亦被視為關聯方。

除該等綜合財務報表其他部分所披 露者外,本集團有以下關聯方交 易,該等交易於本集團日常業務過 程中進行且基於相互協定的條款釐

關聯方名稱及與關聯方的關係:

Names of the related parties

關聯方名稱

Haidilao International Holding Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("Haidilao Group")

海底撈國際控股有限公司及其附屬公司(「海底撈集團」)

Shuhai (Beijing) Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("Shuhai Group")

蜀海(北京)供應鏈管理有限責任公司及其附屬公司(「蜀海集團」) Sichuan Haidilao Catering Co., Ltd. ("Sichuan Haidilao")

四川海底撈餐飲股份有限公司(「四川海底撈」) SUPER HI INTERNATIONAL HOLDING LTD.

特海國際控股有限公司

Nature of relationship

關係性質

Companies beneficially owned by the ultimate shareholders

由最終股東實益擁有的公司

(a) Transactions with related parties

與關聯方的交易

		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Sales of goods to related parties	向關聯方銷售商品		
(Note 5)	(附註5)	1,489,651	1,935,018
Purchase of goods from related parties	向關聯方採購商品	11,942	13,749

綜合財務報表附註

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

34. 關聯方交易(續)

(b) Warehouse and rental expenses

(b) 倉庫及租賃開支

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	₩ 王 IZ/10	1日正十及
	2022	2021
	2022年	2021年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Warehouse expenses 倉庫開支	_	840
	_	040
Rental expenses 租賃開支	1,070	2,995

(c) Key management compensation

(c) 主要管理人員薪酬

		m = 1 = 7.10 · H = 1 / 12	
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	- 'A' - # A D + H / T	4.7.400	47.040
Wages, salaries and bonuses	工資、薪金及花紅	15,426	17,846
Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃的供款	292	245
Other benefits	其他福利	169	195
Total	總計	15,887	18,286

綜合財務報表附註

34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

34. 關聯方交易(續)

(d) Year-end balances with related parties were as follows:

(d) 與關聯方的年末結餘如下:

As at 31 December

Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	149,652	216,229
Assets	資產		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元_
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		2022	2021
		於12月31	H

As at 31 December

於12日31日

		112	7311
		2022	2021
		2022年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Liabilities	負債		
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	2,630	843
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及		
	應計費用	113	210
Contract liabilities	合約負債	48	-
		2,791	1,053

All the balances except for accounts receivables (Note 13) and accounts payables are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(e) 免費商標許可協議

(e) Free trademark license agreement

On 1 December 2015, the Group entered into two trademark license agreements with Sichuan Haidilao in respect of certain trademarks which had been registered by the name of Sichuan Haidilao in mainland China and certain trademarks which are in the process of registration by Sichuan Haidilao in mainland China (collectively, the "Trademark License Agreements"), pursuant to which Sichuan Haidilao agreed to license such trademarks for the Group to use in connection with the Group's operations on an exclusive and royaltyfree basis for a perpetual term commencing from 1 January 2007 to the extent permissible under the Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEx"), relevant laws and regulations.

於2015年12月1日,本集團 與四川海底撈就四川海底撈已 在中國內地以四川海底撈名義 註冊的若干商標和正在中國內 地辦理註冊的若干商標訂立兩 份商標許可協議(統稱「商標 許可協議」),據此,四川海底 撈同意按獨家及免特許權使用 費基準許可本集團在香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「香港聯交 所」)上市規則及相關法律法規 允許的情況下就其業務營運永 久使用該等商標,自2007年1 月1日開始。

除應收賬款(附註13)及應付

賬款外的所有結餘均屬於無抵

押、免息且無固定償還期。

綜合財務報表附註

35. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE 35. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動 COMPANY

Balance sheet of the Company

本公司資產負債表

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Assets Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資	1,198,319	1,198,319
Current assets Dividends receivable Other financial assets at amortised cost (a)	流動資產 應收股息 按攤銷成本計量的其他 金融資產(a)	341,816 584,965	170,000 240,101
Cash and cash equivalents Total current assets	現金及現金等價物 流動資產總值	18,383 945,164	30,067 440,168
Total assets	資產總值	2,143,483	1,638,487
Equity Equity attributable to owners of the Company	權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益		
Share capital Share held for restricted share	股本 受限制股份單位計劃持有的股份	68	68
unit scheme (Note 18) Reserves (b)	(附註18) 儲備(b)	(4) 1,503,241	(4) 1,558,281
Total equity	權益總額	1,503,305	1,558,345
Liabilities Current liabilities Other payables	負債 流動負債 其他應付款項	640,178	80,142
Total liabilities	負債總額	640,178	80,142
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	2,143,483	1,638,487

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 30 March 2023 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司資產負債表已於2023年3月 30日獲本公司董事會批准,並已代 其簽署。

GUO QIANG

郭強 Director 董事

SUN SHENGFENG

孫勝峰 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註

35. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

35. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動 (續)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (a)

Other financial assets at amortised cost of the Company primarily represent the amounts due from subsidiaries which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產 (a)

本公司的按攤銷成本計量的其 他金融資產主要指應收附屬公 司款項,該等款項為無抵押、 免息及須按要求償還。

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備變動

As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	73,590	1,130,000	299,651	1,503,241
Dividends paid	已付股息	(239,937)	_		(239,937)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	184,897	184,897
As at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	313,527	1,130,000	114,754	1,558,281
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	313,527	1,130,000	114,754	1,558,281
Dividends paid	已付股息	(260,172)	_	-	(260,172)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	_	155,604	155,604
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	573,699	1,130,000	(40,850)	1,662,849
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		股份溢價	資本儲備	保留盈利	總計
				(累計虧損)/	
		premium	reserve	earnings	Total
		Share	Capital	retained	
				losses)/	
				(Accumulated	

綜合財務報表附註

36. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

36. 董事利益及權益

(a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments

(a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金

The remuneration of each director and chief executives for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out below:

各董事及主要行政人員截至 2022年12月31日止年度的酬 金如下:

Name	姓名	Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salary and other benefits 薪資及其他福利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonuses (i) 酌情花紅(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Sean Shi (Chairman) (ii)	施永宏先生(主席)(ii)	_	238	_	61	299
Mr. Guo Qiang	郭強先生	_	6,049	_	53	6,102
Mr. Sun Shengfeng	孫勝峰先生	-	3,264	-	55	3,319
Ms. Shu Ping	舒萍女士	-	1,788	-	61	1,849
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai	趙曉凱先生	-	4,256	-	62	4,318
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Zhang Yong	張勇先生	-	-		_	_
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
directors						
Mr. Yau Ka Chi	邱家賜先生	342	-	-	-	342
Mr. Qian Mingxing	錢明星先生	342	-	-	_	342
Ms. Ye Shujun	葉蜀君女士	342	_	_	-	342
Total	總計	1,026	15,595	_	292	16,913

綜合財務報表附註

36. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

36. 董事利益及權益(續)

(a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments (Continued)

(a) 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續)

The remuneration of each director and chief executives for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

各董事及主要行政人員截至 2021年12月31日止年度的酬 金如下:

Name	姓名	Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salary and other benefits 薪資及其他福利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonuses (i) 酌情花紅(i) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors	—————————————————————————————————————	,				
Mr. Sean Shi (Chairman)	施永宏先生 <i>(主席)</i>	_	2,282		59	2,341
Mr. Guo Qiang	郭強先生	_	5,105	_	30	5,135
Mr. Sun Shengfeng	孫勝峰先生	_	3,200	443	48	3,691
Ms. Shu Ping	舒萍女士		1,156	=	59	1,215
Mr. Zhao Xiaokai	趙曉凱先生	_	4,200	1,655	49	5,904
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Zhang Yong	張勇先生	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Yau Ka Chi	邱家賜先生	332	_	_	_	332
Mr. Qian Mingxing	錢明星先生	332	-	_	_	332
Ms. Ye Shujun	葉蜀君女士	332	_		-	332
Total	總計	996	15,943	2,098	245	19,282

- Discretionary bonuses paid for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 represent the amounts in connection with the performance bonuses for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- During the year ended 31 December 2022, Mr. Sean Shi waived emoluments of RMB3 million. No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office as director.
- 截至2022年及2021年 12月31日止年度支付 的酌情花紅分別指截至 2022年及2021年12月 31日止年度表現花紅相 關金額。
- (ii) 於截至2022年12月31日 止年度,施永宏先生放 棄人民幣3百萬元的酬 金。本集團並無向本公 司任何董事支付任何酬 金,作為彼等加入本集 團時或加入本集團後的 獎勵或作為失去董事職 位的補償。

綜合財務報表附註

36. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(b) Directors' retirement benefits

No retirement benefits were paid to or receivable by any directors in respect of their other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking.

(c) Directors' termination benefits

No payment was made to directors as compensation for the early termination of the appointment during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

(d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' service

No payment was made to the former employer of directors for making available the services of them as a director of the Company.

(e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Directors' material interests in transactions, (f) arrangements or contracts

Save for the transactions with related parties as disclosed in Note 34, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of or at any time during the vears ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

36. 董事利益及權益(續)

(b) 董事的退休福利

概無董事就彼等有關本公司或 其附屬公司事務管理的其他服 務而收取或應收取任何退休福 利。

(c) 董事的離職福利

截至2022年及2021年12月31 日止年度,本公司並無就提前 終止任期向董事作出任何付款 作為補償。

(d) 就董事提供董事服務向第三方 支付的代價

本公司並無就董事提供董事服 務而向其前任僱主作出任何付 款。

(e) 有關以董事、有關董事的受控 制法人團體及關聯實體為受益 人的貸款、準貸款及其他交易 的資料

> 截至2022年及2021年12月31 日止年度,概無以董事、有關 董事的受控制法人團體及關聯 實體為受益人的貸款、準貸款 及其他交易。

董事於交易、安排或合約中的 (f) 重大權益

除附註34所披露的關聯方交 易外,截至2022年及2021年 12月31日止年度結束時或於 該年內任何時間, 概無本公司 參與訂立且本公司董事於其中 擁有重大權益(無論是直接或 間接)的與本集團業務有關的 任何重大交易、安排及合約存

37. 或然負債

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本 集團並無任何重大或然負債。

